



(Revolution) ACT/ACTs/ACT EL/Star/Star ES

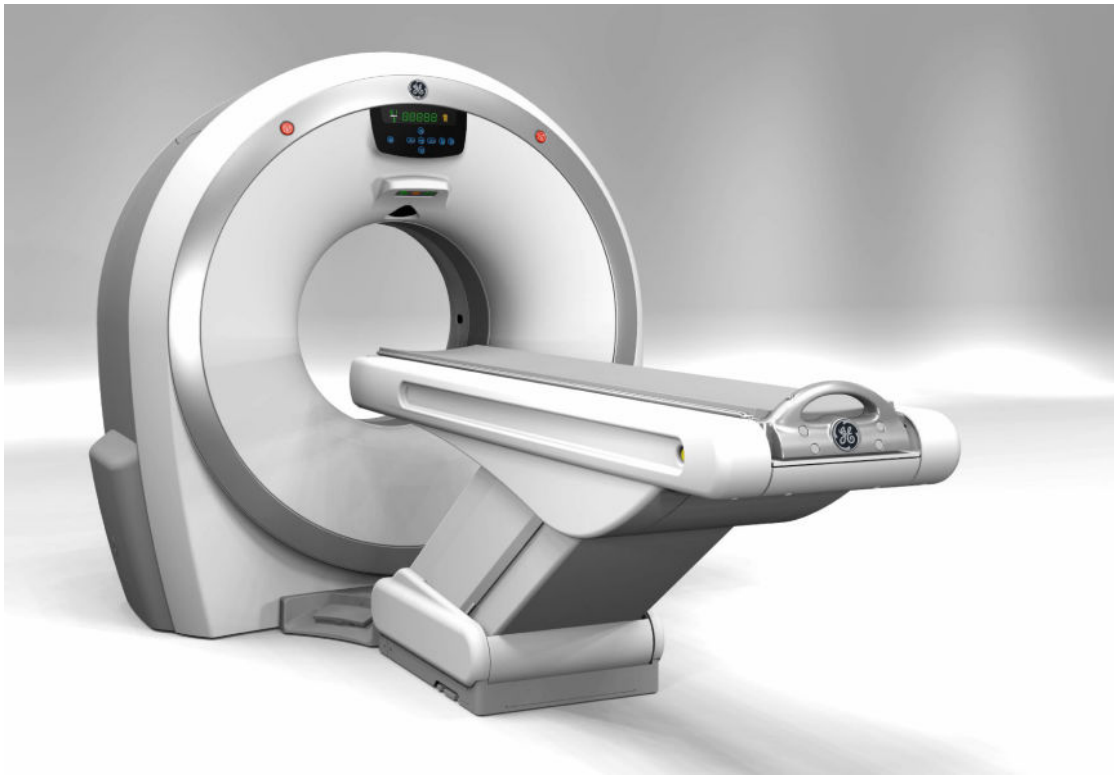
Pre-Installation

5487127-1EN
Revision 12
US English

Effectivity:

The information in this manual applies to the following GE Healthcare CT Scanners:

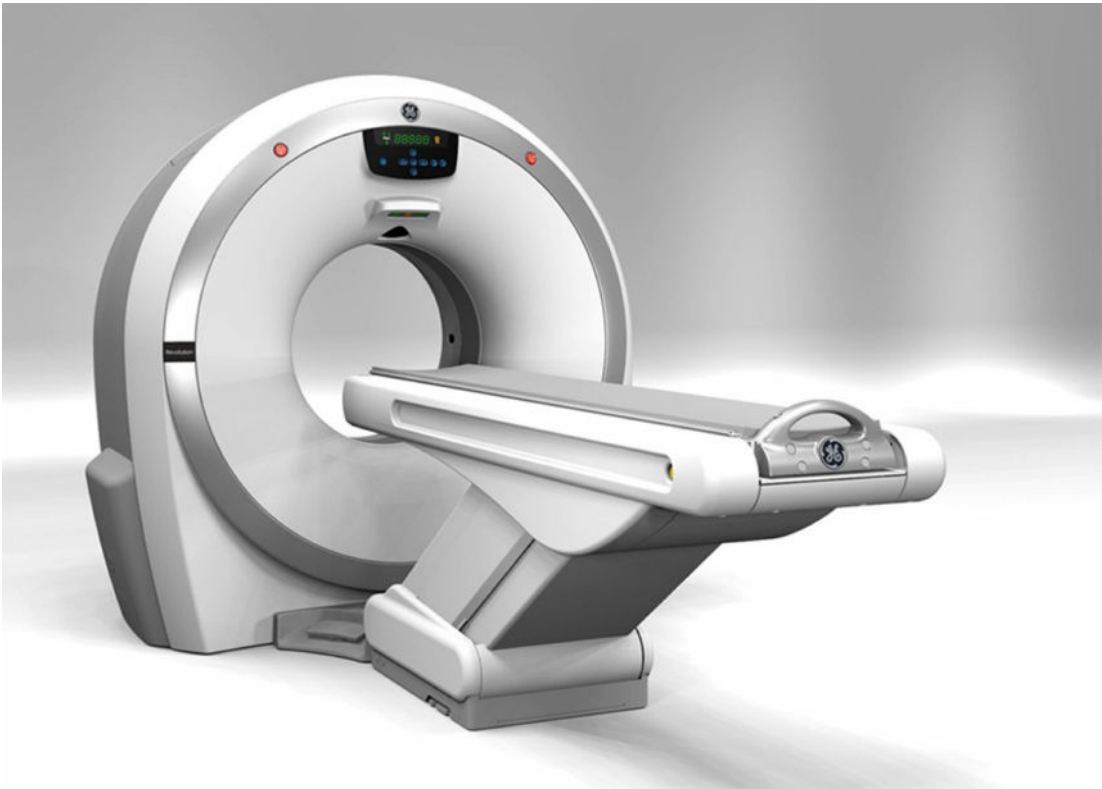
- ACT with Up/Down Table



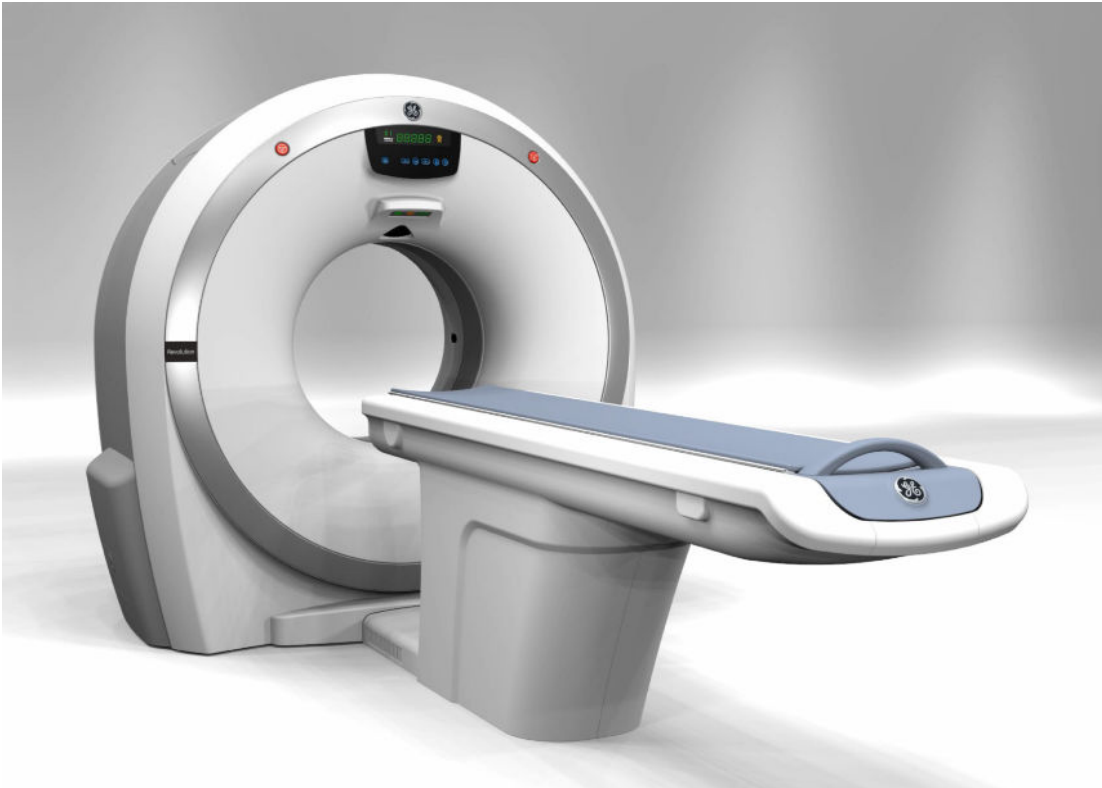
- ACTs with Fixed Height Table



- Revolution ACT with Up/Down Table (Global)
Revolution ACT EL with Up/Down Table (China only)



- Revolution ACTs with Fixed Height Table and 16 Slice Detector (China only)



- Revolution Star with Up/Down Table (China Only)



- Revolution Star ES with Fixed Height Table (China only)



The information in this manual does NOT apply to non-fixed (mobile) installations.

Language Policy

DOC0371395 - Global Language Procedure

ПРЕДУПРЕЖ ДЕНИЕ (BG)	Това ръководство е налично само на китайски (ZH-CN), английски, френски, немски, японски, корейски, полски, португалски (PT-BR), руски, испански и виетнамски. Ако доставчикът на услуги на даден клиент изисква език, който е различен от тези езици, отговорност на клиента е да предостави преводачески услуги.
警告 (ZH-CN)	本手册仅提供中文 (ZH-CN)、英文、法语、德语、意大利语、日语、韩语、波兰语、葡萄牙语 (PT-BR)、俄语、西班牙语和越南语版本。如果客户的服务提供商需要其他语言，则客户有责任提供翻译服务。
警告 (ZH-HK)	本手冊僅提供中文 (ZH-CN)、英文、法文、德文、意大利文、日文、韓文、波蘭文、葡萄牙文 (PT-BR)、俄文、西班牙文及越南文版本。如客戶的服務供應商需要這些語言以外的版本，則相關客戶有責任提供有關的翻譯服務。
警告 (ZH-TW)	此手冊僅提供中文 (ZH-CN)、英文、法文、德文、義大利文、日文、韓文、波蘭文、葡萄牙文 (PT-BR)、俄文、西班牙文和越南文版本。假如客戶的服務提供者所需語言版本不在所列語言之中，客戶需自行負責提供翻譯服務。
UPOZORENJE (HR)	Ovaj je priručnik dostupan samo na kineskom (ZH-CN), engleskom, francuskom, njemačkom, talijanskom, japanskom, korejskom, poljskom, portugalskom (PT-BR), ruskom, španjolskom i vijetnamskom jeziku. Ako klijentov serviser zahtijeva jezik koji nije jedan od tih jezika, odgovornost je klijenta pružiti uslugu prevođenja.
VÝSTRAHA (CS)	Tato příručka je k dispozici pouze v čínštině (ZH-CN), angličtině, francouzštině, němčině, italštině, japonštině, korejštině, polštině, portugalštině (PT-BR), ruštině, španělštině a vietnamštině. Pokud poskytovatel služeb zákazníka vyžaduje jiný jazyk než tyto jazyky, je odpovědností zákazníka poskytovat překladatelské služby.
ADVARSEL (DA)	Denne vejledning findes kun på kinesisk (ZH-CN), engelsk, fransk, tysk, italiensk, japansk, koreansk, polsk, portugisisk (PT-BR), russisk, spansk og vietnamesisk. Hvis en kundes tjenesteudbyder kræver et andet sprog end disse sprog, er det kundens ansvar at levere oversættelsestjenester.
WAARSCHUWING (NL)	Deze handleiding is alleen beschikbaar in het Chinees (ZH-CN), Engels, Frans, Duits, Italiaans, Japans, Koreaans, Pools, Portugees (PT-BR), Russisch, Spaans en Vietnamees. Als de serviceprovider van een klant een andere taal dan deze talen vereist, is het de verantwoordelijkheid van de klant om vertaalservices te leveren.
WARNING (EN)	This manual is available in Chinese (ZH-CN), English, French, German, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Polish, Portuguese (PT-BR), Russian, Spanish, and Vietnamese only. If a customer's service provider requires a language other than these languages, it is the customer's responsibility to provide translation services.
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VAROITUS (FI)	Tämä opas on saatavilla vain kiinaksi (ZH-CN), englanniksi, ranskaksi, saksaksi, italiaksi, japaniksi, koreaksi, puolaksi, portugaliksi (PT-BR), venäjäksi, espanjaksi ja vietnamiksi. Jos asiakkaan palveluntarjoaja edellyttää muuta kuin näitä kieliä, käänöspalveluiden tarjoaminen on asiakkaan vastuulla.
ATTENTION (FR)	Ce manuel est disponible uniquement en allemand, anglais, chinois (ZH-CN), coréen, espagnol, français, italien, japonais, polonais, portugais (PT-BR), russe et vietnamien. Si le prestataire de services d'un client nécessite que le manuel soit rédigé dans une autre langue que celles mentionnées ci-dessus, il incombe au client de le faire traduire.
WARNUNG (DE)	Dieses Handbuch ist nur auf Chinesisch (ZH-CN), Englisch, Französisch, Deutsch, Italienisch, Japanisch, Koreanisch, Polnisch, Portugiesisch (PT-BR), Russisch, Spanisch und Vietnamesisch verfügbar. Wenn ein Dienstleister des Kunden dieses in einer anderen Sprache als die genannten benötigt, liegt es in der Verantwortung des Kunden, Übersetzungsdienstleistungen zu erbringen.

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ΠΡΟΕΙΔΟΠΟΙΗΣΗ (EL)	Αυτό το εγχειρίδιο είναι διαθέσιμο μόνο σε Κινεζικά (ZH-CN), Αγγλικά, Γαλλικά, Γερμανικά, Ιταλικά, Ιαπωνικά, Κορεατικά, Πολωνικά, Πορτογαλικά (PT-BR), Ρωσικά, Ισπανικά και Βιετναμέζικα. Εάν ο πάροχος υπηρεσιών ενός πελάτη απαιτεί γλώσσα που δεν συμπεριλαμβάνεται σε αυτές τις γλώσσες, αποτελεί ευθύνη του πελάτη να παρέχει υπηρεσίες μετάφρασης.
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AÐVÖRUN (IS)	Þessi handbók er aðeins fánleg á kínversku (ZH-CN), ensku, frönsku, þýsku, ítölsku, japönsku, kóresku, pólsku, portúgölsku (PT-BR), rússnesku, spænsku og víetnömsku. Ef þjónustuaðili viðskiptavinar þarfnast annars tungumáls en þessara tungumála er það á ábyrgð viðskiptavinarins að veita þýðingarþjónustu.
AVVERTENZA (IT)	Questo manuale è disponibile solo in lingua cinese (ZH-CN), inglese, francese, tedesco, italiano, giapponese, coreano, polacco, portoghese (PT-BR), russo, spagnolo e vietnamita. Qualora un fornitore di servizi del cliente richieda una lingua diversa dall'inglese, sarà responsabilità del cliente fornire il servizio di traduzione corrispondente.
警告 (JA)	このマニュアルは、中国語 (ZH-CN)、英語、フランス語、ドイツ語、イタリア語、日本語、韓国語、ポーランド語、ポルトガル語 (PT-BR)、ロシア語、スペイン語、およびベトナム語のみで提供されています。お客様のサービスプロバイダがこれらの言語以外の言語を必要とする場合は、お客様の責任において翻訳サービスを提供してください。
경고 (KO)	이 설명서는 중국어(중국어-중국), 영어, 프랑스어, 독일어, 이탈리아어, 일본어, 한국어, 폴란드어, 포르투갈어(포르투갈어-브라질), 러시아어, 스페인어, 베트남어로만 제공됩니다. 고객의 서비스 제공자가 이 언어를 제외한 다른 언어를 요구하는 경우, 번역 서비스를 제공하는 것은 고객의 책임입니다.
BRĪDINĀJUMS (LV)	Šī rokasgrāmata ir pieejama tikai ķīniešu (ZH-CN), angļu, franču, vācu, itāliešu, japāņu, korejiešu, poļu, portugāļu (PT-BR), krievu, spāņu un vjetnamiešu valodā. Ja klientu apkalpošanas speciālistam ir nepieciešama cita valoda, kas atšķiras no šeit norādītajām, klienta pienākums ir nodrošināt tulkotājas pakalpojumu.
ĮSPĖJIMAS (LT)	Šis vadovas pateikiamas tik kinų (ZH-CN), anglų, prancūzų, vokiečių, italų, japonų, korėjiečių, lenkų, portugalų (PT-BR), rusų, ispanų ir vietnamiečių kalbomis. Jei klientų paslaugų teikėjui reikalinga kita nei šios kalba, už vertimo paslaugų suteikimą atsako klientas.
ADVARSEL (NO)	Denne håndboken er bare tilgjengelig på kinesisk (ZH-CN), engelsk, fransk, tysk, italiensk, japansk, koreansk, polsk, portugisisk (PT-BR), russisk, spansk og vietnamesisk. Hvis en kundes tjenesteleverandør krever et annet språk, er det kundens ansvar å levere en oversettelsestjeneste.
OSTRZEŻENIE (PL)	Niniejsza instrukcja jest dostępna wyłącznie w języku chińskim (ZH-CN), angielskim, francuskim, niemieckim, włoskim, japońskim, koreańskim, polskim, portugalskim (PT-BR), rosyjskim, hiszpańskim i wietnamskim. Jeśli usługodawca klienta wymaga języka, który nie został wymieniony powyżej, obowiązkiem klienta jest zapewnienie usług tłumaczeniowych.
ATENÇÃO (PT-BR)	Este manual está disponível somente em chinês (ZH-CN), inglês, francês, alemão, italiano, japonês, coreano, polonês, português (PT-BR), russo, espanhol e vietnamita. Se o prestador de serviços de um cliente necessitar de um idioma diferente dos mencionados, o fornecimento dos serviços de tradução é de responsabilidade do cliente.
ATENÇÃO (PT-PT)	Este manual está disponível apenas em alemão, chinês (ZH-CN), coreano, espanhol, francês, inglês, italiano, japonês, polaco, português (PT-BR), russo e vietnamita. Se o fornecedor de serviços de um cliente necessitar de um idioma diferente dos listados aqui, é da responsabilidade do cliente assegurar os serviços de tradução.
ATENȚIE (RO)	Acest manual este disponibil numai în limbile chineză (ZH-CN), engleză, franceză, germană, italiană, japoneză, coreeană, poloneză, portugheză (PT-BR), rusă, spaniolă și vietnameză. Dacă furnizorul de servicii al unui client solicită o limbă diferită față de aceste limbi, este responsabilitatea clientului să furnizeze servicii de traducere.

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UPOZORENJE (SR)	Ovaj priručnik dostupan je samo na kineskom (ZH-CN), engleskom, francuskom, nemačkom, italijanskom, japanskom, korejskom, poljskom, portugalskom (PT-BR), ruskom, španskom i vijetnamskom jeziku. Ako korisnik kao pružalac usluge zahteva neki drugi jezik od navedenih, njegova je dužnost da obezbedi prevod.
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ATENCIÓN (ES)	Este manual está disponible solo en chino (ZH-CN), inglés, francés, alemán, italiano, japonés, coreano, polaco, portugués (PT-BR), ruso, español y vietnamita. Si el proveedor de servicios de un cliente requiere un idioma distinto de estos idiomas, es responsabilidad del cliente proporcionar los servicios de traducción.
VARNING (SV)	Den här manualen finns endast tillgänglig på kinesiska (ZH-CN), engelska, franska, tyska, italienska, japanska, koreanska, polska, portugisiska (PT-BR), ryska, spanska och vietnamesiska. Om en kunds tjänsteleverantör behöver ett annat språk än dessa är det kundens ansvar att ordna med översättningstjänster.
OPOZORILO (SL)	Ta priročnik je na voljo v kitajščini (ZH-CN), angleščini, francoščini, nemščini, italijanščini, japonščini, korejščini, poljščini, portugalščini (PT-BR), ruščini, španščini in vietnamščini. Če kupčev ponudnik storitev potrebuje drug jezik, mora za prevod poskrbeti kupec.
DİKKAT (TR)	Bu kılavuz yalnızca Çince (ZH-CN), İngilizce, Fransızca, Almanca, İtalyanca, Japonca, Korece, Lehçe, Portekizce (PT-BR), Rusça, İspanyolca ve Vietnamca dillerinde mevcuttur. Müşteri servis sağlayıcısı bu dillerden başka bir dil talep ederse çeviri hizmeti sağlamak müşterinin sorumluluğundadır.
ЗАСТЕРЕЖЕННЯ (UK)	Цей посібник доступний лише китайською (ZH-CN), англійською, французькою, німецькою, італійською, японською, корейською, польською, португальською (PT-BR), російською, іспанською та в'єтнамською мовами. Якщо постачальник послуг замовника використовує мову, яку не вказано у цьому переліку, послуги з перекладу має забезпечити замовник.

Damage in Transportation

All packages should be closely examined at time of delivery. If damage is apparent, have notation "damage in shipment" written on all copies of the freight or express bill before delivery is accepted or "signed for" by a GE HealthCare representative or a hospital receiving agent. Whether noted or concealed, damage MUST be reported to the carrier immediately upon discovery, or in any event, within 14 days after receipt, and the contents and containers held for inspection by the carrier. A transportation company will not pay a claim for damage if an inspection is not requested within this 14 day period.

To file a report:

- Fill out the GIQ workflow for any items missing, damaged, OBF/FOI for in process installs: https://bpm.gehealthcare.com/prweb/PRAuth/app/GIQ/o8uZcrjYhEANDv611UguQ*/!STANDARD?pzuiactionzzz=CXtpbn15MzhRL0ICNINZTkJXUG5PTkJwNVZYbFhhYnlwSHM4SXVOU0RqaHhNOENwL1B6RW1XSetnY1RDZjNuZXIKTThJSkpTYUvNEdwRIE1UmpwTUthcVBsQT09*
- Contact your local service coordinator for more information on this process.

Certified Electrical Contractor Statement

All electrical Installations that are preliminary to positioning of the equipment at the site prepared for the equipment shall be performed by licensed electrical contractors. In addition, electrical feeds into the Power Distribution Unit shall be performed by licensed electrical contractors. Other connections between pieces of electrical equipment, calibrations and testing shall be performed by qualified GE HealthCare personnel. The products involved (and the accompanying electrical installations) are highly sophisticated, and special engineering competence is required. In performing all electrical work on these products, GE HealthCare will use its own specially trained field engineers. All of GE HealthCare's electrical work on these products will comply with the requirements of the applicable electrical codes.

The purchaser of GE HealthCare equipment shall only utilize qualified personnel (i.e., GE HealthCare's field engineers, personnel of third-party service companies with equivalent training, or licensed electricians) to perform electrical servicing on the equipment.

IMPORTANT ... X-Ray Protection

X-ray equipment if not properly used may cause injury. Accordingly, the instructions herein contained should be thoroughly read and understood by everyone who will use the equipment before you attempt to place this equipment in operation. The GE HealthCare will be glad to assist and cooperate in placing this equipment in use.

Although this apparatus incorporates a high degree of protection against x-radiation other than the useful beam, no practical design of equipment can provide complete protection. Nor can any practical design compel the operator to take adequate precautions to prevent the possibility of any persons carelessly exposing themselves or others to radiation.

It is important that anyone having anything to do with x-radiation be properly trained and fully acquainted with the recommendations of the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements as published in NCRP Reports available from NCRP Publications, 7910 Woodmont Avenue, Room 1016, Bethesda, Maryland 20814, and of the International Commission on Radiation Protection, and take adequate steps to protect against injury.

The equipment is sold with the understanding that the GE HealthCare, its agents, and representatives have no responsibility for injury or damage which may result from improper use of the equipment.

Various protective materials and devices are available. It is urged that such materials or devices be used.

Lithium Battery Cautionary Statements



CAUTION

RISK OF EXPLOSION.

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.

Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

WARNING



DANGER D'EXPLOSION

Il y a danger d'explosion s'il y a remplacement incorrect de la batterie.

Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du même type ou d'un type recommandé par le constructeur. Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

Omissions & Errors

Customers, please contact your GE HealthCare Sales or Service representatives.

GE HealthCare personnel, please use the GE HealthCare PQR Process to report all omissions, errors, and defects in this publication.

Revision History

Revision	Date	Reason for change
12	19/05/2025	<p>Damage in Transportation Updated weblink</p> <p>Chapter 8: Updated Table 8-3 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data.</p> <p>Chapter 9: Updated Table 9-3 System Heat Output.</p> <p>Chapter 13: Added Figure 13-2 System Interconnect Diagram - For Host PC Z4G5.</p> <p>Chapter 14: Updated 14.6 Console Delivery Considerations.</p>
11	03/04/2025	<p>Chapter 1: Update Pre-Installation checklist based on DOC1809666_r9.</p> <p>Chapter 6: Update Room Dimensions and Figure 6-3 and Figure 6-5 based on feedback12339.</p> <p>Chapter 9: Update EMC based on DOC2904913.</p> <p>Chapter 12: Change "Minimum Recommended [A]" to "Minimum Recommended Circuit Breaker [A]" for Table 12-1 and 12-4 per feedback15143. Update Feeder Wire Size per DOC3061766.</p> <p>Chapter 13: Update "Contractor/Customer-Supplied" wire size per DOC3061766.</p> <p>Chapter 14: Add a section of packing dimensions per feedback 12749.</p> <p>Chapter 15: Add a caution for Flat-bed Truck Removal according to Tilting is not approved for Flat-bed Truck.</p>
10	01/22/2024	<p>Chapter 8: Update Figure 8-20 RCK-AVIMOS Schematics Diagram to add cable length.</p> <p>Chapter 12: Update grounding description according to HPM design center feedback.</p> <p>Chapter 13: Update Table 13-8 Run No.1 ground cable information. Update Scan Room Warning Light and Door Interlock.</p>

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9	04/06/2023	<p>Chapter 1: Update Pre-Installation Checklist based on DOC1809666_r8.</p> <p>Chapter 3: Update tilt bed truck to forklift.</p> <p>Chapter 4: Update Chapter 4 to separate a part to Appendix.</p> <p>Chapter 5: Update Shipping Collector to delete NGPDU Ship Collector (5453382).</p> <p>Chapter 6: Update patient environment.</p> <p>Chapter 7: Update Z4G4 computer size.</p> <p>Chapter 8: Add RCK information. Update Table Floor Loading Data in Table 8-3.</p> <p>Chapter 9: Update EMI information. Delete PDA, PDA option is not for SVCT16 system</p> <p>Chapter 12: Update system power requirement. Update ground cable size from 55mm² to 50mm² according to Revo CT PIM</p> <p>Chapter 13: Add RCK information and update A1/MDP information. Delete PDA, PDA option is not for SVCT16 system</p> <p>Chapter 14: Update gantry shipping information. Update Lifting according to HCSDM00720264</p>
8	03/01/2021	<p>Convert source file from FM to HTML. Add product name "(Revolution) Star/ Star ES".</p> <p>Chapter 5: Correct BB tube and LB tube package box size based on HCSDM00599855.</p> <p>Chapter 10: Correct "mGy" to "μGy" based on HCSDM00644876.</p>

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7	12/12/2020	<p>Chapter 1: Add Note, if Site has not floor template, need to order System Installation-Alignment tool (P/N: 5824714). Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r7.</p> <p>Chapter 4: Update Extender to Axial Head Holder&Extender.</p> <p>Chapter 5: Update Axial Head Holder&Extender from 317mm to 300mm based on HCSDM00614577. Update LMB tube size based on HCSDM00599855.</p> <p>Chapter 6: Update Axial Head Holder&Extender from 317mm to 300mm based on HCSDM00614577.</p> <p>Chapter 7: Update Axial Head Holder&Extender from 317mm to 300mm based on HCSDM00614577. Add Z4G4 information.</p> <p>Chapter 8: Update patient weight to load capacity based on HCSDM00475287. Add Z4G4 information.</p> <p>Chapter 9: Add Z4G4 information.</p> <p>Chapter 12: Update feeder and sub-feeder.</p> <p>Chapter 13: Add Z4G4 information. Update A1 information based on HCSDM00637122.</p> <p>Chapter 14: Update gantry shipping size based on HCSDM00559329. Add Z4G4 information.</p>
6	08/21/2019	<p>Add product name Revolution ACT EL.</p> <p>Chapter 11: Add new section "Digital Service and Connectivity Requirements".</p>
5	02/21/2019	<p>Chapter 1: Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r6.</p> <p>Chapter 9: Add IEC60601-1-2: 2014 (EMC4.0) information.</p> <p>Chapter 14: Update Up/Down Table delivery dimension.</p>

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4	10/09/2017	<p>Update some editing errors to improve manual quality.</p> <p>Chapter 1: Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r4.</p> <p>Chapter 5: Add Tube crate dimensions "965.2mm x 685.8mm x 400mm"</p> <p>Chapter 9: Update Figure 9-3 to modify PDU EMI range description.</p> <p>Chapter 12: Add comment "Japan offering only" for 30kVA.</p>
3	08/24/2017	<p>Cover: Update system ID pictures. Mark Revolution ACT is for China and Global and Revolution ACTs is for China only.</p> <p>Chapter 1: Add floor template for mounting anchor dimensions. Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r2.</p> <p>Chapter 3: Update Finished Floor Requirement to add figures for system cable routing.</p> <p>Chapter 5: Update Figure 5-2 Boom Assembly Clearance.</p> <p>Chapter 6: Add note for minimum room requirement.</p> <p>Chapter 7: Add Z440 Console dimension.</p> <p>Chapter 8: Add floor anchors and strength information. Add floor anchors strength and edge distance requirement. Update Table 8-2 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data. Add Z440 console information.</p> <p>Chapter 9: Add Z440 cooling requirement. Update altitude, delete note for 2400m to 3000m approval requirement. Add Console Noise Level information.</p> <p>Chapter 12: Update line regulation requirement from 4% to 6% to meet SRS, see HCSDM00396615.</p> <p>Chapter 13: Update Table 13-2 GE Supplied Cables (Short) for the actual length and the usable length. Update Figure 13-1 System Interconnect Diagram.</p> <p>Chapter 14: Add Z440 Console delivery dimension.</p>

Continues on the next page

2	09/28/2015	Add product name Revolution ACT/Revolution ACTs per HCSDM00374192. Chapter 12: Update the line regulation requirement from 6% to 4% per HCSDM00373343.
1	07/02/2015	Initial Release.

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1 Introduction

This document contains the physical and electrical data necessary for planning and preparing a site for system installation. The responsibility of arranging and paying for this work rests solely with the purchaser.

1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 Using Pre-Installation Manual

This manual is the official source of prerequisites to installing a General Electric (GE) Computed Tomography (CT) system. Topics covered are site planning, site preparation, and the system requirements. This manual is divided into requirements for the customer, the system, the environment and on-site construction. It also includes the importance of addressing the local and national regulatory requirements, which may be specific to your location.

A GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI) will be available for specific questions or concerns. The PMI's primary responsibility is to assist the buyer with the siting requirements. This manual is a guide toward the actual installation of your GE CT system. Prior to any construction or installation, GE Headquarters Architectural Planning must approve the completeness of all preliminary concepts, site plans, and final working drawings.

Pre-installation includes the procurement and installation of ALL requirements, materials, and services necessary for the installation and startup of a CT system.

1.1.2 Assigning a Site Project Coordinator

It is the customers (purchaser) responsibility to assign a site project coordinator. The site project coordinator is the primary contact and liaison between with the construction planners, architects, contractors, and any other site administrative personnel for all site related functions; reporting to the purchaser.

The primary responsibility of the site project coordinator, working closely with GE, is to ensure the purchaser upholds all requirements outlined in this manual. To ensure a successful installation, it is recommended that the site project coordinator manage the entire project from pre-install to final startup, be familiar with all phases of pre-installation and installation of similar medical device construction projects. The site project coordinator should read and understand the contents of this manual and be familiar with the installation procedures.

1.1.3 Customer Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the customer to prepare the site in accordance with all the specifications provided in this manual and in conjunction with site-specific drawings and applicable regulations. Consideration should be taken for future expansion during the design phase of the site. It is essential to verify all aspects of the site configuration before construction has begun, as subsequent changes can be costly or impractical.

Pre-Install Checklist A detailed pre-installation checklist is provided in this manual. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure all requirements on the checklist are fulfilled and that the site conforms to all specifications and requirements detailed in this manual.

Planning and Design Work The customer will select the location of the site. All architectural, mechanical, and electrical drawings associated with the design and planning of the site are the responsibility of the customer. Any alterations or modifications to the drawings or to products not specifically included in the sales contract are the customer's responsibility. The customer shall provide the site project coordinator, a clean and safe work environment including proper lighting, and a level suitably supported structured floor. All floors, walls and ceiling should be in a finished state prior to installation, and all site-construction renovation completed.

Regulatory Compliance The customer shall be solely responsible for all regulatory compliance. All work shall comply with national, state and local regulatory and building codes for the location in which the installation occurs. This includes but is not limited to: permits, inspections, radiation licensing, fire control devices, earthquake regulations, international building codes.

Electrical Requirements The customer shall be solely responsible for providing all electrical material and service required as outlined and illustrated in this publication. This includes but is not limited to: Installation of all properly-sized junction boxes, outlets with covers, line safety switches, and fittings installed at the locations specified in the site design. Supplying electrical power of the required voltage, all necessary power supply cables and grounds, all necessary power cables and grounds to the PDU, and an Emergency-Off switch in the scan room.

1.1.4 Roles and Responsibilities

- **Customer** : Also known as Buyer or Purchaser or End User. This is the entity that has entered into contract with GE to buy the product.
- **GE Salesperson** : Responsible for completing the customer order process. They coordinate the completion of customer order as desired by the customer, for the customer. They are responsible for correcting incorrect orders. Changing orders, coordinating any replacement of damage in shipment items and for resolving missing in shipment issues.
- **GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI)** : Responsibilities include the overall project coordination and site planning of GE products; manages activities cross-functionally with sales, customer, customer contractors, and local field teams to ensure customer site is designed and prepared to accept and install product in the facility.
- **GE Field Engineer** : GE field personnel responsible for the actual assembly, installation, calibration of the product and verification of the proper operation and configuration of the GE product. This may include the physical movement of the system and its subcomponents from the point of delivery to the scan suite.
- **Zone Broadband Specialist** : GE personnel responsible for providing IT expertise and maintaining records of specific network IT connectivity parameters that are required to properly configure the products' connection to the broadband connection provided by the customer.
- **Network IT Personnel** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with or contracted by the customer. Responsible for providing IT expertise necessary to ensure successful network IT connectivity between the GE product and the facility.
- **Qualified Electrician** : Also known as Electrical Contractor. Qualified (Certified by a regulatory agency), In-House individual or entity contracted by the customer. Responsible for electrical connections between customer power source and up to and including the final connection to the GE product.
- **Architectural Engineer** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with the customer or contracted by the customer to manage the details of the construction parameters defined by regulatory agencies and as defined by parameters in the GE Pre-installation manual for the proper installation of the GE product.

- **Structural Engineer** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with the customer or contracted by the customer to manage the details of the structural parameters defined by regulatory agencies and as defined by the structural parameters provided in the GE Pre-installation manual for the proper installation of the GE product.
- **HVAC Design Engineer** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with the customer or contracted by the customer to manage the details of the air conditioning and air handling parameters defined by regulatory agencies and as defined by parameters in the GE Pre-installation manual for the proper installation of the GE product.
- **Independent Contractor** : Person or entity who contracts to do work for another person according to his or her own processes and methods; the contractor is not subject to another's control except for what is specified in a mutually binding agreement for a specific job. Can be contracted by GE personnel or by the customer for a unique or special task as part of the GE product installation process.
- **Customer provided Project Coordinator** : Dedicated contact person that works with GE Project Manager (PM). Acts as the single point of contact for the customer. Coordinates with all persons or entities contracted by the customer for the successful installation of a GE product.
- **Rigger** : Person, persons or entity hired as an Independent Contractor to perform a specific task related to the movement of GE product from the point of delivery to the scan suit where it will be installed.

1.2 What is Pre-Installation?

Pre-installation is any site preparation required prior to the installation of the system. This manual states all pre-installation siting and regulatory requirements. The Pre-Installation Kit may not answer all of your questions, contact your GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI) for answers. Likewise, prior to any construction or approval, GE Headquarters Architectural Planning must review all CT site plans, preliminary concepts, and final working drawings. Contact your GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI) for complete information regarding your site-specific room layout.

1.3 What is Pre-Installation Work?

Pre-Installation work includes:

- Site renovation.
- Alterations or modifications to products not specifically included in the sales contract.
- Installation of electrical conduit, junction boxes, ducts, outlets, and line safety switches.
- Installation of AWG stranded copper interconnection wiring, conforming to the following requirements:
 - The electrical contractor shall ring out and tag all wires at both ends.
 - Wires shall be continuous and without splices.
 - Ground wires shall conform to product requirements.
 - Color-coded wires shall be used whenever possible, to enable easier identification.
- All work shall conform to IBC (International Building Code) and local building and safety codes.

**NOTE**

GE neither provides nor installs the wires, conduits, junction boxes, or ducts illustrated in this publication, unless specifically mentioned.

1.4 Pre-Installation Tools

A list of primary customer tools for successfully completing the pre-installation process for a system is described below.

Customer Pre-Installation Task

- Regulatory and Service Clearance Information
- System Installation and Alignment Tool (P/N 5824714)
Not included with system, and also available from your PMI/FE from GE tool warehouse. Use this to determine equipment layout and anchoring locations.
- Site Print
Supplied by your PMI or sales rep. Must show actual room size, location of all equipment in the finished room, all service and operating clearances, and meet all regulatory requirements

Pre-Installation Manual Guide

Table below shows the location of the information necessary for fulfilling each of the pre-installation requirements.

Table 1-1 Locations of Site Requirement Information in this manual

Installation Site Requirement Information	
2 Installation Types on page 25	3 System Siting Requirements on page 29
4 Regulatory Requirements on page 36	5 Service Clearance Requirements on page 38
6 Room Sizes on page 45	8 Structural and Mounting Requirements on page 66
9 Environmental Requirements on page 95	10 Radiation Protection Requirements on page 111
11 Network Requirements on page 114	12 Power Requirements on page 117
14 Delivery and Storage Requirements on page 136	15 Handling Requirements on page 144
Contractors must complete ALL WORK before the scheduled delivery date.	

1.5 Pre-Installation Checklist

To ensure the latest revision is used, locate DOC2949059 on SIMS Content Viewer.

2 Installation Types

2.1 How to Determine the Best Installation Type for Your Site

Discuss installation options with your PMI to determine which of the installation types listed below best fits your site and schedule.

- [2.2 Typical Installations on page 25](#)
- [2.3 Construction Site Installations on page 25](#)
- [2.4 Relocatable Building Installations on page 26](#)
- [2.5 Upgrade Installations on page 27](#)
- [2.6 Quick Installations on page 27](#)
- [2.7 Two-Step \(Temporary\) Installations on page 28](#)

2.2 Typical Installations

Typical installations occur at established sites with finished, dust-free, occupancy-ready scan suites. The rooms range from suggested to minimum room sizes, and have NO ongoing construction on-site. A typical installation allows customers flexibility for room upgrades and site improvements. Upgrades and improvements may require additional planning prior to system delivery, especially when involving:

- Seismic approval
- Floor structural improvements
- HVAC improvements
- Electrical improvements
- Review of scan room shielding requirements by a qualified radiological health physicist.

As with any installation, the final site design for a typical installation must meet all service and regulatory requirements detailed in this manual.

2.3 Construction Site Installations

A *construction installation* describes installation at sites without an occupancy permit, often with ongoing construction. In general, construction sites fail to meet the recommended specifications for delivery of the system. GE does not recommend construction installations, as they can result in delays, increased costs, and possible damage to the system. When construction-site delivery proves unavoidable, the installation falls into one of two categories.

- Full construction site with completed radiology area.
- Full construction site with limited delivery access.

Review the following categories to determine which most closely matches the condition of the planned installation site.

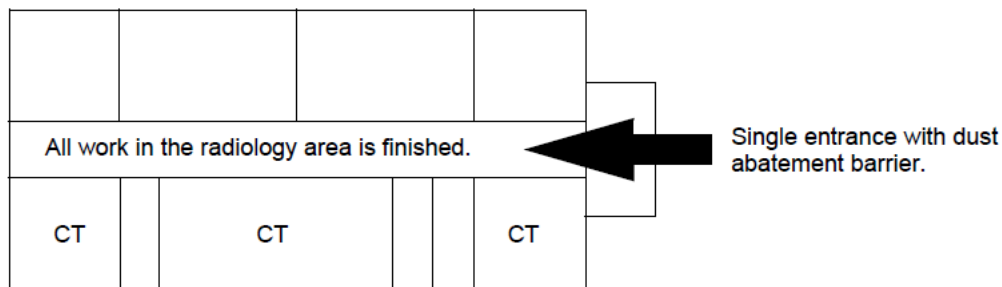
2.3.1 Full Construction Site with Completed Radiology Area

This type of site consists of a finished, dust-free, occupancy-ready radiology suite. While there is no remaining construction in or around the scan suite area, there may be ongoing construction in other areas. At the time of delivery such sites feature:

- Dust control measures deployed in the radiology suite area.
- Scan suite access limited to a single entrance (see [Figure 2-1 Full construction site with completed radiology area on page 26](#)).
- Radiology suite sealed off from the remaining construction area.
- Operational HVAC, with a positive air pressure within the radiology suite.

In addition the radiology suite at such a site REMAINS in a dust-free, occupancy-ready state after delivery and throughout the remaining construction phase.

Figure 2-1 Full construction site with completed radiology area



2.3.2 Full Construction Site with Limited Delivery Access

This type of site allows delivery during ongoing construction of the radiology suite area. At such sites, delivery occurs prior to site completion, but the product remains stored until a finished, dustfree, occupancy-ready radiology suite area is ready. This type of site requires the system scanner to be delivered in a sealed package with dollies. Delivery to the storage area may require a lift truck or riggers. Installation work begins only when the site reaches the completed, dust-free, occupancy-ready radiology suite requirement.

NOTE

If delivery requires vertical or horizontal lifting, the PMI adds the necessary identifier to the order.

2.4 Relocatable Building Installations

A re-locatable building is made in a factory and delivered to the site of its permanent location. Relocatable buildings qualify as fixed sites and must satisfy all of the requirements of a fixed site. The gantry and table must be mounted on a solid concrete floor. Any other floor type installations must be designed by the customer's structural engineer and meet all GE Healthcare's specifications listed in this manual.

Refer to the [8 Structural and Mounting Requirements on page 66](#) of this manual for further information.

2.5 Upgrade Installations

Upgrade installations occur after the installation of another system. A change in the customer's needs requires the installation of additional equipment at the same site. For example, adding a PET system to an existing CT system.

To proceed with an upgrade installation, the customer's room size must be large enough to accommodate the new product without violating the regulatory and service requirements of the new product. When planning for an upgrade installation, siting requirements of the new equipment may exceed those of your existing system. Requirements needing additional consideration include:

- Floor thickness
- Room shielding
- Additional electrical capacity
- Increased cooling capacity
- Scan room shielding requirements

The final site design must include a room layout showing the equipment room with the recommended room size dimensions. All upgrade installations must meet all service and regulatory requirements detailed in the manual.

2.6 Quick Installations

Quick Installations involve sites requiring minimum room improvements. These installations typically consist of a weekend de-installation and room preparation completion, with a next business day delivery and installation.

Requirements

A site must meet a number of requirements to qualify for a Quick Installation, including:

- Existing electrical disconnect device, wire size, and grounds must meet all requirements referenced in [3.2.2 Electrical on page 30](#)
- Existing structural specifications met, including floor thickness, and all requirements referenced in [3.2.3 Structural on page 30](#)
- Existing HVAC capacity and regulation must meet all requirements referenced in [3.2.5 Environmental on page 33](#)
- Existing CT suite must meet all regulatory and minimum size requirements referenced in [3.2.7 Clearances on page 34](#)
- Existing facility must accommodate delivery and meet all delivery requirements referenced in [3.2.10 Delivery on page 34](#)
- Existing facility must meet all scan room shielding requirements referenced in [3.2.4 Radiation Protection on page 33](#)

Consult your Project Manager of Installation (PMI) for information about any additional requirements.

Restrictions

The following restrictions govern Quick Installations: check with your PMI regarding floor anchor re-use.

- Quick Installations require a new room print that accurately reflects the rooms targeted for upgrade.
- You **CANNOT** re-use existing floor anchors for a new CT system.
- New floor anchors must be a minimum of 102 mm (4 in) from any existing floor penetrations.
- Rooms not meeting the minimum requirements for the final product must undergo an upgrade/enlargement prior to the installation.

2.7 Two-Step (Temporary) Installations

The two-step installation is a temporary installation of one system in a site, with the intention of upgrading the site to another system in a near future date. The following restrictions apply to two-step installations:

- Must comply with ALL siting requirements necessary for the upgraded or final system. This includes the recommended room size and all electrical, structural, and HVAC requirements.
- All requirements referenced in [3 System Siting Requirements on page 29](#) apply to these types of installations.
- The customer is responsible for verifying compliance with all requirements.
- Rooms not meeting minimum requirements for the final product must undergo sufficient upgrading/enlargement.

NOTE

Temporary installations include all systems installed at a site for a period ranging from two weeks to six months.

3 System Siting Requirements

3.1 System Siting Requirements

The requirements listed in this manual apply to all fixed-site customer installations, including installation within re-locatable buildings. The following requirements represent the **MINIMUM** that a site must meet before beginning **ANY** new or replacement system installation. All parties should review these requirements to ensure that the site:

- Meets all Service requirements
- Meets all Regulatory requirements
- Meets all minimum structural, flooring, and vibration requirements
- Meets minimum HVAC requirements
- Meets minimum Electrical requirements
- Meets all network requirements
- Meets all radiation protection requirements
- Meets all operational clearances
- Includes all finished doors, floors, windows, ceilings, walls, and all plumbing and cabinets are installed ([3.2.3.3 Finished Floor Requirements on page 31](#) and [3.2.3.4 Finished Walls Requirements on page 33](#) may apply).
- Does not have ANY continuing construction in the scan room OR neighboring suite areas.
- Conforms to the final GE site print, which must be kept ON-SITE and must show all items intended for the finished room.

NOTE

Each site should receive a Quick Start Kit from the PMI. Use the Pre-Installation Checklist in this manual to confirm that the site meets all of the requirements listed above. GE recommends completing all work to meet these requirements PRIOR to starting installation.

3.2 Customer System Siting Requirements

This section provides a breakdown of the customer tasks crucial for ensuring proper site preparation, regardless of whether planning for a replacement system at an existing site, or designing a new scan room for a first time.

Installation cannot proceed until verification of site-readiness occurs. A site is ready **ONLY** when it meets ALL delivery, regulatory, system, network, radiation protection, and operational requirements, as well as, requirements for any options. The purchaser is responsible for completing all work necessary to install the system, and includes:

- Completion of all items in [3.2.3 Structural on page 30](#) (recommended before installation begins.)
- PMI verification that ALL items on the Pre-Installation Checklist are completed.
- Review and preparation of all site-ready items.

To ensure timely delivery and installation, GE recommends that the customer complete all necessary work and schedule a site-ready visit prior to the delivery date. To confirm that the site meets all requirements, you may need to employ these and other contractors:

- Structural Engineer and/or Architect
- HVAC Contractor
- Electrical Contractor
- Qualified Radiological Health Physicist
- Cleaning Services.

NOTICE

An improperly prepared site—one that is in a state of construction—can result in a delayed installation date and/or damage to the system.

3.2.1 Regulatory Requirements

Verify that the site conforms to all of the following:

- The room must meet all regulatory clearance requirements.
- The room must meet all minimum size requirements.
- The site print is on-site, reflects actual room size and layout, and has received final approval.
- No grounded walls are found in regulatory clearance areas.
- The room meets all local codes.

3.2.2 Electrical

- Install the correct size junction boxes with covers at locations shown in the installation plan.
- Install appropriate conduits and duct work for system cables. If the suite houses additional components, determine the necessary considerations and complete the connections.
- Install a power supply of correct voltage output and adequate kVA rating.
- Install local disconnects, including proper over-current protection. This includes the A1/MDP main disconnect with Lock-out and Tag-out (LOTO) installation.

3.2.3 Structural

- Install “steelwork” or other suitable support work for mounting equipment from walls or ceilings.
- Review structural requirements including:
 - floor vibration
 - floor levelness
 - floor thickness
 - any seismic considerations, if applicable.
- Complete all suite and room renovations and modifications prior to delivery.

3.2.3.1 Dust and Air Quality

Ensure that the scan suite area is free of all dust, and not subject to ANY ongoing construction, including the installation of cabinets, hanging doors, and ceiling tiles.

**CAUTION**

POTENTIAL EARLY SYSTEM FAILURE.

Fine dust can deposit on the internal electronic components in Gantry, DAS, Tube, Table, PDU, and Operator Console.

It results in potential damage to the electronic components and lead to an early system failure.

Before installing scanner systems, ensure that the scan suite area is free of all dust and not subject to any ongoing construction.

TYPES OF DUST TO AVOID Ensure that NO construction occurs in or immediately around the scan suite area that results in:

- concrete dust
- drywall dust
- ceiling tile dust
- wood sawdust or shavings
- dust tracked into the CT suite from adjoining rooms

Failure to take appropriate precautions to protect the system against these types of dust may result in DAMAGE to the system and early SYSTEM FAILURE.

3.2.3.2 Environmental Influences

CT systems are designed with commercial components that are sensitive to air contaminants like sulfide, chloride and nitrates. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to ensure that the levels of these contaminants are low (Class1). See IEC60654-4 for air quality guidelines.

3.2.3.3 Finished Floor Requirements

**NOTE**

If a customer does not have concrete floor for the system installation, then the required anchoring must be approved by customer's structural engineer. It is customer's responsibility to finish the flooring.

Installation requires a finish floor in the scan and control rooms. The floor surface in the scan room directly under the gantry and table must be level. The scan room must be level by 6 mm (1/4 in) over the table and gantry area to be acceptable. Shims should not be used to compensate for a floor that does not meet this requirement. Eight or more floor covering openings that are 102 mm (4 in) in diameter are made to ensure the table and gantry rest on a solid surface. These floor penetrations can be sealed if required. These requirements apply to all installation types.

Finished Floor Exception 1

For sites replacing their scan room floor covering after the table and gantry are installed, the floor can be clean-finished with dust free concrete. The finish floor in the scan room requires no dust-producing operations when applying final floor covering.

Finished Floor Exception 2

Facilities under new construction that have a finished radiology area with a single controlled-access and dust abatement barrier, can have a finished concrete floor in the scan room. The finished concrete floor in the scan room requires no dust-producing operations when applying final floor covering.

Figure 3-1 Finished Floor Method 1 - Cable Routing from Side (Sample)

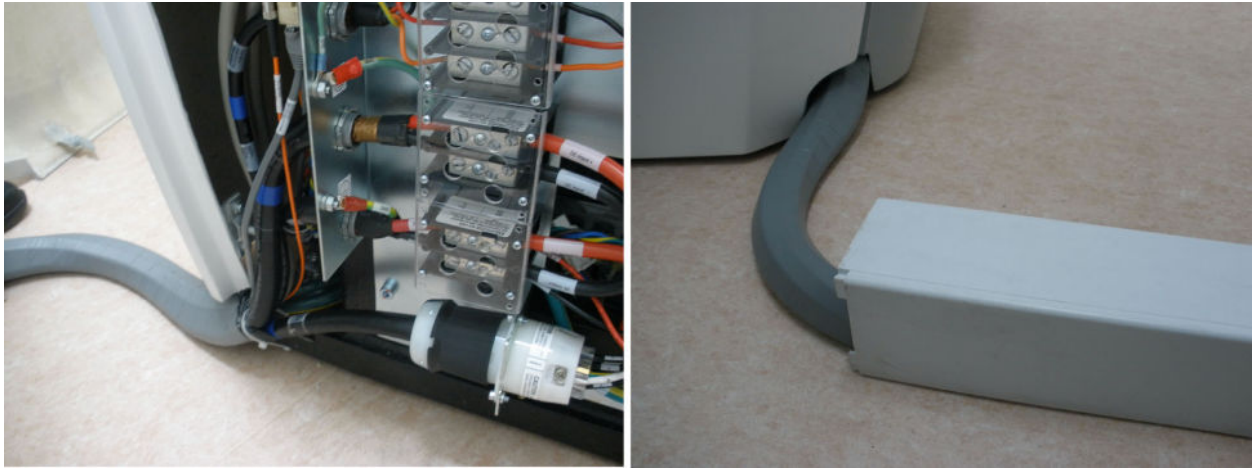
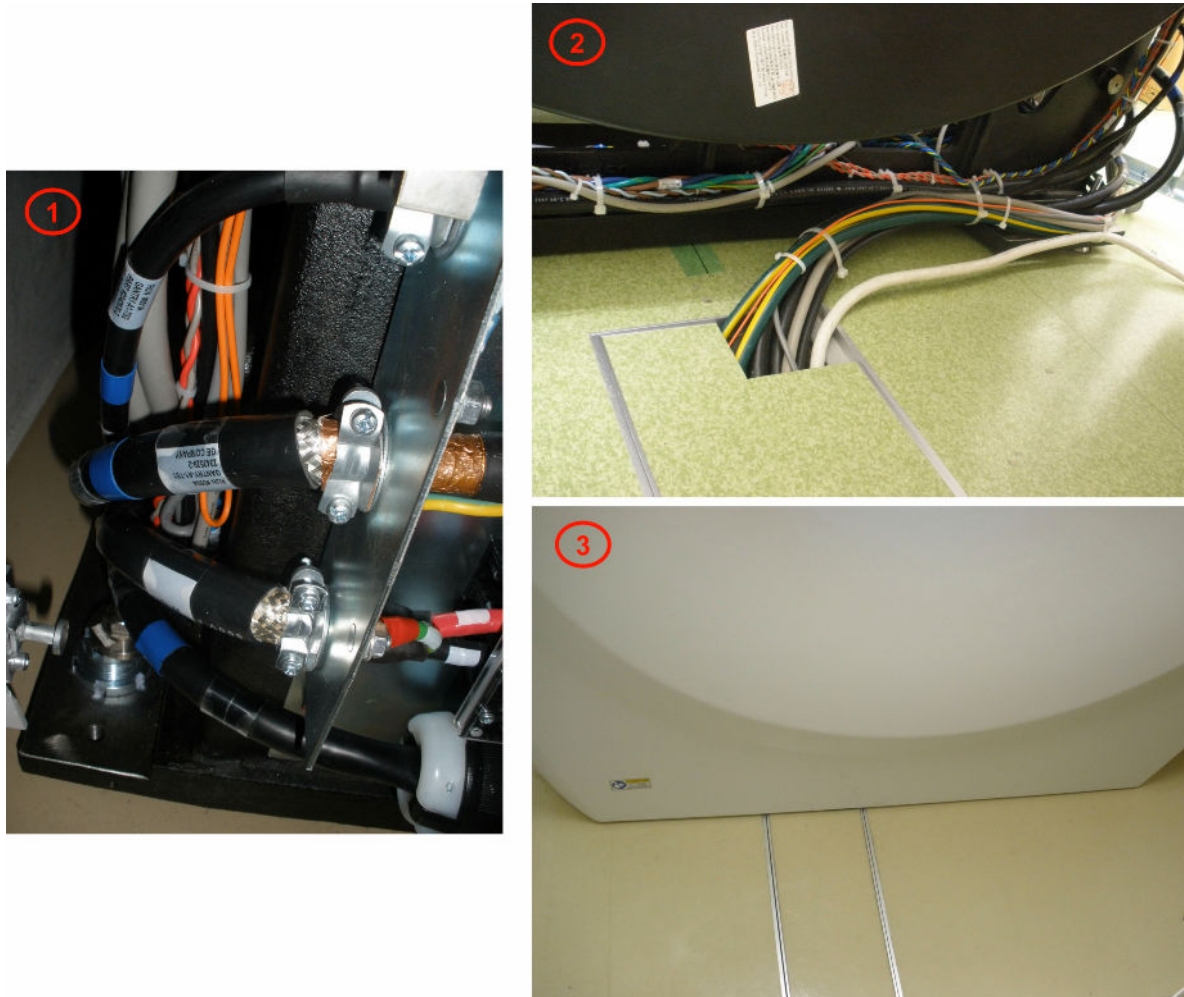


Figure 3-2 Finished Floor Method 2 - Cable Routing from Center (Sample)

3.2.3.4 Finished Walls Requirements

Finished walls inside the scan and control rooms must be painted at the time of installation. This requirement applies to all installation types. A finished walls exception is made for new construction and upgraded facilities. A primer coat of paint is acceptable for equipment installation. However, the final coat of paint must be applied using a brush of some type (roller, or bristle). The final coat of paint cannot be applied using a spray method.

3.2.4 Radiation Protection

A qualified radiological health physicist should verify that the scan room's radiation shielding provides adequate radiation protection for the planned system. Refer Shielding Requirements for more details.

3.2.5 Environmental

Review HVAC requirements, including system environmental controls and patient comfort needs. Make sure the site provides an HVAC system capable of maintaining the recommended temperature and humidity specifications at the time of installation.

3.2.6 Options

- Confirm that all customer installation options are reviewed and final locations determined.
- All GE supplied installation options are reviewed and final locations determined.
- The laser camera should be on site at the time of system installation.

3.2.7 Clearances

- Review operational clearances to verify whether daily use items fit (e.g. beds, carts).
- Consider clearances for emergency medical equipment.
- Ensure that all storage cabinets and sinks appear on the site print in their proper locations.
- Confirm that adequate space exists in the scan suite for delivery and installation of all replacement parts following installation of the system.

3.2.8 Network

Ensure that network communication is in place and active.

3.2.9 Chemical Contamination

Never install wet film processors in the same room as the scanner, as this may result in possible contamination of scanner components. Chemicals utilized by such processors can contribute to increased equipment failures and downtime, and decreased reliability.

When siting this equipment, consider the effects that contact with these chemicals and the resulting fumes might have on human subjects in proximity to them. In addition, film processor equipment installation must meet all manufacturer requirements (e.g. ventilation specifications) as well as all applicable local, state, and national codes.

3.2.10 Delivery

- Determine room dimensions and verify that doorways adequately accommodate the system.
- Verify the existence of an accessible dust-free non-construction zone route to the scan suite that accommodates delivery.
- Identify elevators, doorways and hallways that can accommodate delivery.
- Provide floor protection, if needed.
- Request rigging, if needed.

3.3 Site Readiness

The GE Healthcare Project Manager of Installation (PMI) assists the purchaser in meeting all system siting requirements.

3.3.1 Pre-Installation Delivery Tasks

The PMI also performs the following pre-installation delivery tasks:

- Determines the delivery type: ground, dock.

- Determines if the delivery requires tilt dollies or riggers; orders dollies and lifting crates, as needed.
- Determines if the delivery requires the use of floor protection.
- Determines if the ground delivery requires the use of a forklift, and informs GE Transportation of the need for a forklift.

3.3.2 Site Review with Customer

A site-ready visit should occur prior to the delivery date. This visit verifies that the site meets all system siting requirements and confirms that installation can proceed. During the site-ready visit, a GE representative confirms that the site meets all of the required site-ready conditions including floor levelness, and delivery route readiness. Lifting options and construction site packaging must be ordered prior to delivery and cannot be added on-site.

4 Regulatory Requirements

4.1 Regulatory Terms and Definitions

CLEARANCES

Clearances are the clear space or distance between or around objects and equipment, governed by all applicable safety, service and regulatory requirements and representing the lowest margin of freedom permissible for equipment siting.

DIMENSIONS

The length, width, depth and height of equipment.

EGRESS

An egress is the single path of exit from within any room. It is the customer's responsibility to provide a means of egress.

PRE-INSTALLATION ESCALATION

Pre-installation escalation is the process used to consult CT Engineering, the Design Center, or Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) to resolve preinstallation issues related to siting concerns and requirements.

GROUNDING WALL

A grounded wall is any wall with electrical conductivity to earth. Conductive materials generally found in walls include masonry, concrete, and tile. Treat as grounded additional elements commonly found in walls, including but limited to:

- Medical gas ports and plates
- Metal doors and window frames
- Water sources and metallic sink structures
- Metallic wall mounted cabinets
- A1 main disconnect panel
- Equipment Emergency Off panels
- Industrial equipment (such as air conditioners and vents)
- Expansion joints
- Surface raceway
- Exposed wall conduits
- Floor outlet boxes
- Floor HVAC boxes
- Floor medical gas

Common wall components **NOT** constituting grounded elements include:

- Standard wall outlet

- Light switches
- Telephones
- Communication wall jacks
- Ceiling tile grids

HEAD CLEARANCE

Head clearance represents the height dimension of the workspace, measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. It requires a minimum of 1981 mm (78 in) of the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

MINIMUM

Minimum indicates the lowest limit permitted by law or other authority.

SERVICE ACCESS WIDTH

Service access width refers to the width of the working space in front of the equipment, and requires a minimum of 762 mm (30 in) or the width of the equipment, whichever is greater.

WORKSPACE

The workspace represents a three dimensional box of space required for safe inspection or service of energized equipment. It consists of depth, width, and height, with the depth dimension measured perpendicular to the direction of access. US regulation requires a minimum depth of 914 mm (36 in). Additional conditions can increase the minimum requirement. For example, FCT defines workspace as the envelope of the component superstructure, measured for the PDU with the front panel removed, and measured for the gantry and table with the extended covers removed.

4.2 Regulatory Clearances

Refer to [A Regulatory Clearances for US on page 146](#) for United States (US) installations.

5 Service Clearance Requirements

5.1 Service Clearance Requirements

- Sufficient space to remove the covers [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 38](#).
- One service engineer shall be able to accomplish all service component replacement tasks without needing special tools or equipment.
- ALL room layouts to provide service space and access around the table to the gantry right side. This is needed for replacement procedures that require components that are shipped in large boxes, such as the tube, detector, and HV tank.

Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances

Minimum Clearances			
	Item	Dimension	
	1	Up/Down Table	4260 mm (167.7 in.)(travel distance of table,with axial head holder)
		Fixed Height Table	4069mm (160.2 in.)(travel distance of table,with axial head holder)
	2	Up/Down Table	1633 mm (64.3 in.)(travel distance of table,with axial head holder)
		Fixed Height Table	1371 mm (54 in.)(travel distance of table,with axial head holder)
	3		270 mm (11 in.)
	4		420 mm (16.6 in.)
	5		1783 mm (70.2 in.)
	6		165 mm (6.5 in.) minimum
	7	Up/Down Table	2382 mm (93.8 in.)
Fixed Height Table		2451 mm (96.5 in.)	
8		525 mm (21 in.)	
9		120 mm (4.7 in.)	
10		2473 mm (97.5 in.)	
	Axial Head Hold-er	300 mm (11.8 in.)	
CT Components			
Item	Description		
A	Gantry with covers installed		
B	Table cradle footprint, coverage as extended in both directions		
C	Gantry rear cover		

5.2 Service Clearances for Single Service Engineer

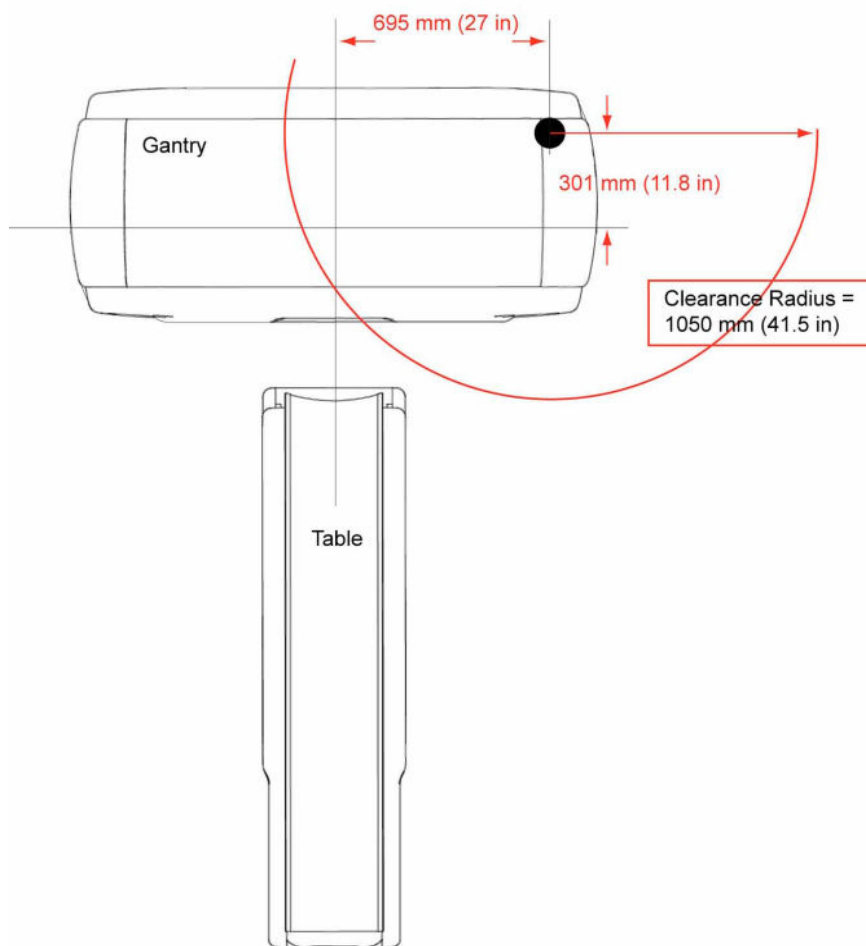
NOTE

When calculating service clearances, refer to [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 38](#) for all service clearance needs.

5.2.1 Gantry Service Clearance

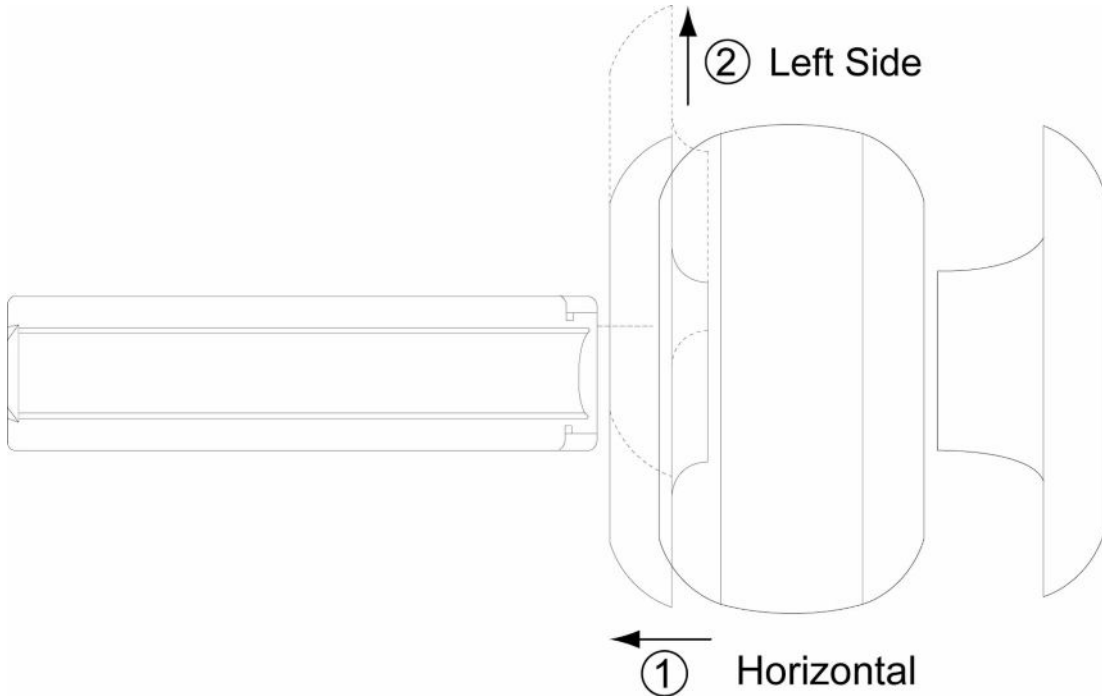
Specifications for Boom Assembly clearance arc are defined in [Figure 5-2 Boom Assembly Clearance on page 39](#). The boom assembly is used during tube and detector replacement. The minimum ceiling height within the clearance radius is 2286 mm (90 in).

Figure 5-2 Boom Assembly Clearance



5.2.2 Cover Removal

- Gantry front cover removal requires the use of the Cover Dollies, but if at minimum room width clearance space of 2475 mm (97.5 in.), two FEs should work to remove the front cover manually. The dollies allow one service engineer to separate the cover from the gantry, step by step raise the Gantry Front Cover to the proper position with the cover dollies to move out it from gap between the Gantry and Table. After removal, the service engineer must then move the gantry front cover to a position that satisfies the minimum regulatory clearances.

Figure 5-3 Gantry Front Cover Removal

- The gantry rear cover, with service dollies installed, requires a clearance width of 1790 mm (70.5 in.) and a depth of 914 mm (36 in.) for removal. Sufficient space to allow the service engineer to move the cover either straight back or to one side of the table to satisfy the minimum service clearances. The rear cover with dollies cannot extend past the allowable clearance space within the room (see [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 38](#)). If the system is not sited straight (it is positioned diagonally), full service space is still required. The PMI and customer should discuss this consideration and make the necessary provisions.
- The scan room must offer sufficient space to allow adequate egress during service operations that require both front and rear cover removal. If the customer and PMI have any concern that site will not provide adequate space for egress under these conditions, they should discuss these requirements and make the necessary provisions to accommodate this event.
- A single service engineer can safely perform servicing of the table. Ensure sufficient clear space to maintain egress clearances with the table covers or cradle removed.
- A single service engineer can safely perform servicing of the system. Ensure sufficient clear space to maintain egress clearances with covers or cradle removed.
- A MX135CT (Venus) and MX 135CTR (Venus R) tube change box dimensions are less than L905mm x W705mm x H553mm (35.6 x 27.8 x 21.8 in) (height include 118mm of wooden pallet), with the handles extended. The box must have access to the right side of the gantry. The MX135CTX (LMB) tube change box dimensions are less than L935mm x W695mm x H830mm (36.8 x 27.4 x 32.7 in) (height include 125mm of wooden pallet). The box must have access to the right side of the gantry. If you can't bring the box to the right front of the gantry in an extremely small room, you can place the tube flat on the bottom of the Tube box only when slide it under the table. In this condition, pay maximum attention not to apply vibration or shock to the X-Ray tube.

5.2.3 Power Distribution Unit (PDU)

When positioning the Power Distribution Unit (PDU), consider regulatory compliance, as defined in Regulatory Clearances. See [Table A-2 PDU – Minimum Workspace Clearances on page 149](#) in that section.

5.2.4 Console

As some service activities require access to the rear of the console, be sure to maintain sufficient space for moving the console to allow rear service access.

5.2.5 System Accessory

GE Healthcare provides Shipping Collector (5495201: Up/Down Table; 5495201-2: Fixed Height Table) included accessory part shown as below:

Table 5-1 Shipping Collector For Up/Down Table (5495201)

Item	Description	Part Number
Patient Accessory Kit		5459812
	P9150SP Body Strap B	2152503
	Trigonal Knee Pad	5334731
	Head Strap from Cradle Bumper	5450983
	15 degree Head Holder	5835367
	25 degree Head Holder	5835368
	Head Strap	5835369
	Chin Strap	5835370
Cradle Extender Kit		5443599
	P9185DM CRADLE EXTENDER	2131056-2
	P9185DP Extender Mattress-N7	2137667-2
SVCT16 Installation Tools Collector		5499630
	LL Gantry Anchor Adjuster JIG	5389135
	Linglong Cover Dolly Assy	5346616
	8.00 X .094 SELF-LOCKING CABLE TIE 1-16 TO 2 WIRE BUNDLE RANGE. 18LB TENSILE STRENGTH	46-208758P10
	7.31 X .184 SELF-LOCKING CABLE TIE 1 BY 16 TO 1-3 BY 4 WIRE BUNDLE RANGE. 50LB	46-208758P3
	SELF LOCKING CABLE TIE	46-208758P5
	ADHESIVE MOUNT - CABLE TIE PANDUIT CORP - ABMM-A	46-208747P1
	display panel support	5409474
	METALLESS COMPATIBLE PHANTOM HOLDER	2331933-2
	SVCT G-CAL tool	5604181

Continues on the next page

Table 5-1 Shipping Collector For Up/Down Table (5495201) (Table continued)

Item	Description	Part Number
	Alignment JIG Bracket	5371128
	Alignment JIG Single	5371129
	U0100BF_ANCHOR_M12x205	5479997
	washer - 6,7 thk	5422065
	LEVELING-PAD-FOR-DST	2105872-3
	Hexagon Prevailing Torque Nut, ISO7040, M12-1.75, Grade 8 Steel, Zinc Plated, RoHS Fastener	3002-M12C-04
	U0078BF ANCHOR FEMALE THREAD, HILTI HKD M12x50	5426521
	LCC METALLESS AXIAL HEADHOLDER KIT. INCLUDES PADS	2115997-2
SVCT16 Maintenance Tools Collector		5654190
	SVCT DAS ADJUST SPANNER	5492040
	Fuse kit for SVCT	5499644
	substitute of 2282509, HOIST-2-PC ARM	2282509-2
	substitute of 2282510Hoist-2-PC, LONG TUBE	2282510-2
	Loctite 243 50 ml	5415261-3
	dummy connector for touch sensor	5427634
	dummy connector for latch switch	5427636
	LL Side W Adj sheet	5351914
	LL Center W Adj Sheet	5352535
	P9233MS SHIM T0.1	2194534
	Mounting Module PIN	5554636
	ARMADILLO LOOPBACK MULTIMODE 62.5 125um LCPC at 850NM VCSEL LASER	5445679
	Fiber SR receiver to TGPSV J10	2293409-6
	SVCT HV Tank Jig Asm	5492064
PDU and A1/MDP panel label		5790196
Special Instruction Label		5847475-2

Table 5-2 Shipping Collector For Fixed Height Table (5495201-2)

Item	Description	Part Number
Patient Accessory Kit		5503747
	Trigonal Knee Pad	5334731
	Head Holder	5334730
	P9185DP EXTENDER MATRESS	2137667
	P9185DQ METALLESS CRADLE PAD	2137668

Continues on the next page

Table 5-2 Shipping Collector For Fixed Height Table (5495201-2) (Table continued)

Item	Description	Part Number
	BODY STRAP B	P9150SG
	P9185DM CRADLE EXTENDER	2131056-2
	Phantom Holder Plate	5692355
LL Table Lip Cover Collector for SVCT16		5611580
	lip cover for SVCT16 system	5496504
	Left bracket for lip cover	5611475
	Right bracket for lip cover	5611476
	Hexagon Socket Head Cap Screw, M5-0.8, X16mm Long, Grade12.9 Steel, Black Oxide, RoHS Fastener	1000-M5C016-07
	Hexagon Socket Head Cap Screw, M6-1, X12mm Long, Grade12.9 Steel, Black Oxide, RoHS Fastener	1000-M6C012-07
	HANDLE CAP	5327577-2
LL Table Grounding Bar for SVCT16		5611473
HILTI ANCHOR STUD 12MM DIAMETER 175MM LENGTH		5339079-3
SVCT16 Installation Tools Collector		5499630
	LL Gantry Anchor Adjuster JIG	5389135
	Linglong Cover Dolly Assy	5346616
	8.00 X .094 SELF-LOCKING CABLE TIE 1-16 TO 2 WIRE BUNDLE RANGE. 18LB TENSILE STRENGTH	46-208758P10
	7.31 X .184 SELF-LOCKING CABLE TIE 1 BY 16 TO 1-3 BY 4 WIRE BUNDLE RANGE. 50LB	46-208758P3
	SELF LOCKING CABLE TIE	46-208758P5
	ADHESIVE MOUNT - CABLE TIE PANDUIT CORP - ABMM-A	46-208747P1
	display panel support	5409474
	METALLESS COMPATIBLE PHANTOM HOLDER	2331933-2
	SVCT G-CAL tool	5604181
	Alignment JIG Bracket	5371128
	Alignment JIG Single	5371129
	U0100BF_ANCHOR_M12x205	5479997
	washer - 6,7 thk	5422065
	LEVELING-PAD-FOR-DST	2105872-3
	Hexagon Prevailing Torque Nut, ISO7040, M12-1.75, Grade 8 Steel, Zinc Plated, RoHS Fastener	3002-M12C-04
	U0078BF ANCHOR FEMALE THREAD, HILTI HKD M12x50	5426521
	LCC METALLESS AXIAL HEADHOLDER KIT. INCLUDES PADS	2115997-2

Continues on the next page

Table 5-2 Shipping Collector For Fixed Height Table (5495201-2) (Table continued)


Item	Description	Part Number
SVCT16 Maintenance Tools Collector		5654190
	SVCT DAS ADJUST SPANNER	5492040
	Fuse kit for SVCT	5499644
	substitute of 2282509, HOIST-2-PC ARM	2282509-2
	substitute of 2282510Hoist-2-PC, LONG TUBE	2282510-2
	Loctite 243 50 ml	5415261-3
	dummy connector for touch sensor	5427634
	dummy connector for latch switch	5427636
	LL Side W Adj sheet	5351914
	LL Center W Adj Sheet	5352535
	P9233MS SHIM T0.1	2194534
	Mounting Module PIN	5554636
	ARMADILLO LOOPBACK MULTIMODE 62.5 125um LCPC at 850NM VCSEL LASER	5445679
	Fiber SR receiver to TGPSV J10	2293409-6
	SVCT HV Tank Jig Asm	5492064
PDU and A1/MDP panel label		5790196
Special Instruction Label		5847475-2


6 Room Sizes

6.1 Room Dimensions

Table 6-1 Scan Room Minimum Size Dimensions

System Configuration	Head Holder Included (Yes/No)	Suggested / Typical Room Size ^{*1}	Minimum Scan Room Size ^{*2} (No PDU in Scan Room)
ACT / Revolution ACT / Revolution ACT EL / Revolution Star (Up/Down Table)	Yes	4700mm * 3633mm (15.4 ft * 11.9 ft)	4400 mm * 2473 mm (14.4 ft. * 8.1 ft.) (Short Footprint Mode is Needed ^{*3})
	No	(PDU in Scan Room) 4700mm * 3183mm (15.4 ft * 10.5ft)	4100 mm * 2473 mm (13.5 ft. * 8.1 ft.) (Short Footprint Mode is Needed)
ACTs / Revolution ACTs / Revolution Star ES (Fixed Height Table)	Yes	(15.4 ft * 10.5ft)	4309 mm * 2473 mm (14.1 ft * 8.1 ft) ^{*3}
	No	(No PDU in Scan Room)	4009 mm * 2473 mm (13.2 ft. * 8.1 ft)

 **NOTE**
^{*1}All service/regulatory requirements apply in accordance with country specific regulations.
^{*2}All service/regulatory requirements apply, with the addition of no energized left-side service. Minimum room size includes Axial Head Holder and Extender.
^{*3}For Up/Down Table, the minimum room size can satisfy no less than 1400mm scan range (with axial head holder), in this case short footprint mode should be considered to avoid cradle out of room limit. For Fixed Height Table, the minimum room size can satisfy no less than 1200mm scan range (with axial head holder).

 **NOTE**
For systems installed in China, scan room are more than 30m² is recommended according to the national regulation.

6.1.1 Suggested Room Size

The suggested room configuration offers the most flexibility for future upgrades. It provides both ample workspace and space to add mill-work and still meet all regulatory requirements. When local regulations require a sink in the scan room, this room size also provides sufficient space for a sink. This room size accommodates the needs of larger hospitals and medical teaching facilities, where patients may require transportation to the scan area in beds, gurneys, and larger wheelchairs and where they may require the assistance of larger medical care teams. Likewise, this room offers adequate access for crash carts and other emergency medical equipment on both sides of the table. Future upgrades may need additional equipment. You may want to consider an equipment room. The suggested size supports all service activities, including tube change, and accommodates all future two-step installations.

6.1.2 Typical Room Size

The typical room configuration represents what is most commonly found at installation sites. It offers adequate workspace and may provide adequate space for a sink, but allows only LIMITED space to add

mill-work and still meet all regulatory requirements. The size of this room accommodates the needs of larger clinics and medium-sized hospitals, where patients may require transportation into the scan area using gurneys and wheelchairs, and where they may require the assistance of small medical care teams. It provides access for crash carts and other emergency medical equipment on only one side of the table.

The typical room size supports all service activities, including tube change, and may offer compatibility with SOME future upgrades and two-step installations.

6.1.3 Minimum Room Size

The minimum room configuration represents the smallest functionally acceptable space for this product and represents the type of room often found at doctor's offices and smaller clinics and outpatient facilities. Due to its limited size, and to functional and regulatory requirements, this room usually provides only LIMITED workspace, and leaves to NO space to add in-room millwork and sinks and still meet the necessary regulatory and service requirements. This room can accommodate the transportation of patients into the scan area using wheelchairs, and provides access for crash carts and other emergency medical equipment on only one side of the table.

Sites considering a minimum room size may not have been designed with the structural requirements necessary to support the system and consequently may require upgrading prior to installation.

Customers considering a minimum room size should discuss their workspace requirements and future upgrade plans with their PMI, as the size and layout of these rooms often eliminates them from any future upgrade considerations and offers NO compatibility with future two-step installations.

If using the square meters (square footage) to determine regulatory compliance, please note that the front and rear cover clearances are wider than the regulatory clearance along the table length, and that the cover park position is behind the table in the home position.

NOTE

Sites must provide sufficient space to allow the removal of the rear cover, which is on the rear cover dollies, from behind the gantry during service operations.

6.2 Suggested and Typical Room Layouts

[Figure 6-1 Suggested / Typical Room Size for Up/Down Table on page 47](#) and [Figure 6-2 Suggested / Typical Room Size for Fixed Height Table on page 48](#) show the suggested and typical room layouts. You need to know the locations for medical gas, surface duct work, or other items that make a grounded wall.



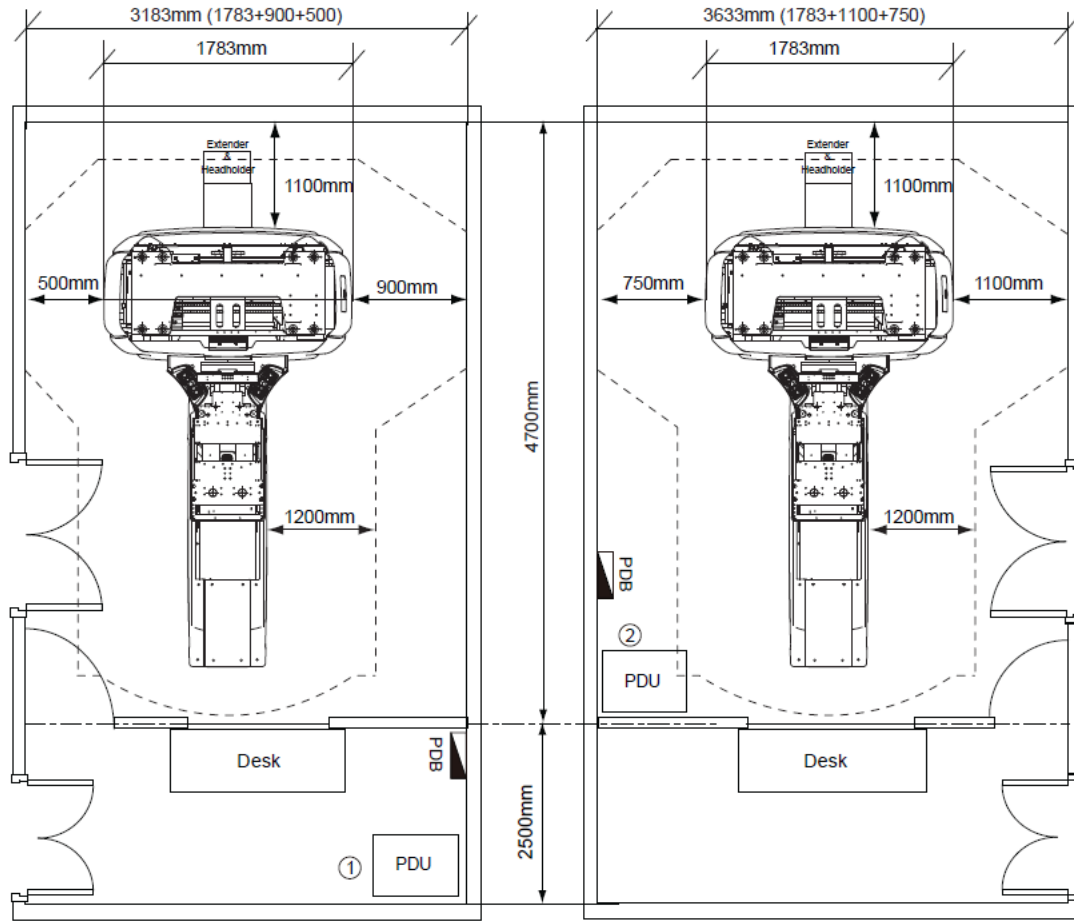
NOTE

Your room layout may meet the suggested and typical room requirements but appear different than [Figure 6-1 Suggested / Typical Room Size for Up/Down Table on page 47](#) and [Figure 6-2 Suggested / Typical Room Size for Fixed Height Table on page 48](#). Your salesperson can provide a detailed room layout for your site.

NOTICE

For U.S. regulatory compliance, please refer to [Figure A-1 U.S. Regulatory Clearance Requirements for Up/Down Table on page 147](#) and [Figure A-2 U.S. Regulatory Clearance Requirements for Fixed Height Table on page 148](#) for service clearance requirement of scan room layout.

Figure 6-1 Suggested / Typical Room Size for Up/Down Table



NOTE 1: One side of the Gantry is no less than 900mm for the Gantry Front/Rear Cover removal.
NOTE 2: The distance is no less than 1100mm between the Gantry Rear Cover and wall used to service SlipRing.
NOTE 3: ① and ② are two kinds of PDU positions. ② is recommended PDU position.

6-4 Minimum Room Size for Up/Down Table without Axial Header Holder or Extender on page 51 and Figure 6-5 Minimum Room Size for Fixed Height Table with Axial Head Holder or Extender on page 52, Figure 6-6 Minimum Room Size for Fixed Height Table without Axial Head Holder or Extender on page 53.

- The minimum room must set short foot print mode to avoid cradle out of room limit. (Only for Up/Down Table)

NOTICE

For Up/Down Table, the minimum scan room size with axial head holder or extender can satisfy 1400mm scan range, and the minimum scan room size without axial head holder or extender can satisfy 1100mm scan range.

CAUTION

The minimum scan room must set short foot print mode to avoid cradle out of room limit.

Figure 6-3 Minimum Room Size for Up/Down Table with Axial Head Holder or Extender

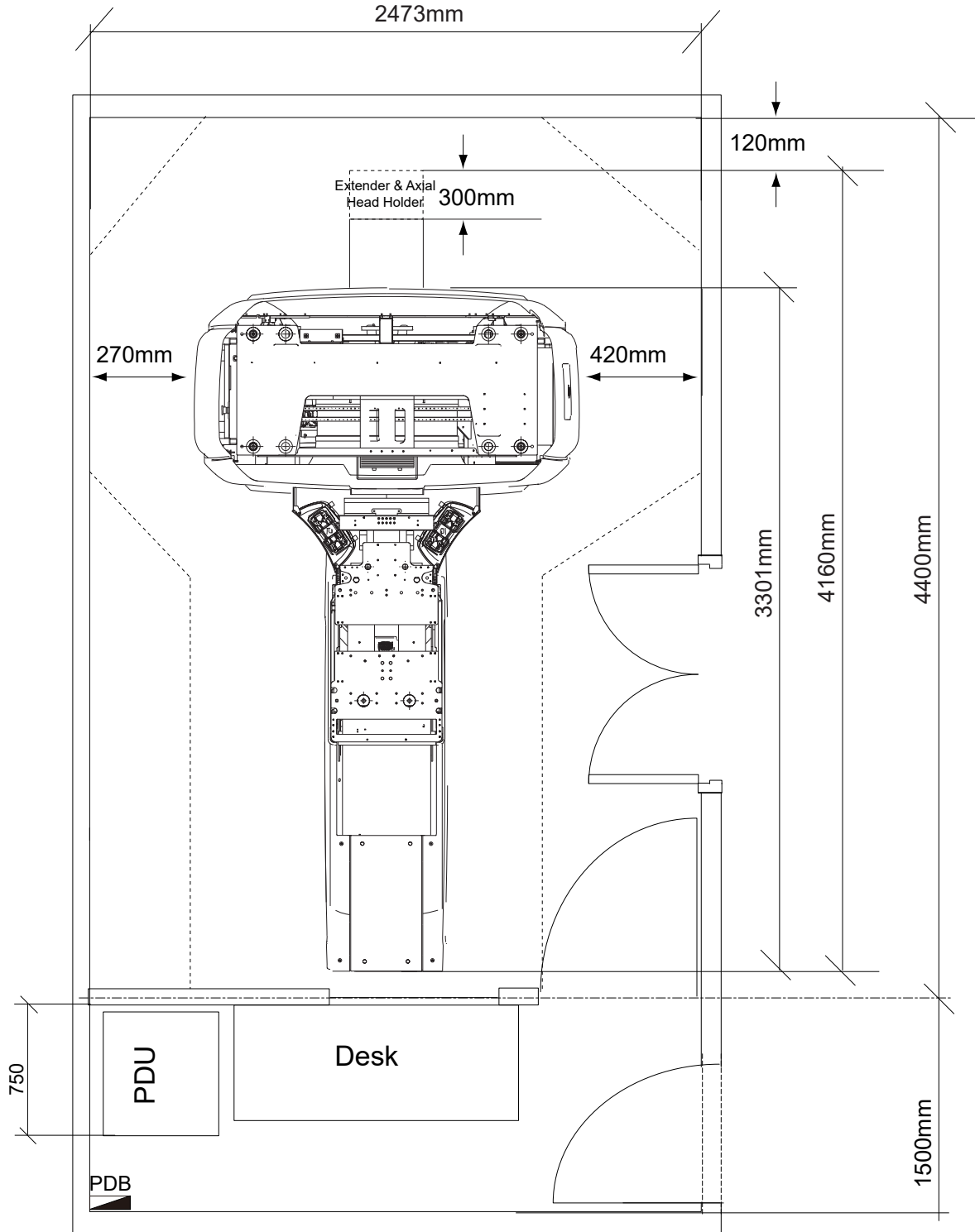
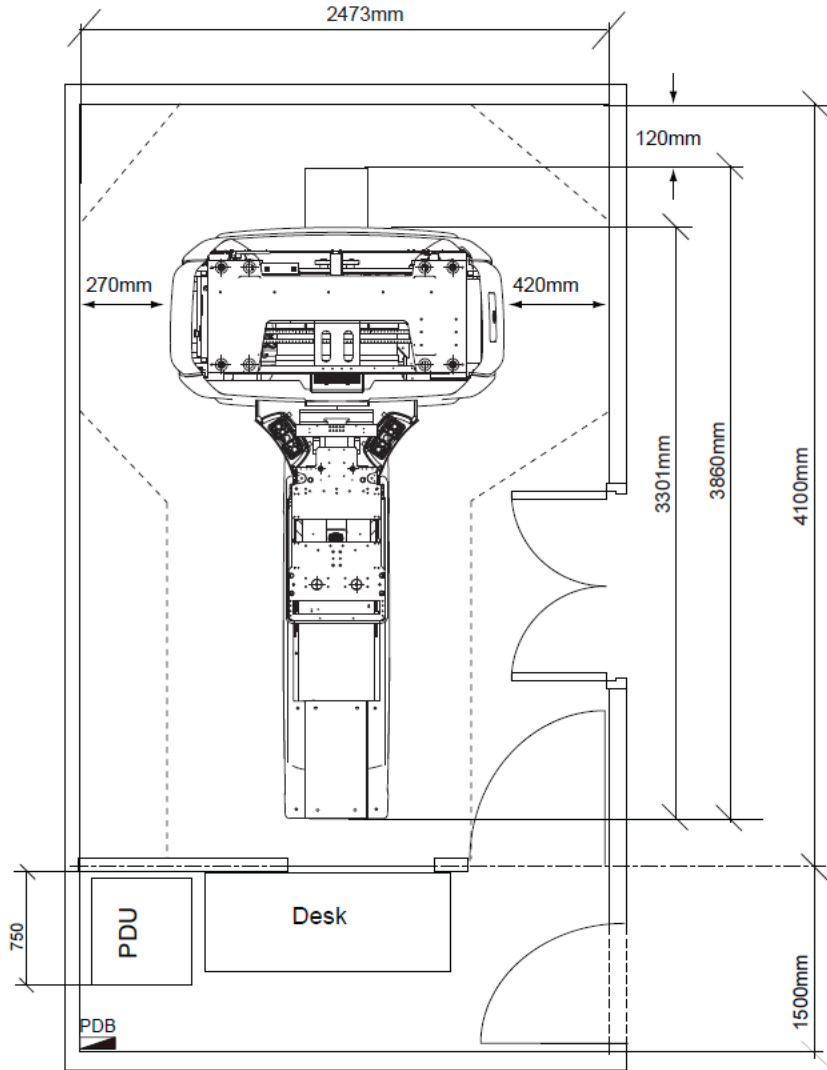


Figure 6-4 Minimum Room Size for Up/Down Table without Axial Header Holder or Extender



NOTICE

For Fixed Height Table, the maximum scannable range with axial head holder or extender should be no less than 1200mm.

Figure 6-5 Minimum Room Size for Fixed Height Table with Axial Head Holder or Extender

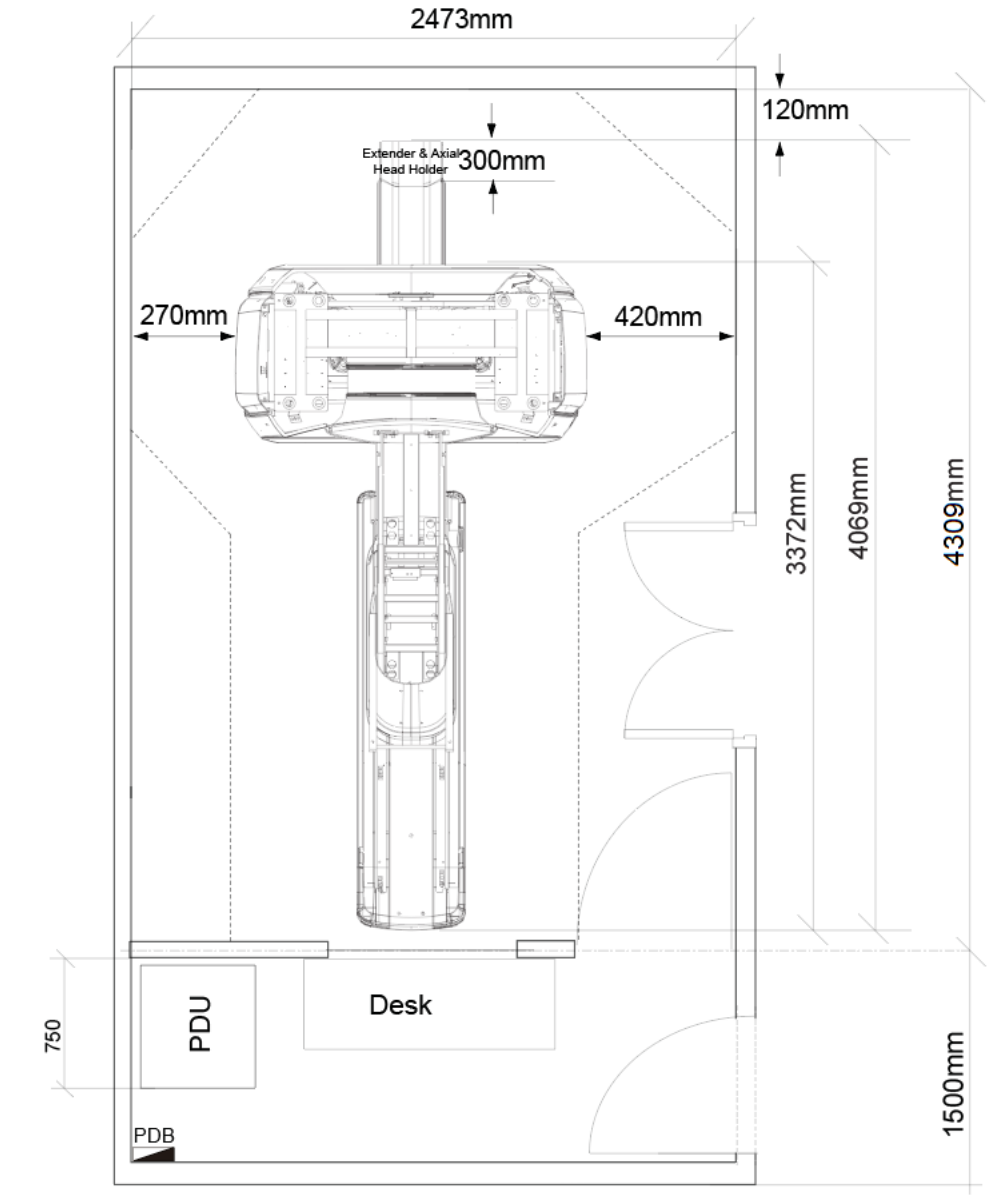
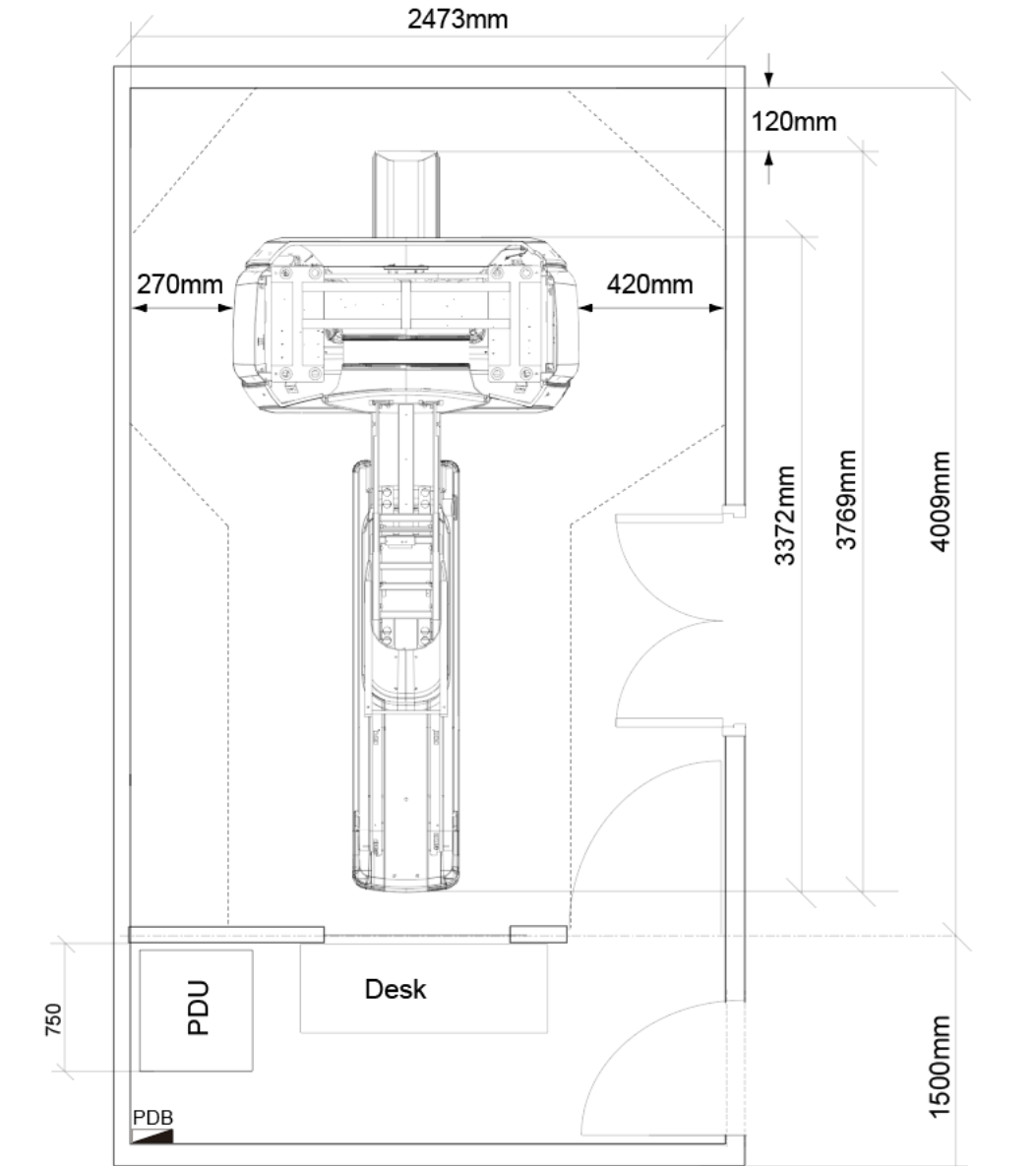


Figure 6-6 Minimum Room Size for Fixed Height Table without Axial Head Holder or Extender



6.4 Short Footprint Considerations(Only for Up/Down Table)

If the site room length cannot satisfy the requirements for standard mode. Short Footprint mode can be considered.

The Short Footprint mode limits the distance of the cradle travel so that cradle does not collide with the wall behind Gantry. The scannable range is limited accordingly.

The Short Footprint features are as follows:

- Cradle Movement limitation can be set at any position.
- Table height limitation cannot be set.

- Scannable range depends on the Gantry Rear space (distance to the wall), but need to consider the Service Clearance and country's local regulation for Gantry Rear space.

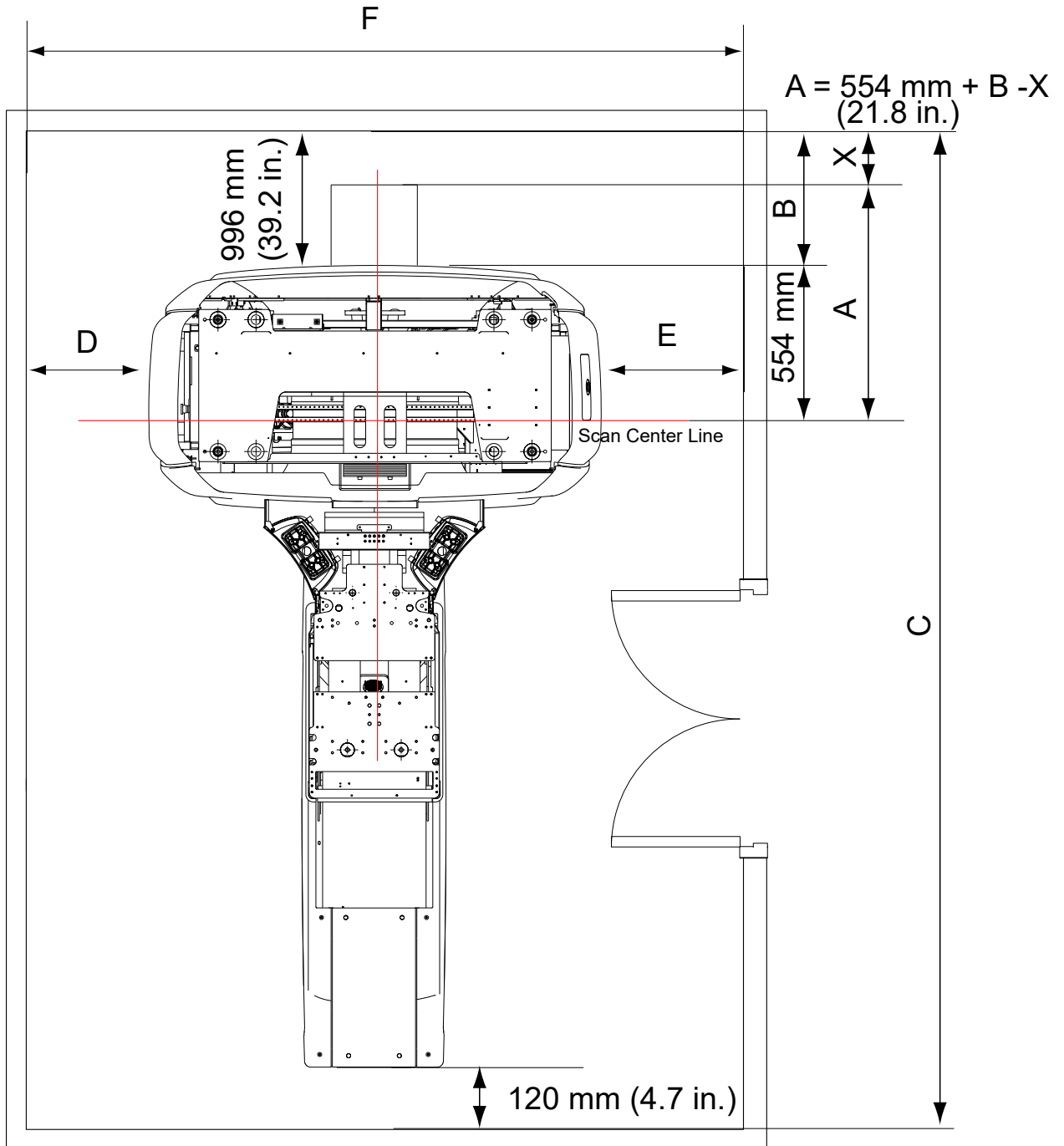
6.4.1 Instruction of using Short Footprint function

NOTICE

Cradle limitation must comply with country or local regulatory clearance requirements. Cradle movement limitation set by short footprint mode must be approved by customer during pre-installation.

1. Refer to [Figure 6-7 Short Footprint Calculation diagram on page 55](#), use floor template with ruler or system installation-alignment tool to prearrange the layout and calculate the cradle scannable limitation (A).
2. Make GE siting print to meet regulatory and service clearance requirements.
3. Record the distance from cradle limitation to wall (X) and cradle scannable limitation (A) for installation.

Figure 6-7 Short Footprint Calculation diagram



A: Cradle Scannable Limitation, the value to be set using Short Footprint function

A (Scannable Range (approx.)) = $554 + B - X$.

554mm (21.8 in.): Scan Center Line to Gantry Rear Cover

B: Gantry rear cover to wall, no less than 996 mm (39.2 in.).

C: Room Length

D: Gantry left side to wall, no less than 270mm (10.7 in.). Refer to [6.3 Minimum Room Layouts on page 48](#) for details about Limited Access.

E: Gantry right side to wall, no less than 420 mm (16.6 in.).

F: Room Width

X: Distance from cradle limitation to wall, safety clearance to prevent cradle hitting wall, no less than 120mm (4.7 in.)

NOTICE

It is Suggested that safety clearance from cradle IN-limit to wall should be no less than 120 mm. [6.3 Minimum Room Layouts on page 48](#) shows minimum room layout with Short Footprint function (Gantry rear cover can be removed).

6.5 Control Room Considerations

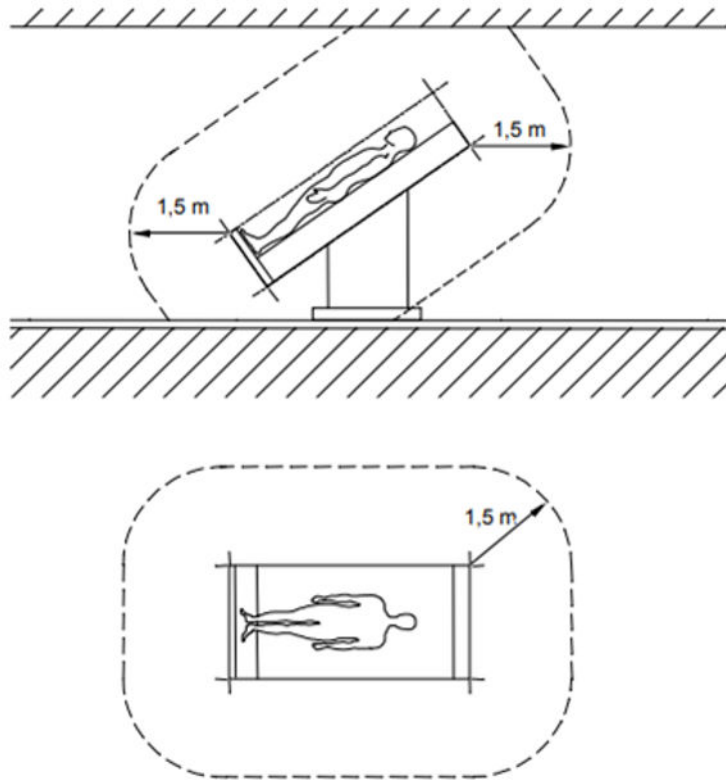
- The control room must provide an operating environment suitable for the console electronics and the operator's working comfort. See [9 Environmental Requirements on page 95](#).
- As the console requires adequate venting, maintain 96 mm (4 in.) of clear, unobstructed space on all sides of the console to allow the four fans located on the rear of the console to exhaust air to both the left and right.
- Provide a suitable work area within reach of the console for the placement of the injector control. Injector controls differ in dimensions depending on the brand selected.
- A PACS, workstation, image printer, or filming device may appear in the console control room area. These devices or other components, though having a direct link to the console via network or ethernet cable, shall NOT receive power from the console (if outlets exists on the console). If you are using additional devices or components, consider additional room power and network connections when reviewing the console workspace.
- The console must remain in the same configuration as shipped. Do not dismantle the console, or remove or rearrange its components.
- Cable lengths must remain as shipped (cables cannot be cut or extended to mount the monitor on the customer's counter).

6.6 Patient Environment

NOTICE

When install the console in the scan room, do not place it within the patient environment.

The patient environment is defined as the following picture.



IEC 2431/05

Only Scanning Gantry, Patient Table components and the following options can be placed in this area.

- Extream Injector
- AVIMOS Camera

7 System Component Dimensions

7.1 Minimum Operating Clearances

The sections in this chapter provide the minimum dimension and operating clearance information for each category of components listed. Be sure that the site conforms to each of these specifications.

7.1.1 Ceiling Pedestal Mount Installation

The distance from the floor to the lowest point of the ceiling pedestal mount for the Injector or Monitor CANNOT measure LESS than 2134 mm (84 in.). Refer to the installation guides of those components for the length of the mounting post.

NOTICE

Failure to maintain a distance of at least 2134 mm (84 in.) from the floor to the lowest point of the Injector or Monitor ceiling pedestal mount may pose a safety hazard. For installations with a finished ceiling height that is less than suggested, consideration should be given to utilizing floor mounted components, or attaching the mounting plate in the overhead (for example, above dropped ceiling tiles).

7.1.2 Injector Control Installation

Minimum dimensions and clearances include the following requirements for the injector control:

- Provision of a suitable work area for placement of the injector control, within reach of the console.
- Wall mounted, ceiling mounted, and pedestal units require routing of cables from the gantry area to the console area. The supplied cable measures 15.2 m (50 ft).
- Injectors require an AC power source that is powered from the console. The IEC power cord is supplied with the injector.
- Available mounts come in several different lengths and configurations. Refer to the injector documentation for detailed installation instructions.

NOTE

The console requires IEC power plugs to power GE approved options. All Options used with the system must be powered using the console or gantry power plugs.

For systems using any NEC power plugs, Options (such as Video splitter) must be plugged inside the console power strip.

7.1.3 System Operational Clearances

The clearances listed in [Table 7-1 Minimum Dimensions and Operational Clearances on page 59](#) govern system operation; be sure that the site maintains each of these clearances.

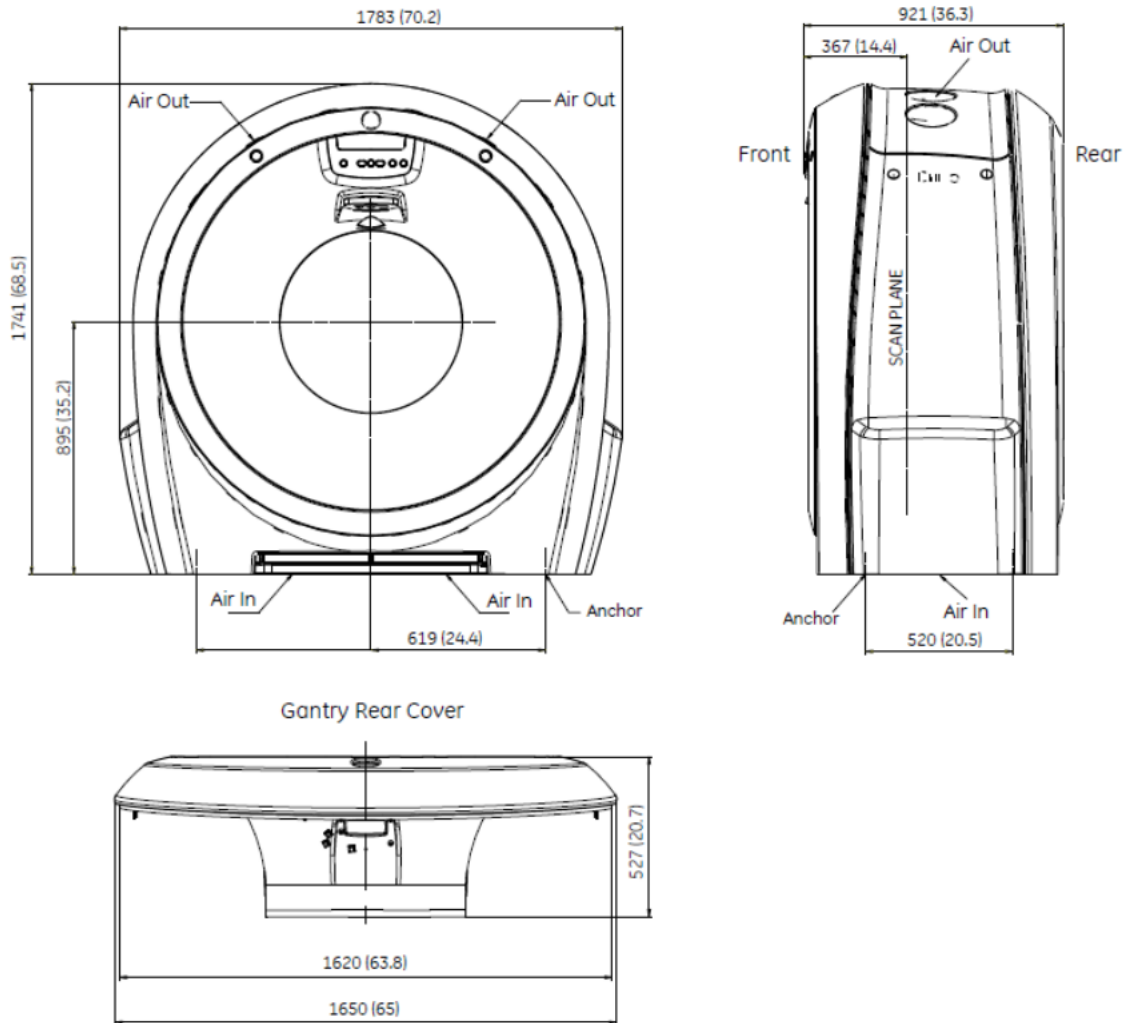
Table 7-1 Minimum Dimensions and Operational Clearances

System Configuration	System Operation	mm	inches
Common	Ceiling pedestal mount (optional) lowest point for injector to finished floor	2134 mm	84 in.
	Finished ceiling to floor (suggested)	2743 mm	108 in.
	Finished ceiling to floor (minimum)	2286 mm	90 in.
	Back of Console to wall	96 mm	4 in.
	Back of PDU to wall	152 mm	6 in.
Up/Down Table	Table maximum extension head end with axial head holder to Scan Center Line	1513 mm	59.6 in.
	Table maximum extension head end with axial head holder to obstruction (wall)	120 mm	4.7 in.
	Table in lowest position with cradle at home position to surface of Gantry front cover	2380 mm	93.7 in.
Fixed Height Table	Table maximum extension head end with axial head holder to Scan Center Line	1251 mm	49.3 in.
	Table maximum extension head end with axial head holder to obstruction (wall)	120 mm	4.7 in.
	Table in lowest position with cradle at home position to surface of Gantry front cover	2451 mm	96.5 in.

7.2 Component Dimensions

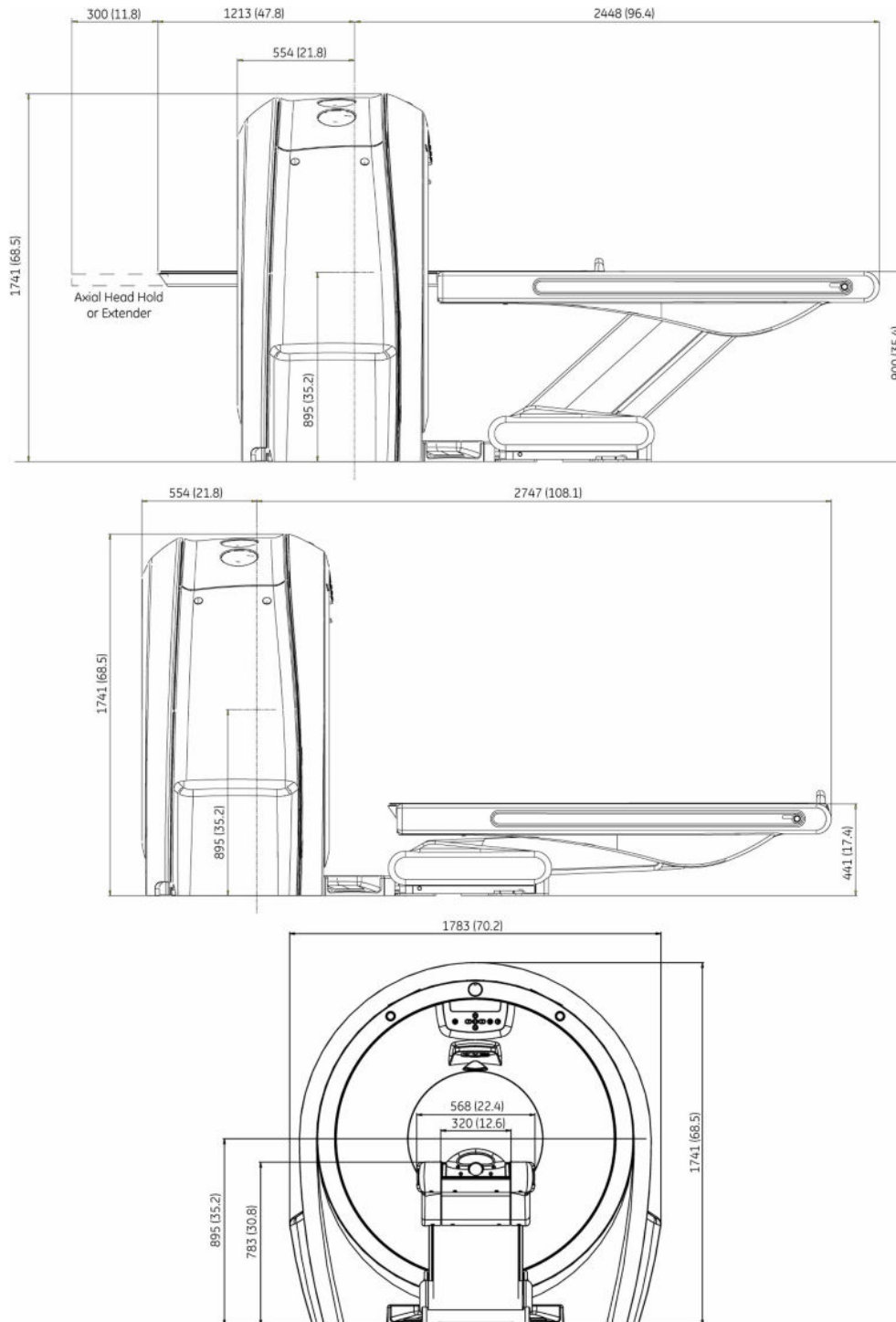
7.2.1 Gantry Dimensions

Figure 7-1 Gantry Dimensions with Covers



7.2.2 Gantry and Table Dimensions

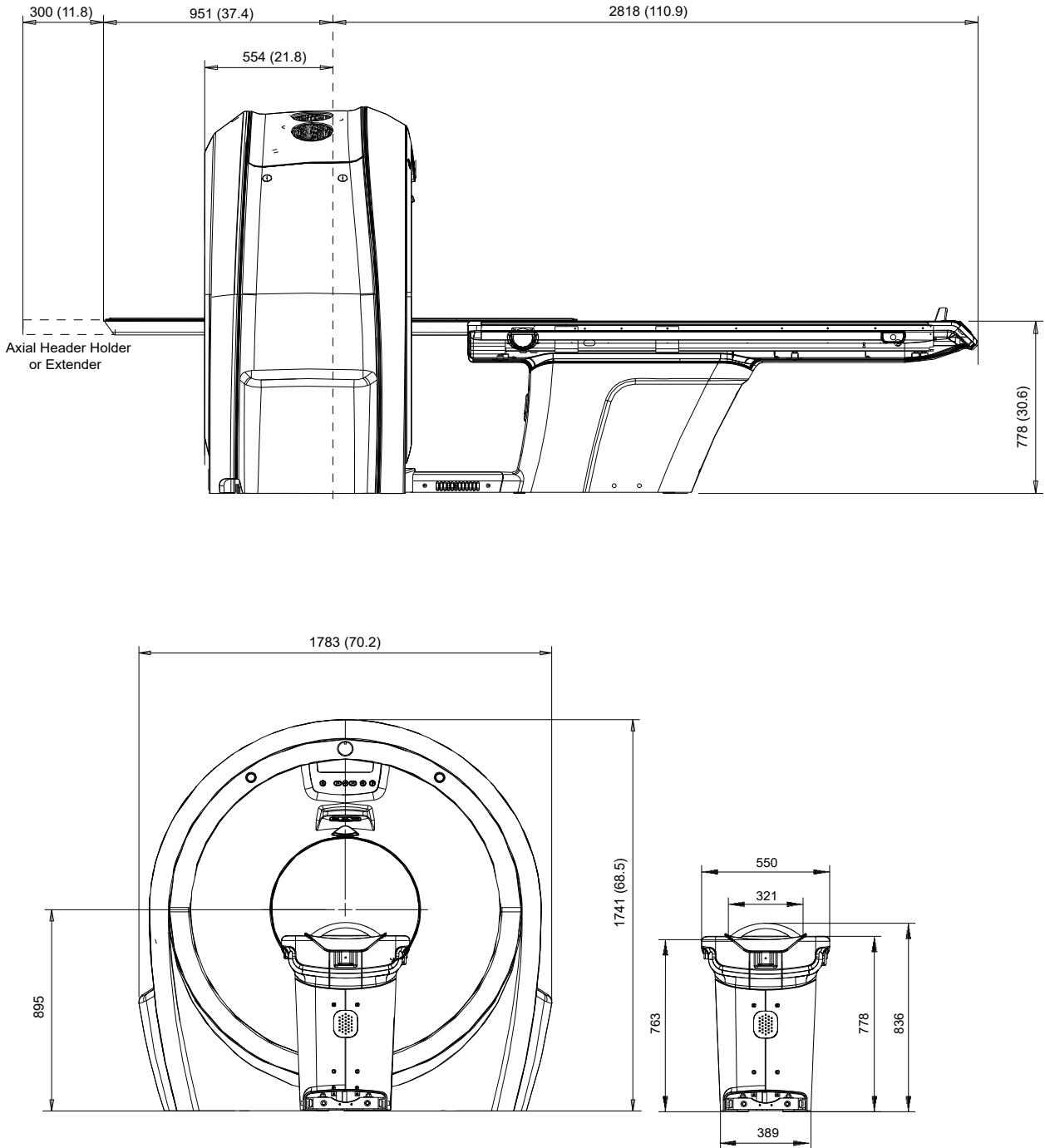
Figure 7-2 Gantry and Up/Down Table Dimension




NOTE

Table is located in the highest and the lowest position of electrical limit.

Figure 7-3 Gantry and Fixed Height Table Dimension

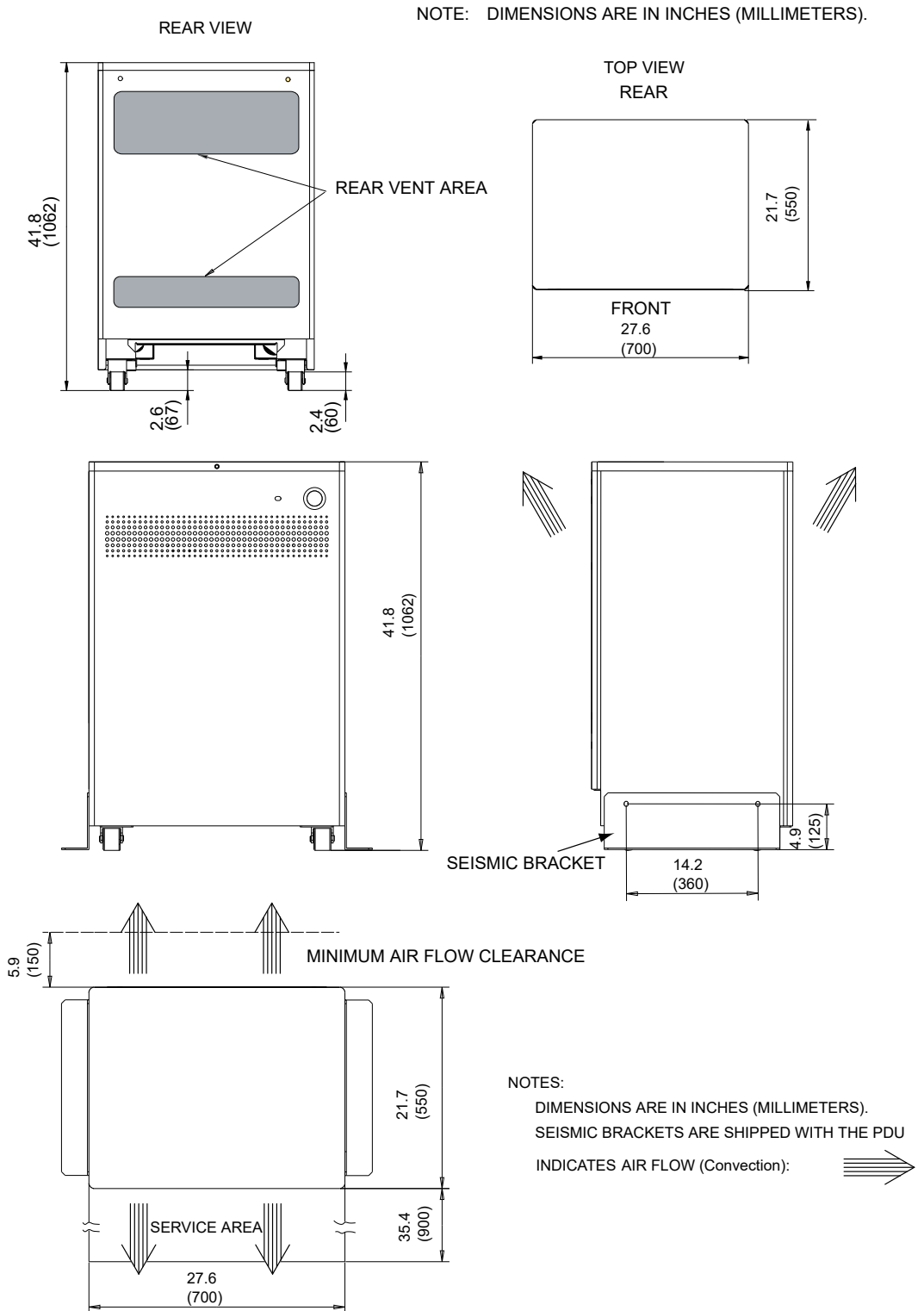


 **NOTE** Table maximum travel length is electrical limit.

7.2.3 Power Distribution Unit Dimensions

PDU dimensions, air intake/exhaust, seismic bracket locations, and service areas appear below.

Figure 7-4 Power Distribution Unit

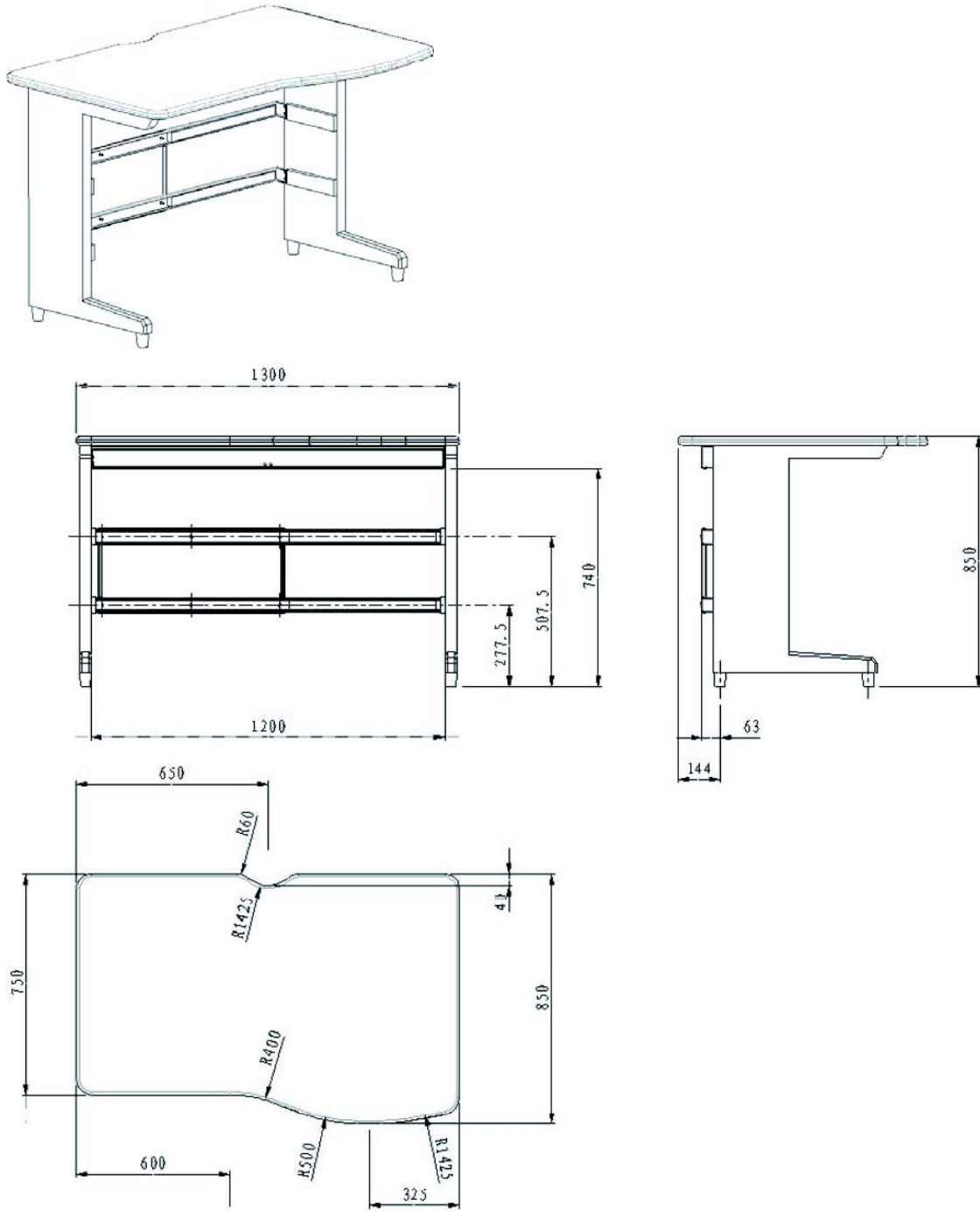


7.2.4 Console Dimensions

Figure 7-5 Operator's Console



Figure 7-6 Aurora SWS Table (part 5449758-2)



8 Structural and Mounting Requirements

8.1 Importance of Meeting Structural Requirements

System performance specifications require close consideration of the customer's floor properties. The information in this chapter provides critical information and guidelines that the customer or PMI should communicate to the architect, structural engineer, and contractor prior to construction or renovation. Failure to properly evaluate the customer's floor and ceiling properties may result in limited performance and possible safety hazards.

8.1.1 Levelness, Vibration, and Floor Loading

All floors, whether configured to use the recommended GE-supplied anchoring system or an equivalent anchoring method, must meet the system requirements for Levelness, Vibration and Floor Loading.

8.1.2 Seismic Loading

Local laws and building codes in some areas may require the customer's contractor and structural engineer to consider seismic loads. Seismic Mounting provides the information necessary for the customer's contractor and structural engineer to complete the proper seismic calculations.

8.1.3 Anchoring

[8.5 GE-Supplied Anchoring on page 86](#) lists the information necessary for the customer's contractor or structural engineer to properly implement the GE-supplied anchoring system, if appropriate for the site. Please note that local laws, building codes, seismic considerations, and building or structural limitations may require the use of anchoring methods other than the GE-supplied anchoring system. In such cases, responsibility for providing an equivalent anchoring method rests solely with the customer's contractor or structural engineer.

Consult your architect, structural engineer, contractor, or PMI to resolve any questions.

NOTICE

Responsibility for providing an approved support structure and mounting method for all floor types, other than those listed in this chapter, rests with the purchaser. General Electric accepts no responsibility for any failure of the support structure or anchoring method, including seismic mounting and anchoring. GE accepts no responsibility for methods other than those listed.

8.2 Ceiling Requirements

The minimum ceiling height above the table and gantry shall measure at least 2286 mm (90 in.) or the minimum distance allowed by local laws and codes, whichever is greater, when measured from the floor to the finished ceiling or to the ceiling pedestal mounts of any ceiling-mounted components.

The purchaser or their contractor shall complete the installation of all pedestals for ceiling-mounted components. The PMI will provide the necessary bolt hole information upon request.

**NOTE**

The ceiling-mounted components should NOT touch any electricity conductive structures which are connected with power or grounding other than CT system's power and grounding, to avoid unexpected short circuit/arcing hazard.

8.2.1 Ceiling Requirement for AVIMOS Camera

AVIMOS needs the cameras to get the proper video for doctor/technologist to view the gantry internal / external laser lines, table movement and monitor patient. Then particular area/sharpness for each video is required. Where to locate the camera and how to adjust direction is important.

If customer has purchased RCK with AVIMOS kit, please refer to **Remote Control Kit with Assisted Video Monitoring System Manual (5863844-1EN)** from SIMS Content Viewer for details.

8.2.1.1 AVIMOS Camera Installation Typical Layout

Figure 8-1 RCK-AVIMOS Schematics Diagram

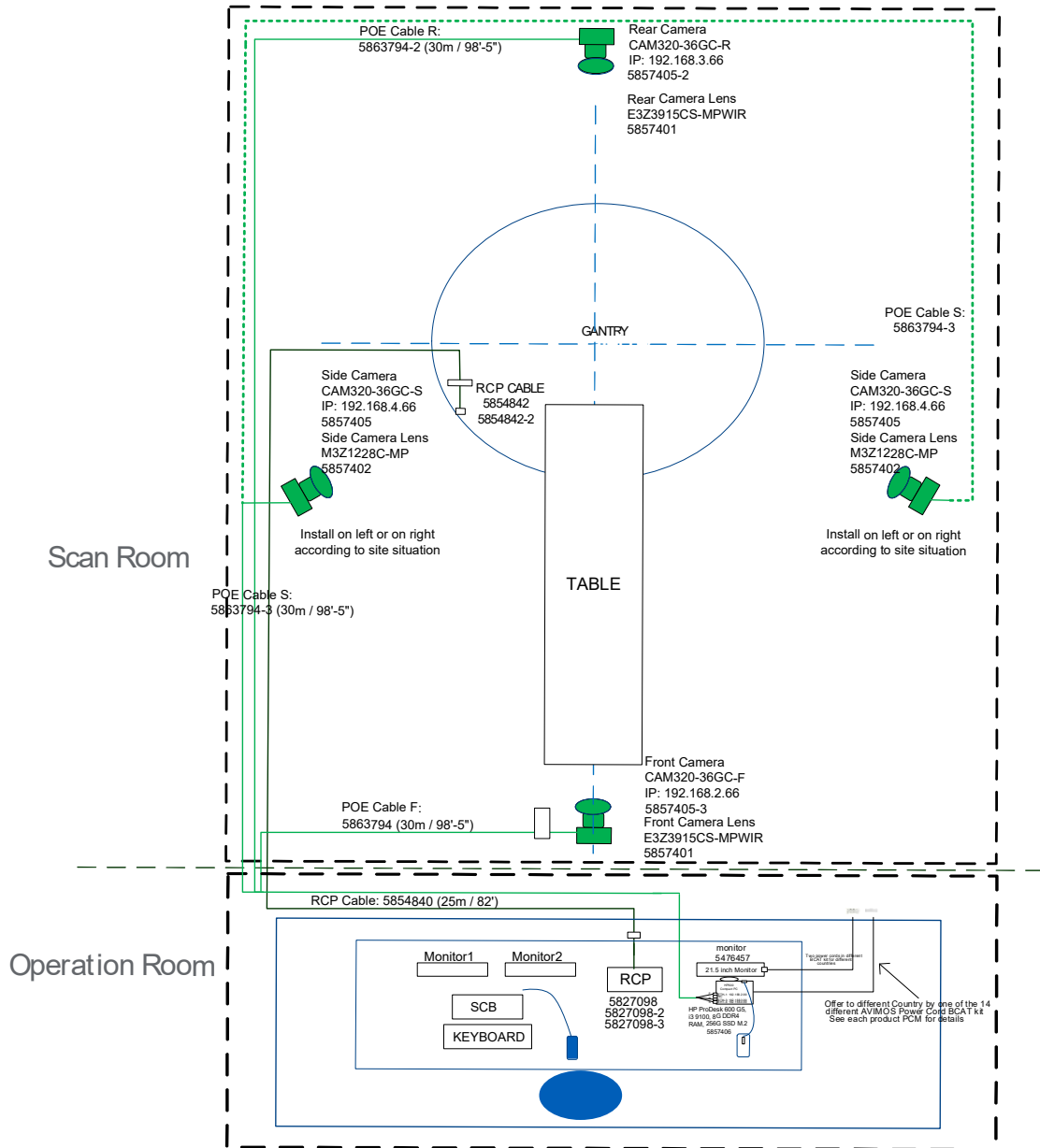
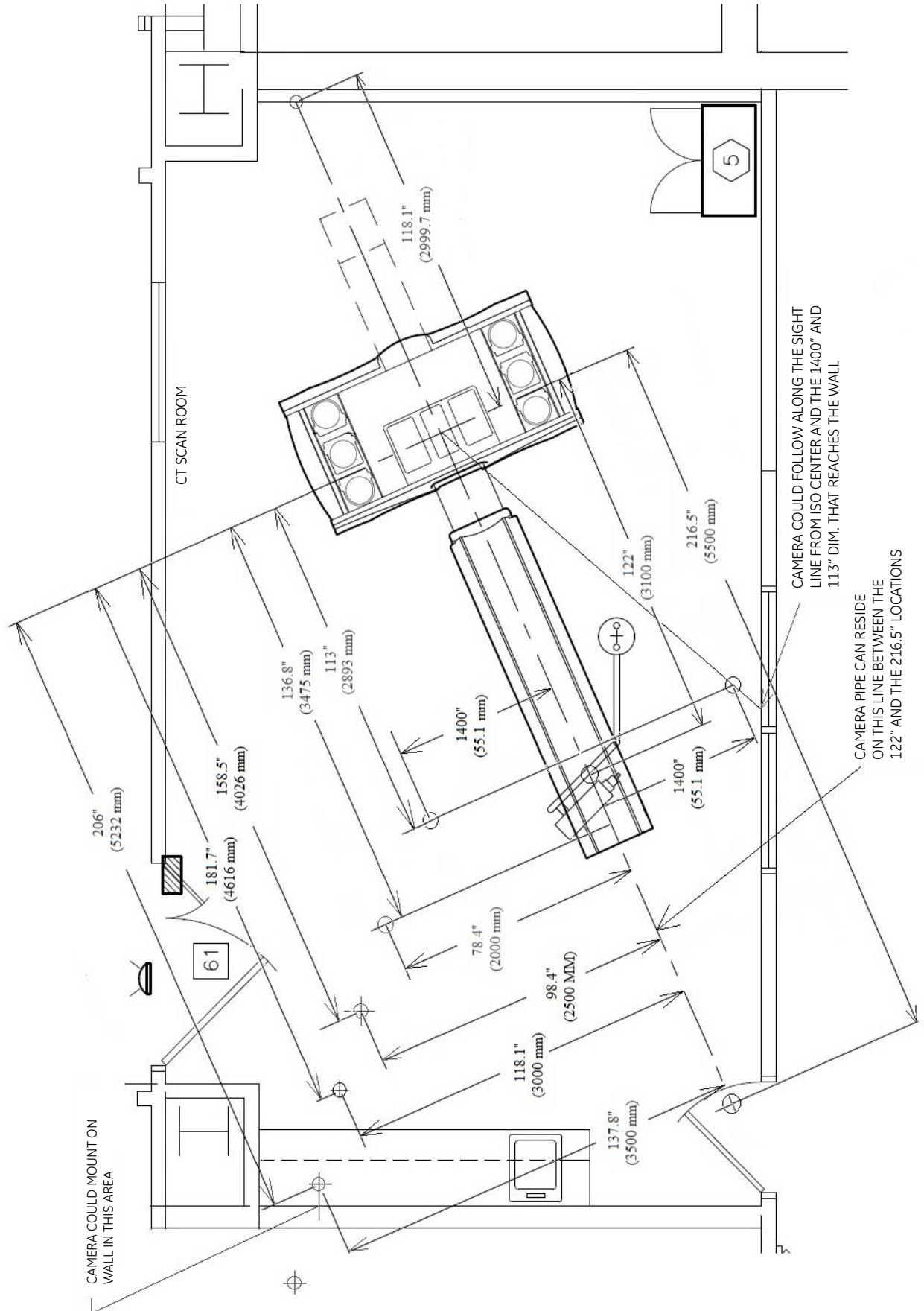


Figure 8-2 Example for Camera Position



8.2.1.2 Junction Plate Requirement

GE will provide two junction plates (Standard - 5863746 and Pipe - 5863748). If the junction plates supplied by GE can not meet the requests of the building structure, the customer’s architect can design and install the equivalent junction plate with sufficient strength to hold the camera.

WARNING



The customer’s architect is responsible for installing of junction plate. The system manufacturer will NOT inspect and test that the fixing methods between the Junction Plate and the building structure meet the loading capacity specified (recommend a 4x safety factor).

8.2.1.2.1 Standard Junction Plate

Figure 8-3 Standard Junction Plate (Supplied by GE)

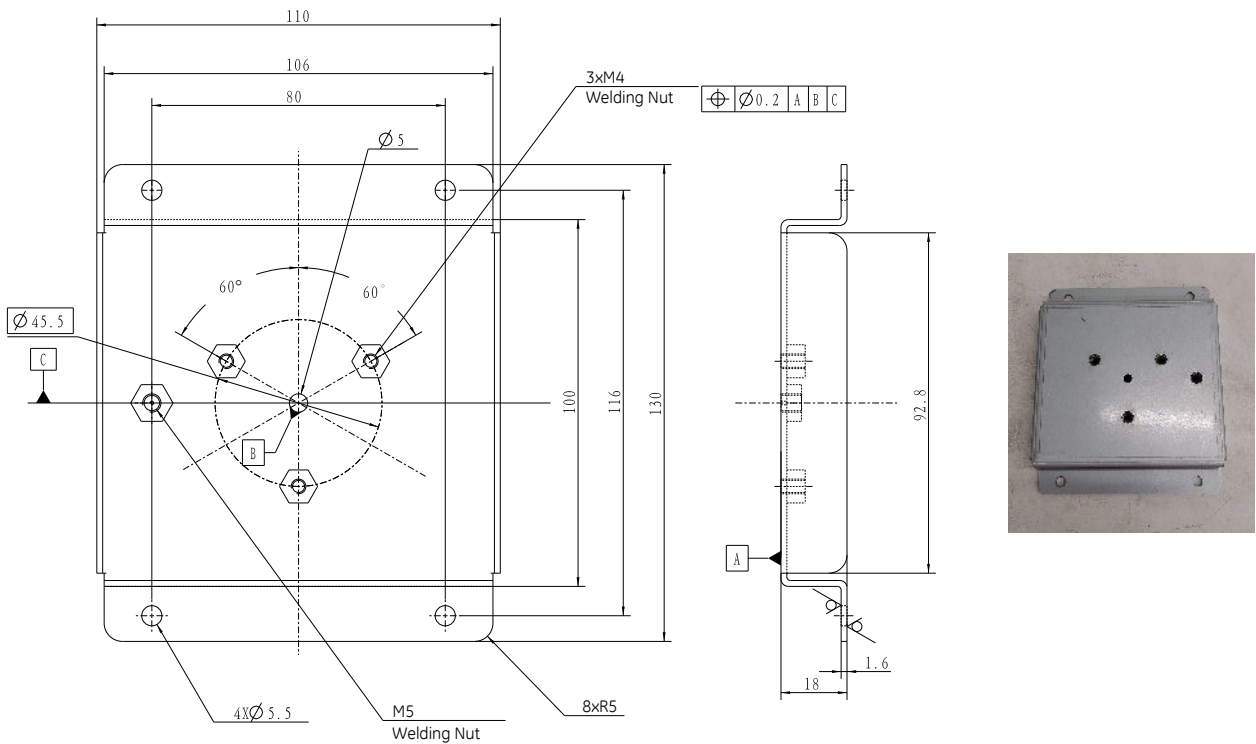

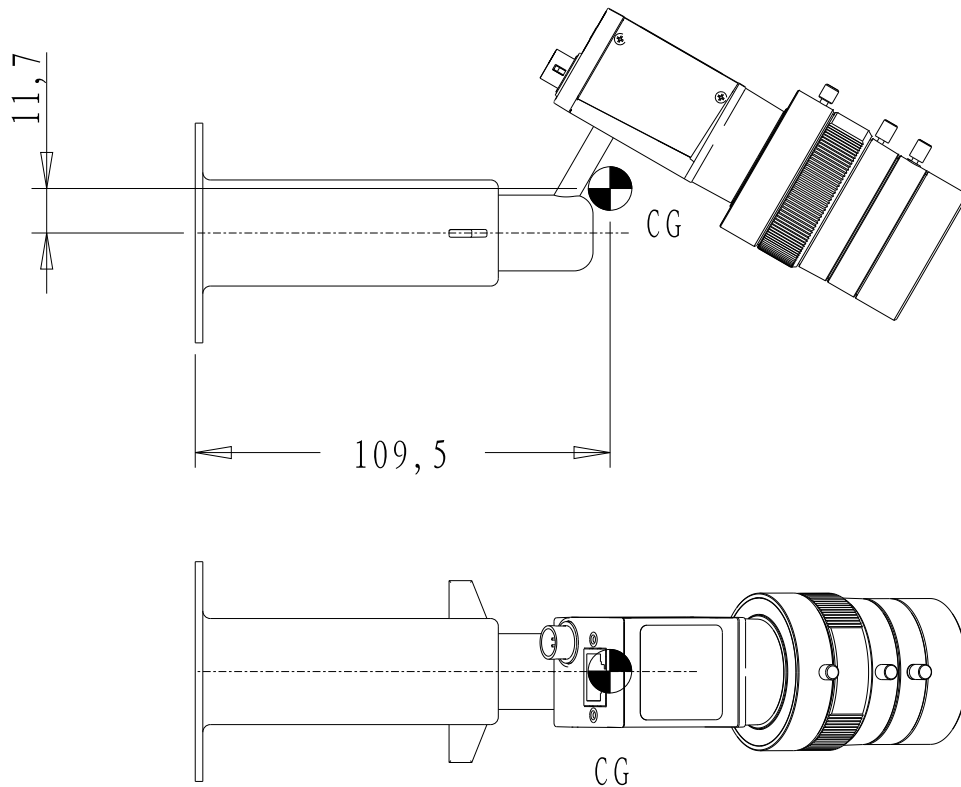


Figure 8-4 Center of Gravity

 Center of Gravity for Standard Configuration

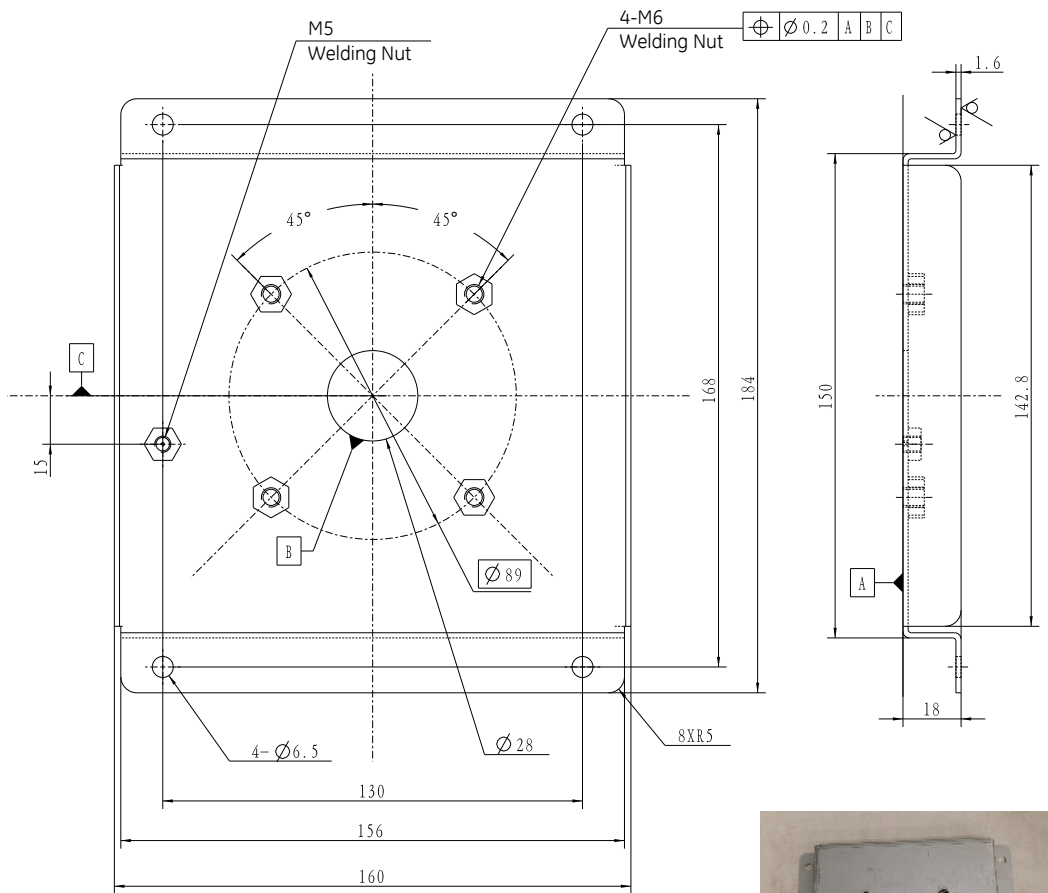


If a structural contractor designed an equivalent flat plate, the thickness should be 15mm or more, three (3) M4 mounting holes are required to anchor the camera bracket to the junction plate and one (1) M5 hole is used to anchor the safety chain. Please consider the loading capacity of the junction plate, the total weight of the camera and bracket provided by GE is 0.335kg.

The detailed instruction for hole size refers to [Figure 8-3 Standard Junction Plate \(Supplied by GE\)](#) on page 70 and [Figure 8-4 Center of Gravity](#) on page 71.

8.2.1.2.2 Junction Plate for Pipe

Figure 8-5 Junction Plate for Pipe (Supplied by GE)

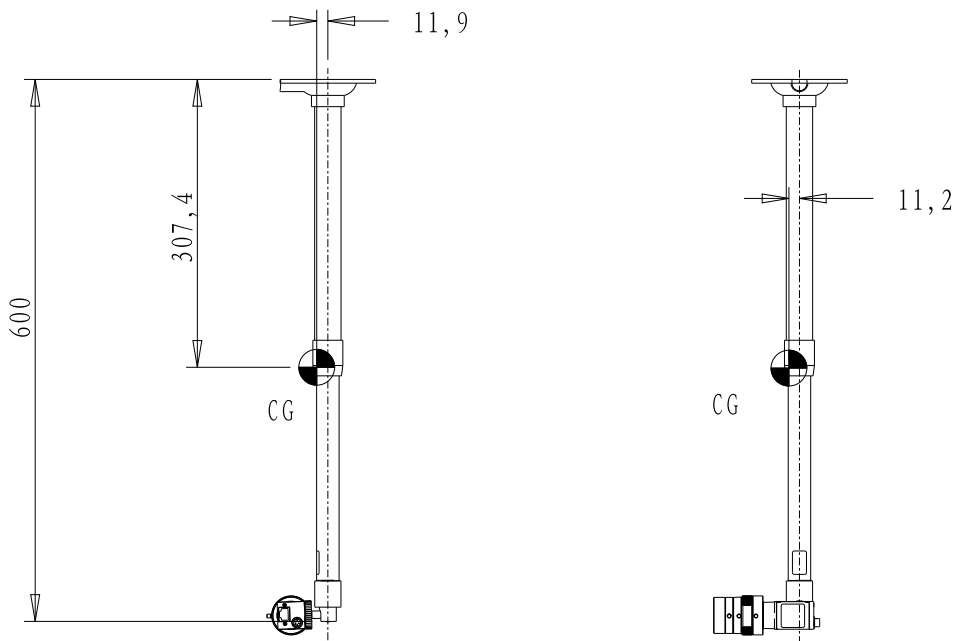


GB-T 13681-1992 Welding Nut		
	M5	M6
thickness (mm)	3.7 - 4	4.7 - 5
pledge load (N)	11000	15500



Figure 8-6 Center of Gravity

 Center of Gravity for Pipe Configuration

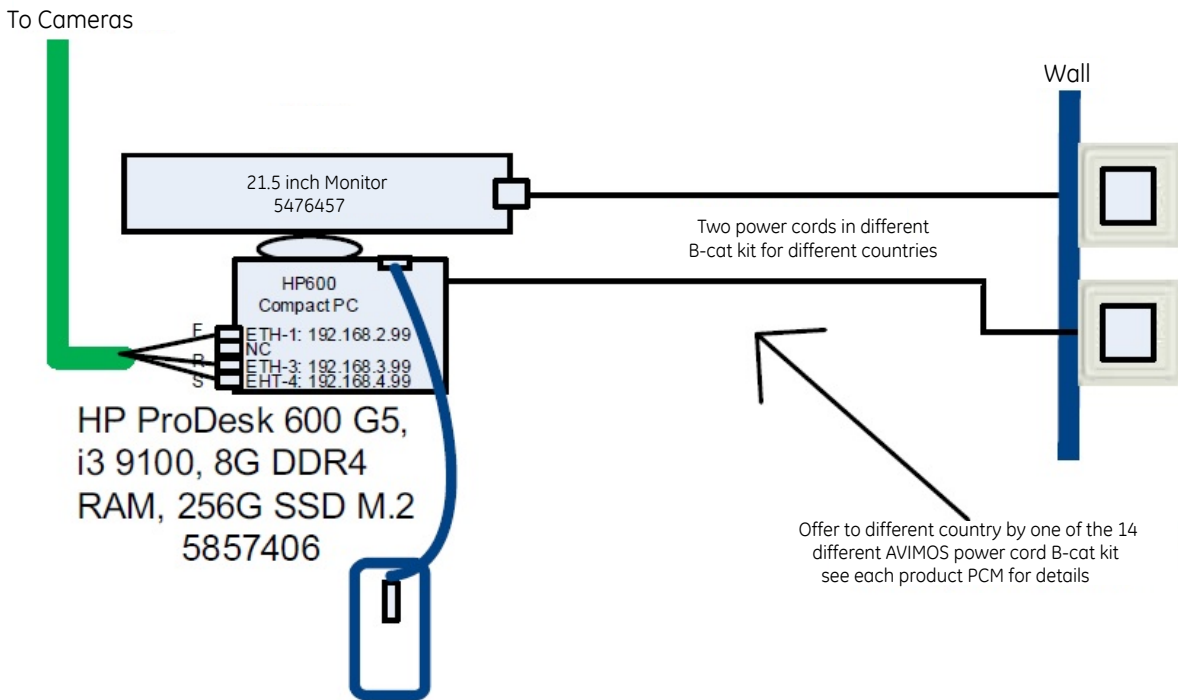


If a structural contractor designed an equivalent flat plate, the thickness should be 15mm or more, four (4) M6 mounting holes are required to anchor the camera bracket to the junction plate and one (1) M5 hole is used to anchor the safety chain. Please consider the loading capacity of the junction plate, the total weight of the camera and extendable pipe provided by GE is 0.665kg.

The detailed instruction for hole size refers to [Figure 8-5 Junction Plate for Pipe \(Supplied by GE\)](#) on page 72 and [Figure 8-6 Center of Gravity](#) on page 73.

8.2.1.3 Cable Requirement

Figure 8-7 Cable Connection



8.2.1.3.1 LAN Cable Requirement

RCK-AVIMOS has three LAN cables, which need to be routed from the operating room to the scan room, so the customer should complete cable-conduit installation on ceiling in advance. (Refer to [Figure 8-1 RCK-AVIMOS Schematics Diagram on page 68](#))

8.2.1.3.2 Power Cable Requirement

AVIMOS power cord should meet global all countries/regions, there are 14 selectable Power Cord Kits for different countries. (See [Figure 8-7 Cable Connection on page 74](#))



NOTE

The computer and monitor of AVIMOS needs to be placed in scan room because of cameras adjustment, please ensure that the wall output voltage in the scan room meets the requirements of the computer and LCD monitor.

Table 8-1 Computer and Monitor Voltage Requirement

Component	Element	Range
HP600 Computer	Mains input Volts / Amperes / Frequency	100-240VAC, ~/2.3A, 50-60Hz
LCD Monitor	Mains input Volts / Amperes / Frequency	100-240VAC, 0.75-0.40A (1.3A for Mexico), 50/60Hz

8.3 Minimum Floor Requirements

8.3.1 Floor Levelness Specification

8.3.1.1 Critical Specifications

Accurate patient positioning during scanning depends on proper alignment of the gantry and the table. The floor levelness specifications in [Table 8-2 CRITICAL SPECIFICATIONS for Floor Levelness on page 75](#) ensure that the table and gantry height adjusters have enough range to allow proper leveling of the system.

Table 8-2 CRITICAL SPECIFICATIONS for Floor Levelness

Specification	Metric (minimum)	English (minimum)
Levelness	6 mm maximum variance over 3048 mm	1/4 in. maximum variance over 10 ft

8.3.1.2 Floor Levelness Guidelines

Consider the following factors when determining floor levelness:

- Factors that can disturb the levelness of a weak floor, including:
 - Moving weights such as gurneys or heavy personal equipment.
 - Changes in the system's center-of-gravity when the table moves, as the table can carry a load capacity of up to 180 kg (396 lbs).
- Resilient tile, carpeting, or equivalent that may yield or compress over time. At sites with such floor coverings, be sure to cut away the tile or carpeting where the table and gantry adjusters touch the floor to expose the stable base material upon which to seat the adjusters.
- Floor shims are NOT PERMITTED.
- Refer to the steps listed in [8.3.1.3 Measuring Floor Levelness on page 75](#) to check whether the floor of the scan suite meets the floor levelness specifications for the system.

8.3.1.3 Measuring Floor Levelness

8.3.1.3.1 GE Floor Template



NOTE

The floor template NOT shipped with system anymore, PMI needs order the floor template if needed.

1. Using the GE Floor Template to establish the room layout and system location, locate the table and gantry anchor holes.

NOTE

To order a GE Floor Template (Up/Down: 5414624; Fixed Height: 5535299), contact the GE Project Manager of Installation.

2. Place the gantry template on the floor and align it according to the GE site print.

3. Place the table template over the top of the gantry template, and align the scan and table centerlines.
4. Secure the templates to the floor.
5. Use a laser to check the levelness of the floor across the entire area covered by the template, as shown in [Figure 8-8 Determining Floor Levelness \(For Up/Down Table\) on page 77](#) and [Figure 8-9 Determining Floor Levelness \(For Fixed Height Table\) on page 78](#).

NOTE
If the floor is not level, your system cannot be properly aligned.

Figure 8-8 Determining Floor Levelness (For Up/Down Table)

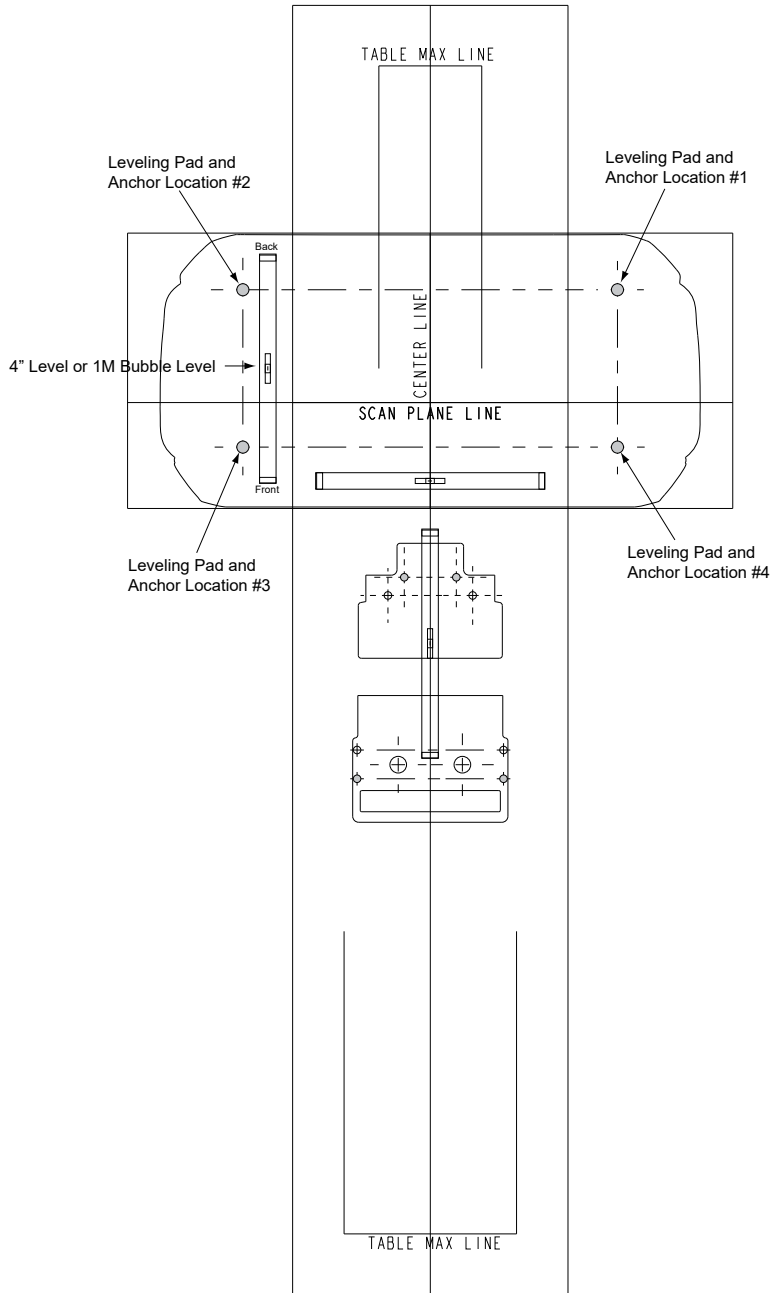
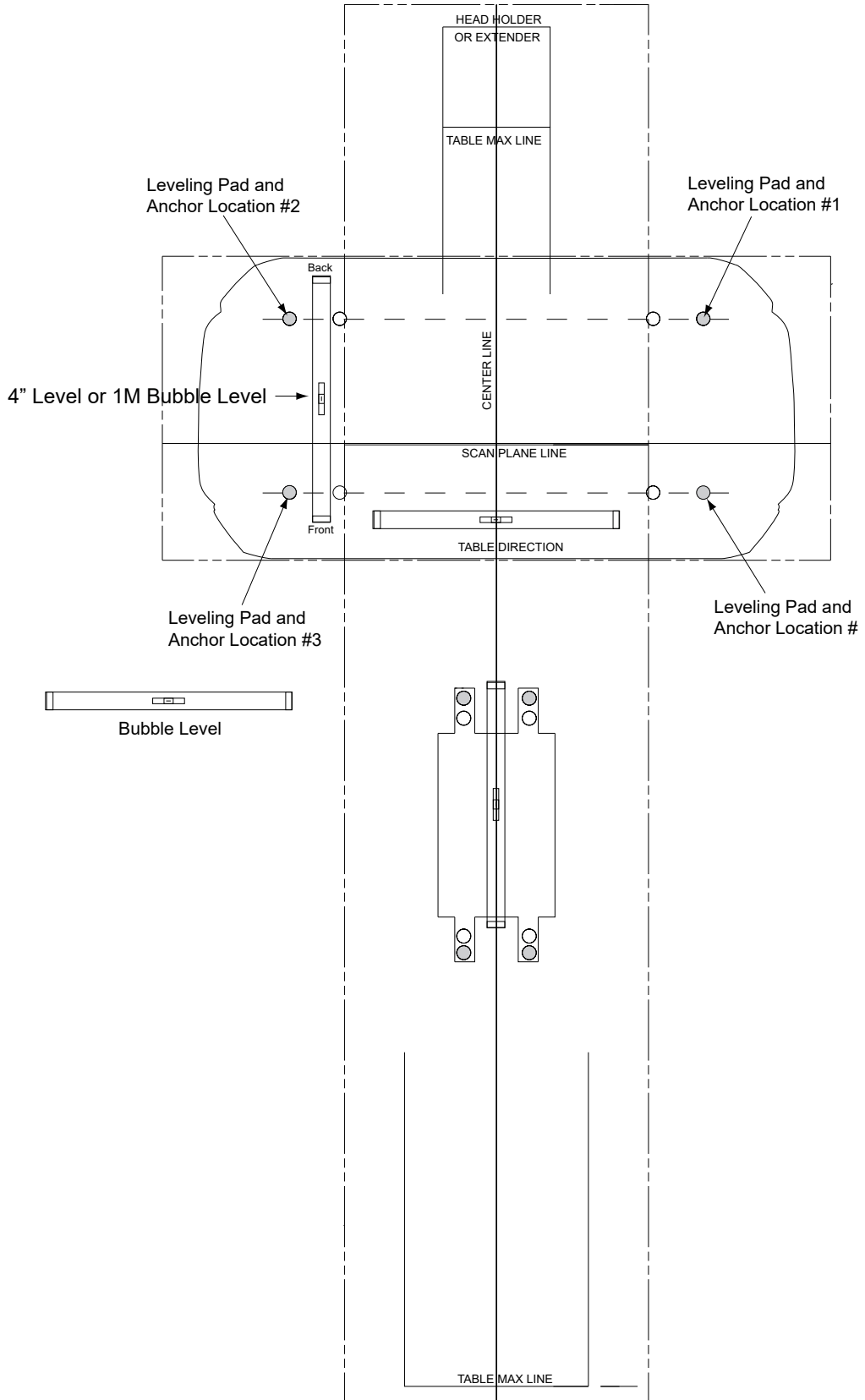


Figure 8-9 Determining Floor Levelness (For Fixed Height Table)



8.3.1.3.2 GE Site CAD Drawing with Alignment Tool (5824714)



NOTE

The alignment tool (5824714) NOT shipped with system, and also available from your PMI / FE from GE tool warehouse. Use this to determine equipment layout and anchoring locations.

1. Identify the position of the gantry and table in the room per the GE print. If everything matches the GE print, continue. If not, please redo two points M and N identification.

Figure 8-10 Site CAD Drawing for Fixed Height Table

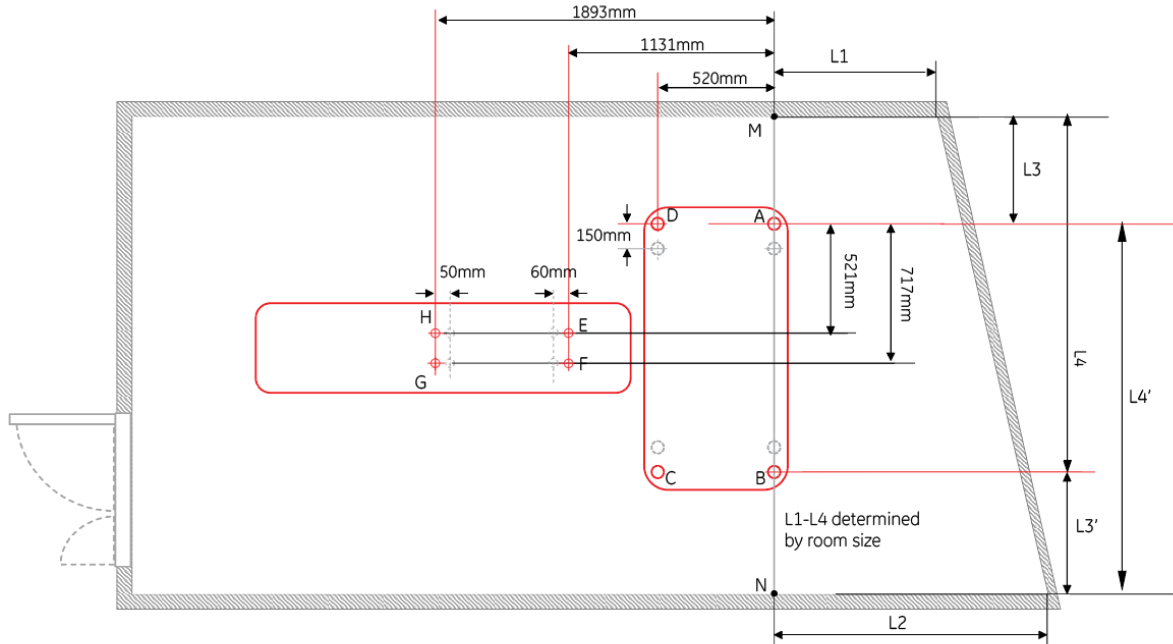
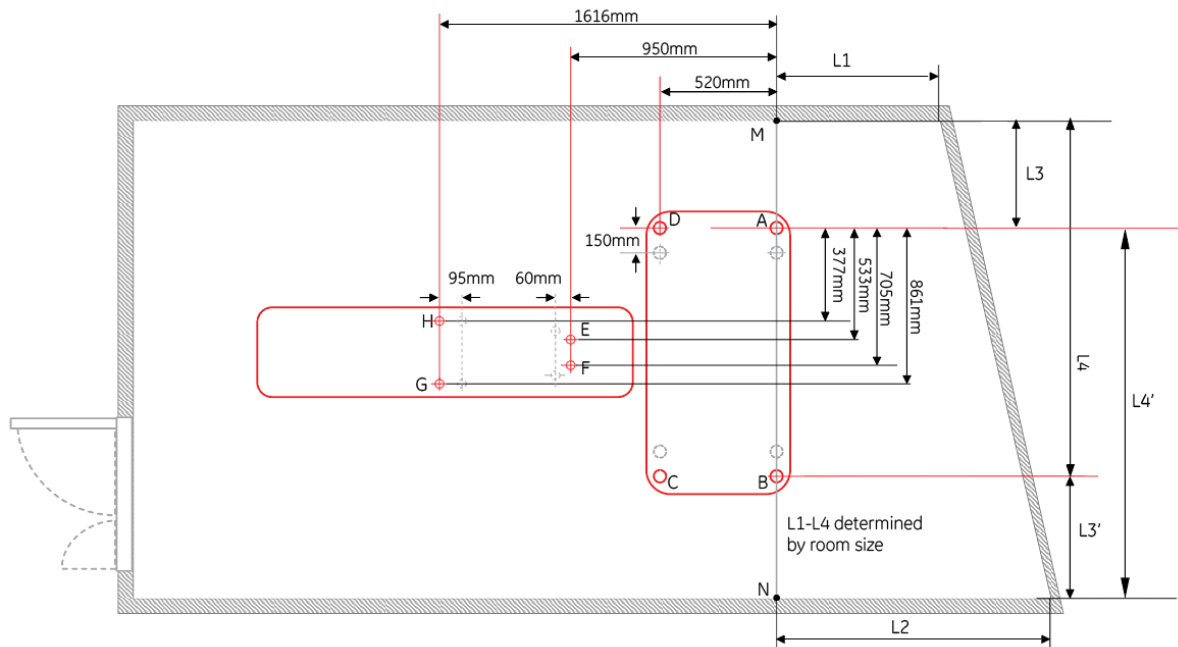


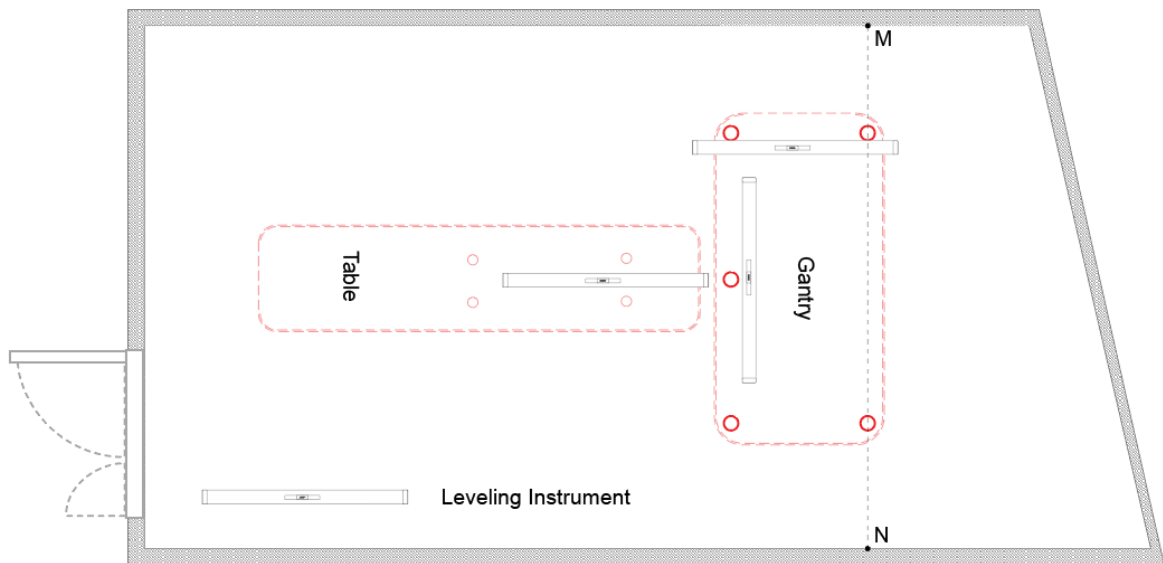
Figure 8-11 Site CAD Drawing for Up/Down Table



2. Make sure there are no potential clearance issues. If there are floor obstructions, such as conduits or old anchors, be sure to cut them flush to the floor to prevent the gantry from resting on them. Also, be sure there is at least 102 mm (4 in.) of clearance between any existing floor penetration and the new gantry position.
3. Use a laser to check the floor levelness across the entire area covered by the gantry and the table (as shown in [Figure 8-12 Check Floor Levelness on page 81](#)) after determining and marking the position of the gantry and the table.

NOTE

If the floor is not level, your system cannot be properly aligned.

Figure 8-12 Check Floor Levelness

8.3.2 Scan Window

The recommended patient viewing window dimensions are 1219 mm wide x 1067 mm high (48 in. x 42 in.). The location of the window is dependent on the position of the operator workspace position. Consult Radiation Protection Requirements and a qualified radiological health physicist for radiation protection requirements of the window glass (lead content and thickness).

NOTE

The operator at the operator workspace must be able to view the patient during a scan.

8.3.3 Floor Vibration Specification

8.3.3.1 Requirements

CT systems are sensitive to vibration and may display limited performance if exceeding the vibration limits listed below. The band of frequencies in which systems exhibit the most sensitivity appears at or near the resonant frequencies of the gantry and the patient table, the latter of which varies depending on patient mass and location. These frequencies fall within the following ranges:

- Patient Table: 2 - 10 Hz
- Gantry: 8 - 14 Hz

Floor vibration from any intermittent or continuous source, such as walking, running, exercising, mechanical equipment, and traffic, must not exceed the levels shown in [Figure 8-13 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 82](#) or [Figure 8-14 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 83](#), as represented by the solid line labeled CT system/Table. These figures compare this limit to the limits of what the AISC (American Institute of Steel Construction) and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization) call Class A (VC-A) and Class B (VC-B).

NOTE

In Figure 8-13 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 82 and Figure 8-14 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 83 the symbol μ represents 10^{-6} .

The preferred format for measuring vibration is velocity versus frequency, as shown in Figure 8-13 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 82. However, should it prove necessary to measure acceleration and there is no means to convert the measured data to velocity, then use the equivalent acceleration limit shown in Figure 8-14 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 83, derived from the velocity spectrum.

Figure 8-13 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits

Frequency [Hz]	Velocity [$\mu\text{m/s}$, rms]
4	100
10	40
12.5	40
16	50
80	50

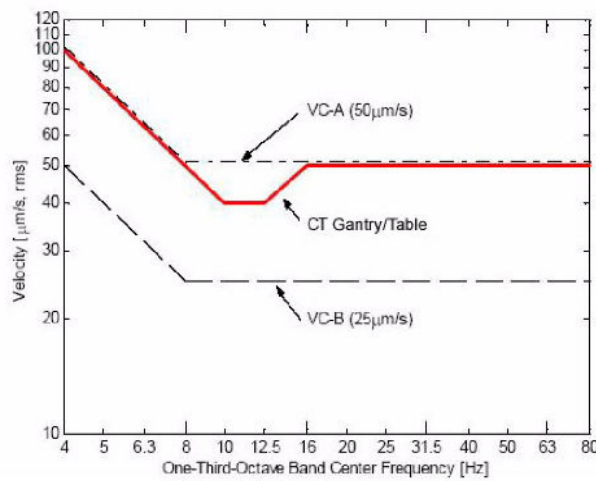
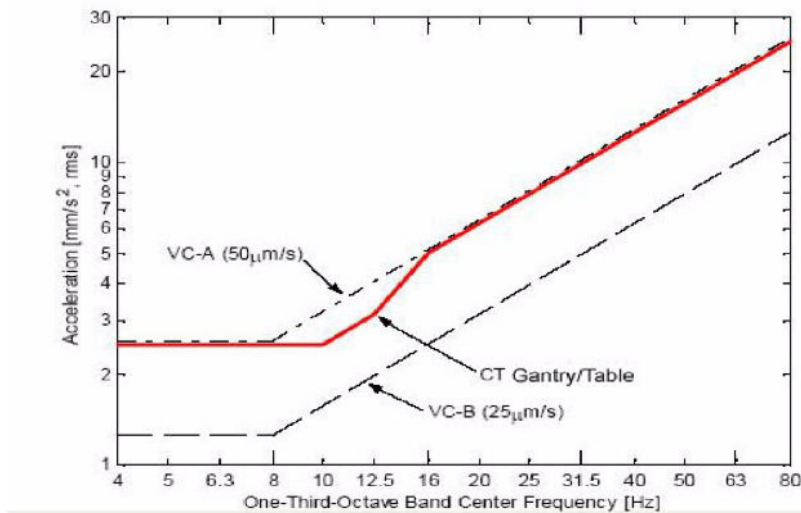


Figure 8-14 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits

Frequency [Hz]	Acceleration [mm/s ² , rms]
4	2.5
10	2.5
12.5	3.1
16	5
80	25



8.3.3.2 Sources of Floor Vibration

Consider that vibrations strong enough to affect the floor may emanate from the following sources in and around the scanning facility, requiring possible isolation of the floor or structure from them:

- Hospital power plants housing pumps, motors, air handling equipment, or air conditioning units
- Hallway foot traffic
- Elevators
- Parking lots
- Roadways
- Subways
- Trains
- Heliports

8.3.4 Floor Anchors

Provided floor anchors are designed for use ONLY on concrete floors that meet the 102 mm (4 in.) concrete floor requirements. At the customer's expense, all other anchoring methods (on floor types other than the 102 mm (4 in.) concrete minimum) must be determined by their structural contractor to meet the stated GE minimum load requirements. The customer's contractor is responsible for the installation of all anchors other than those shipped with the system.

8.3.5 Floor Strength

Concrete floors must have a minimum strength of $f'c = 2000$ psi (1.4×10^7 pa) at 28 days for (curing time) mounting floor anchors. It is the responsibility of each customer to have appropriate tests performed to determine and measure concrete strength.



NOTE

If installing the scanner on a floor type thinner than a 102 mm (4 in.) concrete floor, the purchaser, at their expense, shall provide acceptable anchoring and mounting methods that meet all structural specifications provided in the Pre-Installation Manual.

8.4 Floor Loading and Component Weights

The customer's contractor and structural engineer should use the information in [Table 8-3 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data on page 84](#) to help determine if the floor structure in the scan suite possesses sufficient strength to support the weight of the system.

Table 8-3 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data

System Component	NET WEIGHT KG / LB / N	OVERALL H x W x D mm(in.)	Base Plate Length x Width (m ²)	Supports mm (in.)
Gantry	830 / 1829.8 / 8134	1741 x 1783 x 921 (68.5 x 70.2 x 36.3)	1400 x 600 = 0.84	Four levelling pads 63.5 mm (2.5 inch) diameter.
Dollies	200 / 441 / 1960	-	-	-
Up/Down Table with 180 kg (396 lb) load capacity	520 / 1146 / 5096	900 x 568 x 2138 (35.4 x 22.4 x 144)	922 x 513 = 0.47	Four levelling pads 34 mm (1.3 inch) diameter.
Fixed Height Table with 180 kg (396 lb) load capacity	360 / 964.5 / 3528	778 x 550 x 2264 (30.6 x 21.7 x 148)	-	Four levelling pads 50 mm (2.0 inch) diameter.
Power Distribution Unit (PDU-34)	300 / 661.4 / 2940	1062 x 700 x 550 (41.8 x 27.6 x 21.7)	-	Four casters
Console (Z420)	20 / 44 / 196	448 x 178 x 445 (17.6 x 7.0 x 17.5)	-	-
Console (Z440)	17.5 / 38.5 / 172	432 x 169 x 455 (17.0 x 6.7 x 17.9)	-	-
Console (Z4G4)	10.2 / 22.5 / 100	386 x 169 x 445 (15.2 x 6.65 x 17.5)	-	-
Console (Z4G5)	20 / 44.1 / 196.1	386 X 169 X 459 (15.2 x 6.7 x 18.1)	-	-
Aurora SWS Desk (P/N 5449758-2)	44 / 88 / 431	850 x 1300 x 850 (33.5 x 51.2 x 33.5)	-	-

8.4.1 Floor Loading and Anchoring Guidelines

Follow the floor loading and anchoring guidelines below when preparing a site for system installation:

- The table and gantry require secure anchoring to the scan room floor. The power distribution unit and the console sit on the floor with casters; anchoring of these components to the floor is optional, unless required because of seismic considerations.
- For total floor load of system with up/down table or fixed height table and no UPS refer to [Table 8-3 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data on page 84](#).
- When carrying the heaviest possible patient, the table-gantry-footswitch assembly (up/down table) or table grounding bar assembly (fixed height table) represents a concentrated load within the scan room. Refer to [Table 8-3 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data on page 84](#) for total weight.
- Anchors mount through the table and gantry supports. Use the floor template or its dimensions to locate the table and gantry support positions within the scan room, making sure that any anchors that pass through the supports clear all structural beams and interferences in the floor.
- If a loading analysis determines that the gantry and table position should change relative to their position on the GE site print, be sure to take into account the clearance requirements in [4 Regulatory Requirements on page 36](#) and [5.1 Service Clearance Requirements on page 38](#) when determining an appropriate location for the system.
- Hospitals and scanning facilities throughout the world should follow the instructions and adhere to the flooring requirements specified by GE:
 - Wood floors often require substantial reinforcements, hence GE strongly suggest not to use wooden floors for anchoring table and gantry.
 - Temperature variation in blacktop or marble floors allow anchor movement and pullout, hence GE strongly suggests not to use these floors for anchoring table and gantry.
 - GE recommends using concrete floors with a minimum thickness of 102 mm (4 in.) when using GE-supplied anchoring or any other equivalent anchoring method.
 - Customers should use GE supplied/specified anchors only.



ESSENTIAL TO SAFETY!

GE strongly suggests not to use any alternate anchoring methods; GE accepts no responsibility for any failure of the support or the anchoring method, including those used for seismic mounting. GE accepts no responsibility for methods other than those listed. The customer is responsible for meeting all code requirements specific to the site and for this product when using alternate system anchoring.

8.4.2 Anchor Edge Distance Definition

The edge distance of Table and Gantry floor anchor must have a minimum tension strength.

- **Gantry:**
Using Hilti HSA M12*205mm anchor (P/N: 5479997)

The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of Gantry should not be less than 155mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength f_{RN}

- **Table:**

- ACT and Revolution ACT/ACT EL (with Up/Down Table):
Using Hilti HSA M12*145mm anchor (P/N: 5479996)

The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of table should not be less than 155mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength f_{RN}

- ACTs and Revolution ACTs (with Fixed Height Table):
Using Hilti HSA M12*175 anchor (P/N: 5339079-3).

The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of table should not be less than 155mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength f_{RN} .

NOTICE

Responsibility for providing an approved support structure and mounting method for all floor types other than the GE-recommended floor rests with the purchaser. General Electric accepts no responsibility for any failure of the support structure or anchoring method, including those used for seismic mounting. GE accepts no responsibility for methods other than those listed.

8.5 GE-Supplied Anchoring

GE supplies anchors for mounting the table and gantry. The console and power distribution unit do not require anchoring to the floor. It is the responsibility of the customer to have a structural engineer and trained contractor to use either the GE-supplied anchoring method or to provide an equivalent anchoring method to mount the table and gantry to the floor. Consult your architect, structural engineer, contractor, or PMI to resolve any questions.

WARNING



POTENTIAL FOR PATIENT INJURY!

AN IMPROPERLY SECURED SYSTEM WILL CAUSE DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY.

SYSTEM CAN MOVE OR TIP DURING OPERATION IF NOT PROPERLY SECURED.

PATIENT SAFETY DURING SYSTEM OPERATION REQUIRES PROPER ANCHORING OF THE SYSTEM.

8.5.1 Specifications of GE-supplied Anchors

Table 8-4 GE-Supplied Anchor Specifications on page 86 lists the specifications of GE-supplied anchors for the system. For a detailed view, including dimensions and additional specifications, see Figure 8-15 Typical Floor Anchor, Gantry on page 88, Figure 8-16 Up/Down Table Anchoring on page 89 and Figure 8-17 Fixed Height Table Anchoring on page 89 of this section.

Table 8-4 GE-Supplied Anchor Specifications

GE-Supplied Anchors	Gantry	Up/Down Table	Fixed Height Table
Part Number	5479997	5479996	5339079-3

Continues on the next page

Table 8-4 GE-Supplied Anchor Specifications (Table continued)

GE-Supplied Anchors	Gantry	Up/Down Table	Fixed Height Table
Description	Anchor Stud 12mm Diameter 205mm Length	Anchor Stud 12mm Diameter 145mm Length	HILTI ANCHOR STUD 12MM DIAMETER 175MM LENGTH
Diameter	12 mm (0.47 in.)	12 mm (0.47 in.)	12 mm (0.47 in.)
Length	205 mm (8.1 in.)	145 mm (5.7 in.)	175 mm (6.9 in)

8.5.2 Requirements for Using GE-supplied Anchors

Use of GE-supplied anchors shall adhere to the following requirements:

- Use the GE-supplied anchors ONLY when mounting components on concrete floors.
- Adhere to all anchoring requirements listed in [Table 8-5 Table and Gantry Anchoring Requirements on page 87](#).
- Any anchors showing more than specified length of thread above the torqued nut requires the installation of a second anchor in the closest adjacent mounting location. The second anchor shall meet the same requirements in [Figure 8-15 Typical Floor Anchor, Gantry on page 88](#).
- Non-seismic installations must use a minimum of four (4) anchors to mount the gantry and four (4) anchors to mount the table.
- Fully engage the Adjuster Lock Rings with at least one full thread showing below the notched portion on the Adjuster Screw.

NOTE

The table does not have the Adjuster Lock Rings shown in [Figure 8-16 Up/Down Table Anchoring on page 89](#) and [Figure 8-17 Fixed Height Table Anchoring on page 89](#) of this section.

Table 8-5 Table and Gantry Anchoring Requirements

Mounting Requirements	Gantry	Up/Down Table	Fixed Height Table
Minimum Floor Thickness	102 mm (4 in.)	102 mm (4 in.)	102 mm (4 in.)
Recommended Drilling Depth	95 mm (3.74 in.)	95 mm (3.74 in.)	95 mm (3.74 in.)
Minimum Anchor Embedment	80 mm (3.15 in.)	80 mm (3.15 in.)	80 mm (3.15 in.)
Average Alternate Anchor Embedment	Yes	Yes	Yes
Shipped Anchor Size	205 mm (8.1 in.)	145 mm (5.7 in.)	175 mm (6.9 in)
Alternate Anchoring Methods	Yes (see note, above)	Yes (see note, above)	Yes (see note, above)
Floor Levelness Requirement	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)

Figure 8-15 Typical Floor Anchor, Gantry

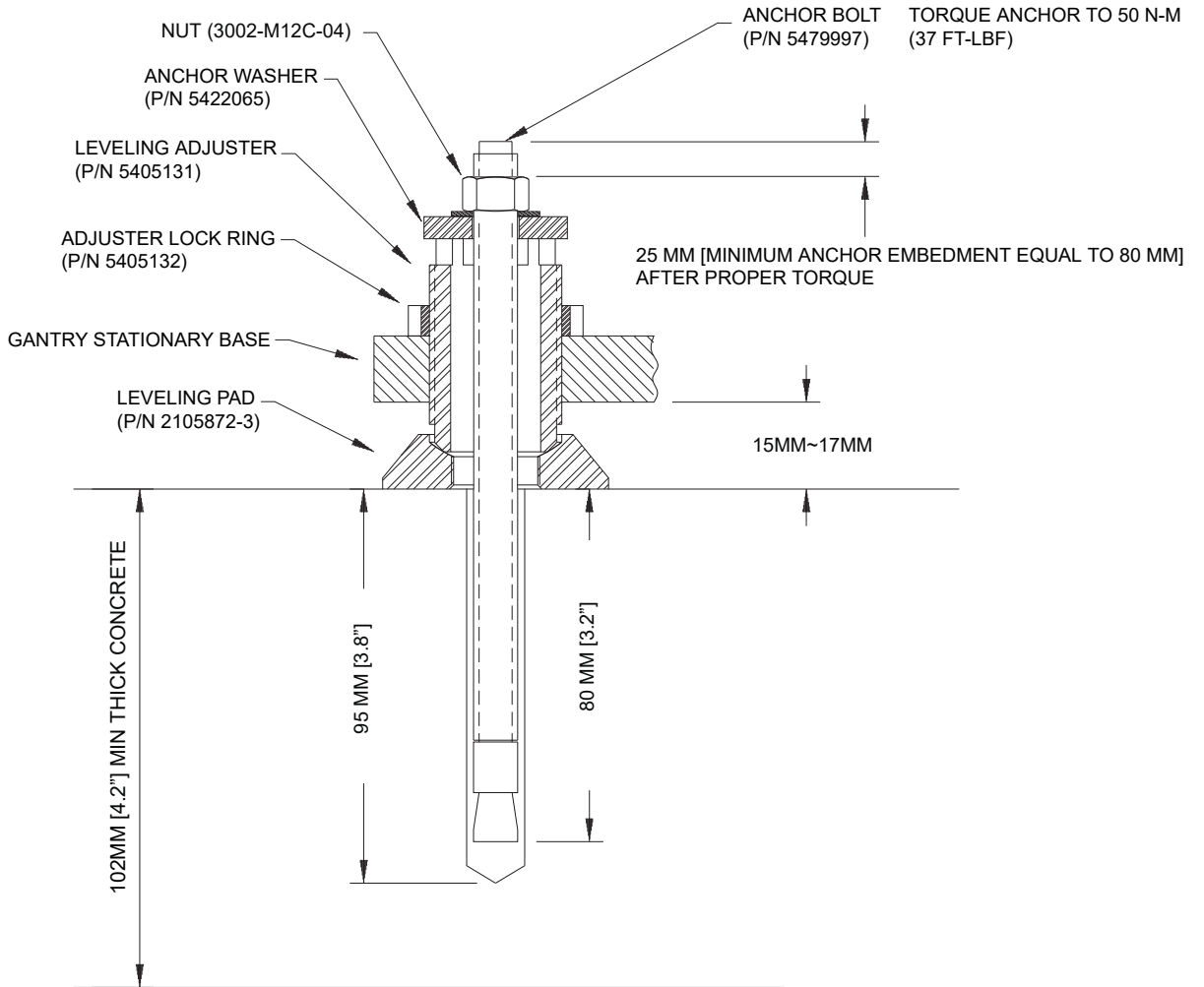


Figure 8-16 Up/Down Table Anchoring

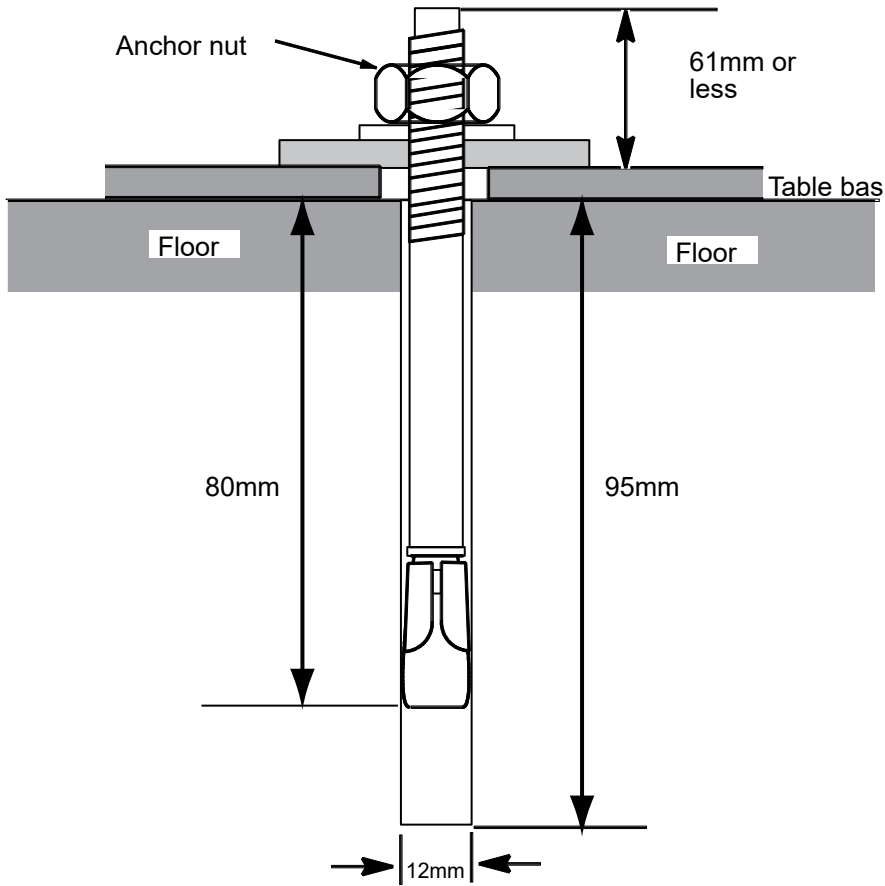
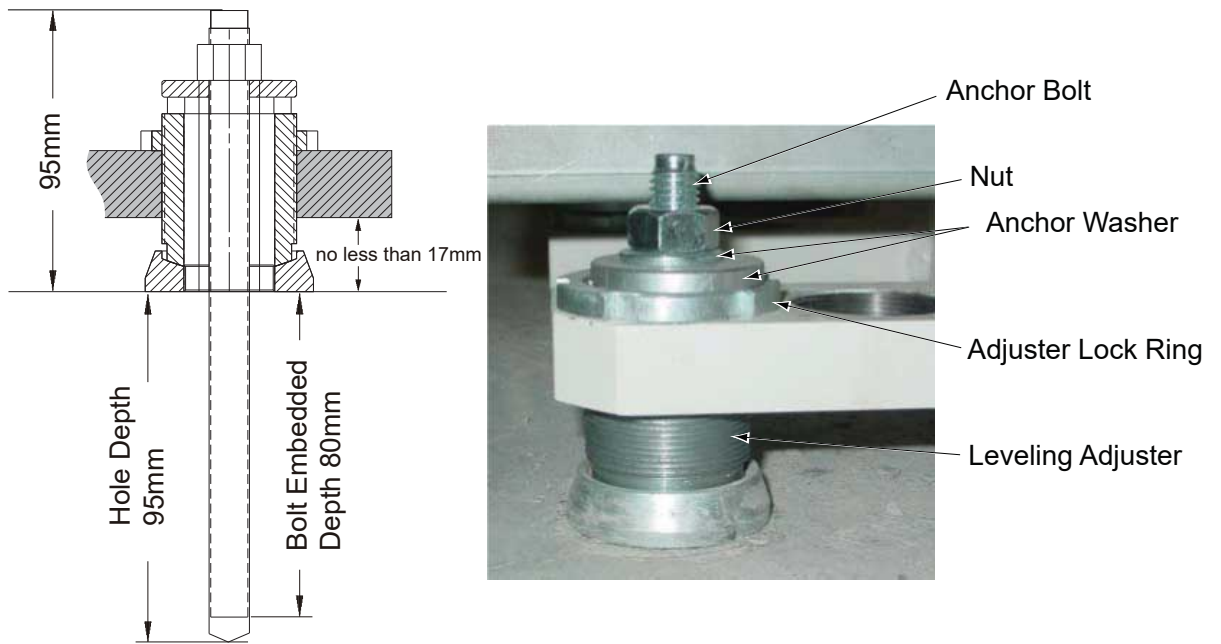


Figure 8-17 Fixed Height Table Anchoring



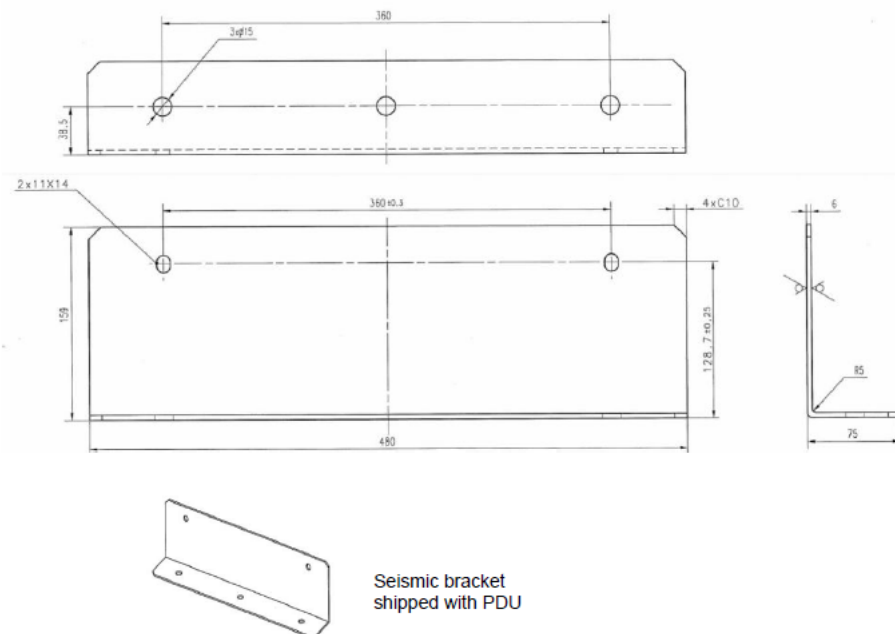
8.6 Seismic Mounting

8.6.1 Overview

Refer to the guidelines in this section when mounting the system in seismic zones:

- Responsibility for proper seismic mounting rests with the customer. Refer to all applicable laws and codes for your locality.
- The customer's contractor often supplies a state-certified print or equivalent, showing seismic installation instructions.
- Consider seismic requirements for ceiling-mounted fixtures and refer to the appropriate installation instructions for ceiling-mounted fixtures.

PDU seismic brackets (2354563-2) and the PDU shipping kit (5453382-2) are shipped with the PDU. Detail bracket installation procedure refer to Installation Manual.



8.6.2 Center-of-Gravity Information

The information in the following figures provides the customer's contractor and/or structural engineer with center-of gravity information to assist in seismic calculations for the system:

- Gantry: [Figure 8-18 Gantry Center of Gravity on page 91](#)
- Table: [Figure 8-19 Up/Down Table Center-of-Gravity on page 92](#) and [Figure 8-20 Fixed Height Table Center-of-Gravity on page 93](#)
- Power Distribution Unit: [Figure 8-21 PDU Center-of-Gravity on page 94](#) (PDU Seismic Mounting Bracket)

Figure 8-18 Gantry Center of Gravity

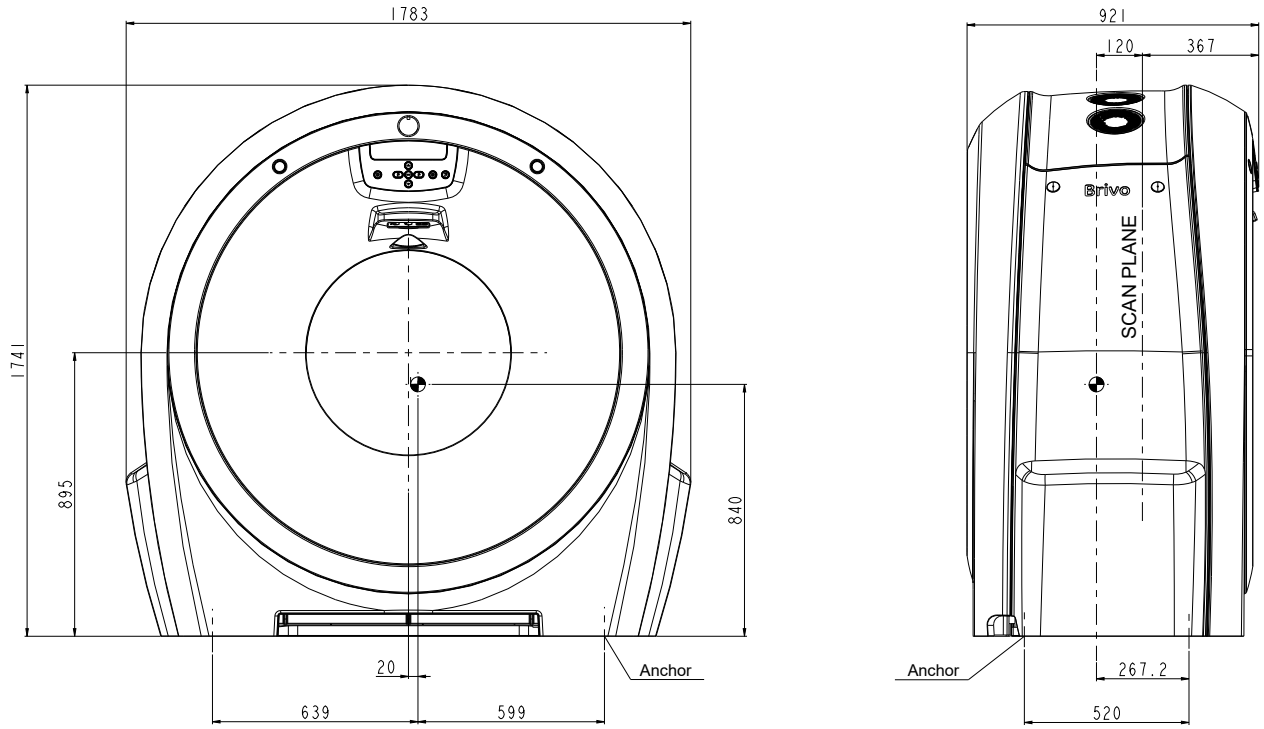


Figure 8-19 Up/Down Table Center-of-Gravity

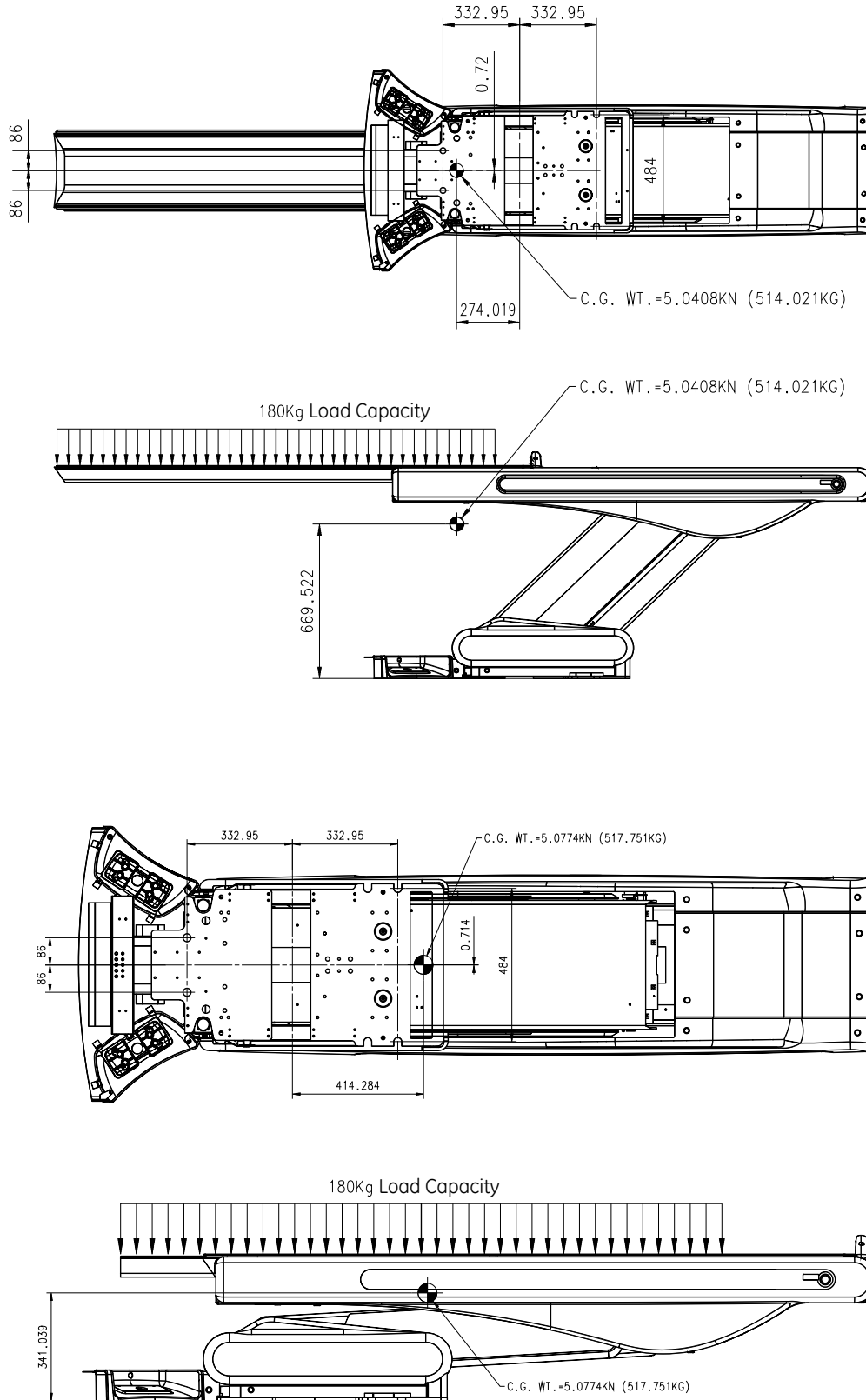
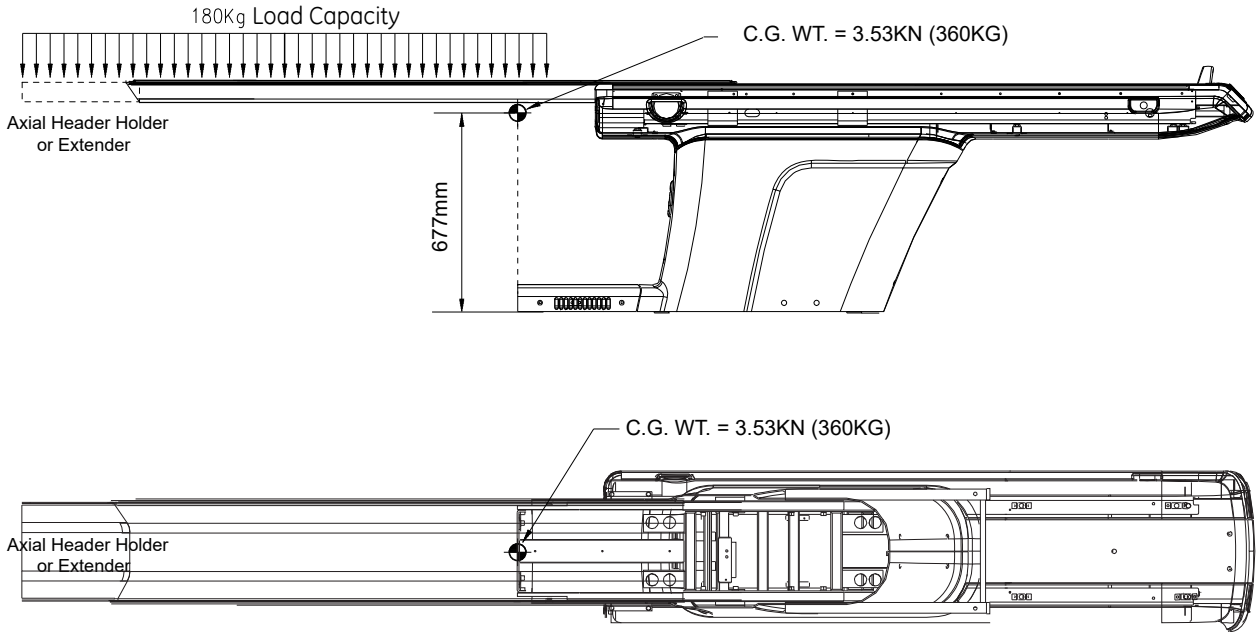


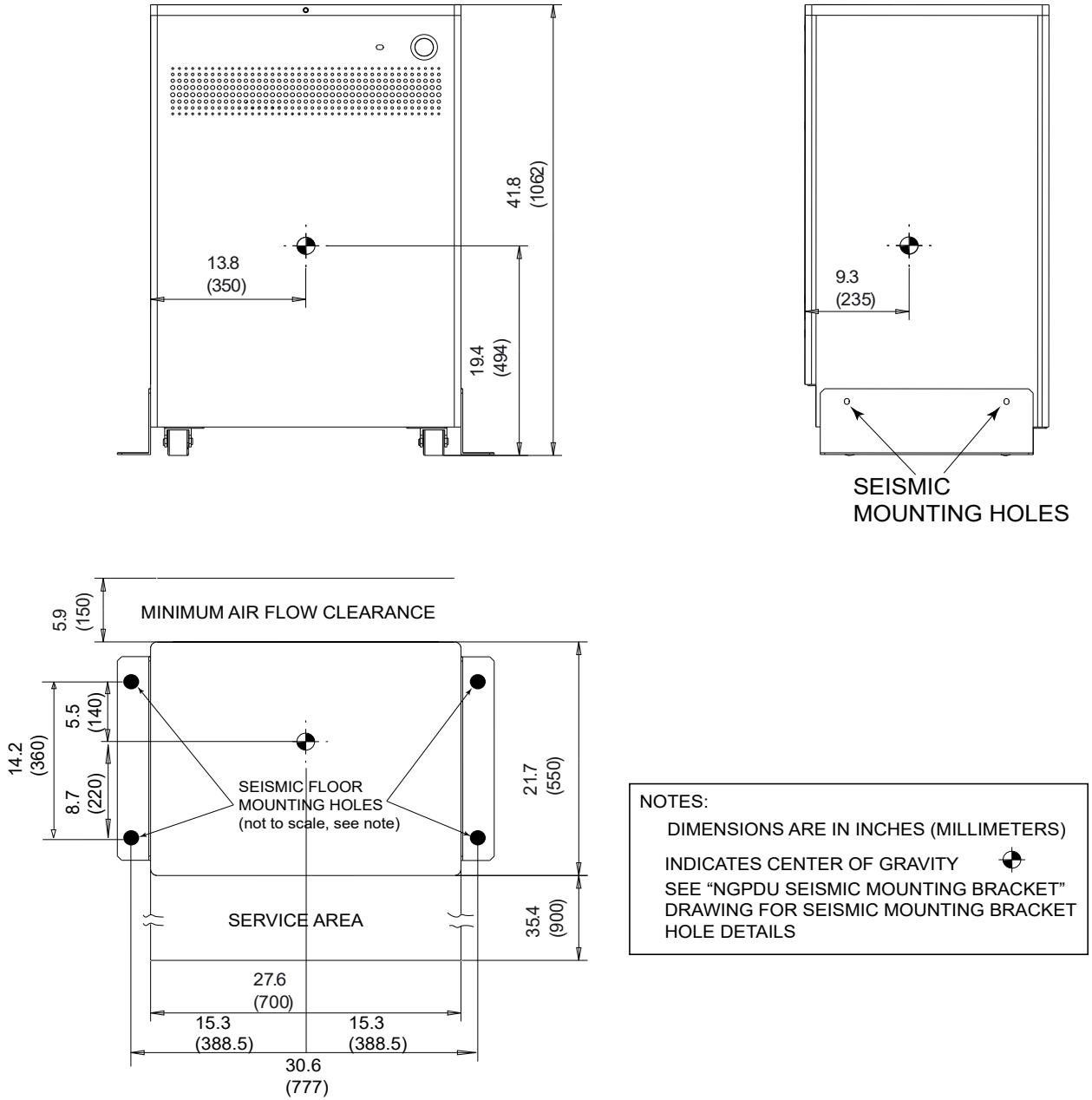
Figure 8-20 Fixed Height Table Center-of-Gravity



NOTE

Center of Gravity location marked above includes the mass of a maximum load capacity on the table with a fully extended cradle.

Figure 8-21 PDU Center-of-Gravity



9 Environmental Requirements

Ensure the operational readiness and proper system calibration of HVAC prior to installation. Maintain the environmental conditions listed below at ALL times, including over nights, weekends, and holidays. Shut down the CT system if air conditioning is not working. When shutting down the system for major repair, you may also shut down the air conditioning.

9.1 Temperature and Humidity Specifications

Environmental specifications apply to the table, gantry, power distribution unit, and console.

NOTICE

Exceeding environmental specifications may adversely affect system operation and image quality.

9.1.1 Temperature (Scan and Control Rooms)

Table 9-1 System Temperature Limits

Maximum allowable ambient room temperature:	26°C (79° F)
Recommended ambient room temperature:	22°C (72°F)
Minimum allowable ambient room temperature:	18°C (64°F)

NOTE

Be certain to account for ANY cooling equipment cycle control range, ensuring that the maximum and minimum ambient room temperatures do not exceed those shown in [Table 9-1 System Temperature Limits on page 95](#) during room thermal cycling. For example, if the HVAC is capable of $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ control, then the limits would be $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 24^{\circ}\text{C}$ to maintain absolute limits.

9.1.2 Humidity (Scan Room & Control Room)

Table 9-2 System Humidity Limits

Maximum allowable non-condensing relative humidity:	60%
Minimum allowable non-condensing relative humidity:	30%

9.1.3 Other Guidelines

- Accurate determination of hospital room environmental conditions may require the temporary installation of a temperature and humidity recorder near the location designated for system installation. Record temperature and humidity readings before and after installation to verify the site's true environmental conditions.
- Consider heating, ventilating, air conditioning (HVAC) needs, and redundancy (back-up). An air conditioner with two compressor units rather than one, may prevent system downtime. A

redundant (back-up) air conditioner permits CT system operation during an extended repair of the primary air conditioner.

9.2 Cooling Requirements

Use [Table 9-3 System Heat Output on page 96](#) to assist in cooling requirements planning. Gantry operation requires over half of the cooling utilized by your system. Contact an HVAC specialist to determine optimal placement of the thermostat and all HVAC vents, bearing in mind that:

- Gantry air INTAKE occurs across the BOTTOM of the gantry.
- Gantry air EXHAUST occurs across the TOP of the gantry.

Table 9-3 System Heat Output

System Component	Max BTU/HR	Max Watt
Gantry maximum (See Note 1)	11945	3500
Up/Down Table	700	200
Fixed Height Table	410	120
Power Distribution Unit	2389	700
Recommended Scan Room Subtotal with up/down table	15034	4400
Recommended Scan Room Subtotal with fixed table	14744	4320
Console (HP Z420)	3686	1080
Console (HP Z440)	2746	805
Console (HP Z4G4)	2559	750
Console (HP Z4G5)	3700	1800
LCD Monitor	102	30
Eizo Monitor	171	50
Control Room Subtotal (Z420)	3788	1110
Control Room Subtotal (Z440)	2848	835
Control Room Subtotal (Z4G4)	2661	780
Control Room Subtotal -(Z4G5) with Eizo monitor	3871	1850
System Total (with Z420 console & LCD monitor)	18822	5518
System Total (with Z4G5 & Eizo monitor)	18993	5565
NOTE 1: Maximum heat output reached at tube change (Detailed Calibration).		
NOTE 2: Heat output does not include heat from room lighting, personnel, or non-CT equipment.		

Refer to [Figure 7-1 Gantry Dimensions with Covers on page 60](#) and [Figure 7-4 Power Distribution Unit on page 63](#) for component air flow requirements.

[Figure 9-1 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Scan Room on page 97](#) and [Figure 9-2 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Control Room on page 97](#) show the recommended placements of the thermostat and HVAC vents (intake and output) for the scan and control rooms.

Figure 9-1 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Scan Room

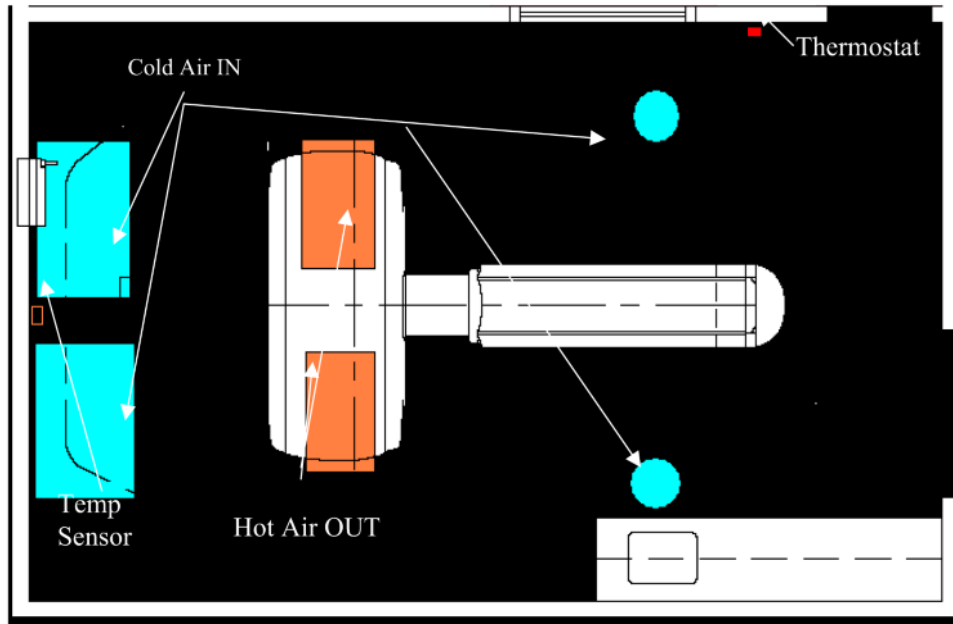
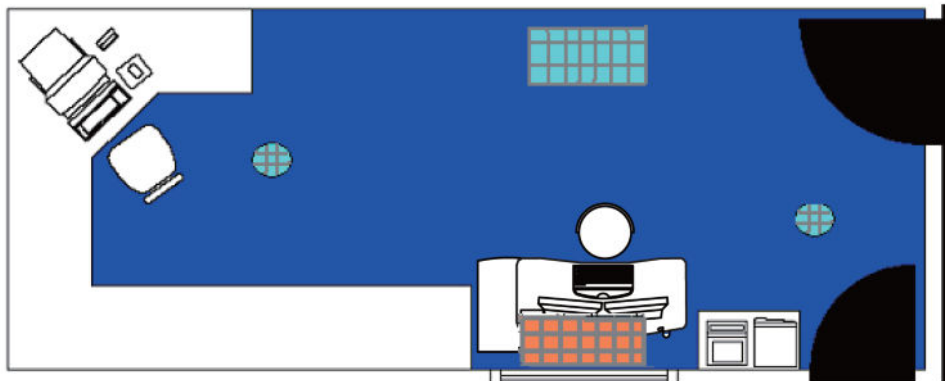


Figure 9-2 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Control Room



9.3 Altitude

The system shall meet all functional and performance specifications when placed in a room that is at an elevation of -150 m to 3000 m (-492 ft to 9842.5 ft) above sea level.

9.4 Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI)

9.4.1 Gantry

Locate the gantry in ambient static magnetic fields of less than 0.1 mTesla (1 Gauss) to guarantee the specified imaging performance. Ambient AC magnetic fields must measure below 1 μ Tesla (10 mGauss) peak.

9.4.2 Console / Computer Equipment

Locate computer equipment in ambient static magnetic fields of less than 1 mTesla (10 Gauss) to guarantee data integrity (see [Figure 9-3 Sample Room Layout \(Showing Approximate EMI Requirements\)](#) on page 99).

9.4.3 PDU

The PDU produces an electromagnetic field that radiates outward from its cabinet in all directions. Do not place other sensitive electronics around or above the PDU.

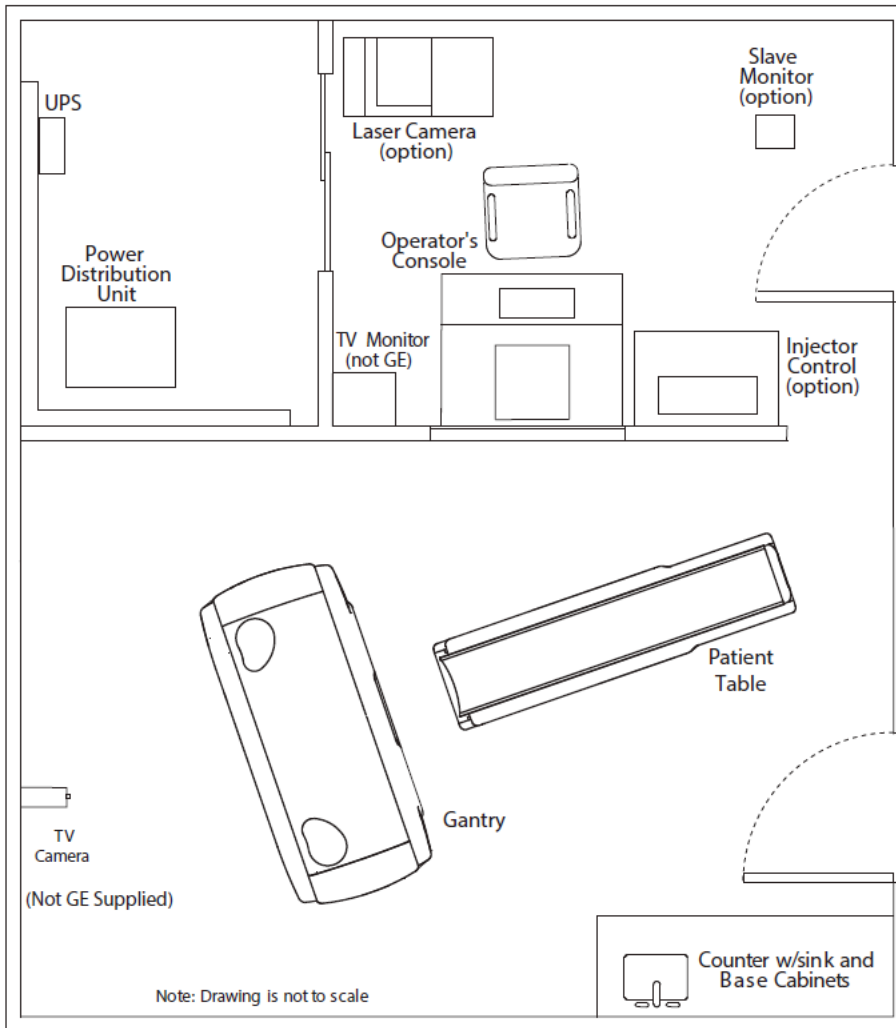
9.4.4 EMI Reduction

If you suspect the presence of fields of excessive EMI, consult GE Sales & Service for recommendations. Consider the following when attempting to reduce EMI:

- External field strength decreases rapidly with distance from source of the magnetic field.
- External leakage magnetic field of a three-phase transformer measures much less than that of a bank of three single-phase transformers of an equivalent power rating.
- Large electric motors constitute a source of substantial EMI.
- High-powered radio signals constitute a source of EMI.
- Maintain good screening of cables and cabinets.
- Consider and measure EMI fields of sites with main facility power running UNDER the floor or WITHIN the walls or ceilings of the scan room.
- Pay special attention to power substations and high-voltage power lines in proximity to the scan facility.
- If any concerns remain regarding excessive EMI fields, be sure to measure to confirm that your site meets all required specifications.

9.4.5 Equipment EMI "Envelopes"

Figure 9-3 Sample Room Layout (Showing Approximate EMI Requirements)



9.5 Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC)(Reference IEC 60601-1-2)

9.5.1 General Scope

This system scanner complies with IEC60601-1-2: 2004 (Ed2.1) and IEC 60601-1-2: 2007 (Ed3.0) EMC standard for medical electrical equipment.

This system scanner also complies with IEC60601-1-2: 2014 for the unit determined by means one of below:

- The scanner delivered with TRM, in the Regulatory chapter statement IEC60601-1-2: 2014 compliance.
- The scanner installed with the below parts in Gantry:

Part	P/N EMC3.0	P/N EMC4.0	Description	Location
Slip Ring Receiver	2333611-3	2333611-4	850M Receiver Antenna, ROHS Version	Gantry HLA
Slip Ring Transmitter	2333615-3	2333615-4	850MB Transmitter, ROHS Version	Gantry Slip Ring

The system is suitable to use in the electromagnetic environment, as per the limits and recommendations described in the following tables:

- Emission Compliance level and limits ([Table 9-4 Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions on page 101](#)).
- Immunity Compliance level and recommendations to maintain equipment clinical utility (see [Table 9-5 Guidance and manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity on page 102](#), [Table 9-7 Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the Equipment on page 104](#) and [Table 9-8 Immunity and recommended separation between RF wireless communication equipment for IEC60601-1-2 Edition 4 on page 105](#)).



NOTE

This system complies with the EMC standard when used with supplied cables. If different cable lengths are required, contact a qualified service representative for advice.

9.5.2 Electromagnetic Emission

Table 9-4 Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions

The system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the system should assure that it is used in such an environment.		
Emissions Test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment Guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11 GB 4824	Group 1	The system is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
RF emissions CISPR 11 GB 4824	Class A	
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2 GB 17625.1	Not applicable	
Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3 GB 17625.2	Not applicable	



NOTE

GB4824, GB17625.X and GB17626.X standard apply to China only.



NOTE

The EMISSIONS characteristics of this equipment make it suitable for use in industrial areas and hospitals (CISPR 11 / GB 4824 class A). If it is used in a residential environment (for which CISPR 11 / GB 4824 class B is normally required), this equipment might not offer adequate protection to radio-frequency communication services. The user might need to take mitigation measures, such as relocating or re-orienting the equipment.

9.5.3 Electromagnetic Immunity

Table 9-5 Guidance and manufacture's declaration - electromagnetic immunity







The system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity Test	EC 60601 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment - Guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2 GB/T 17626.2	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air ±8 kV contact ^{a)} ±15 kV air ^{a)}	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air ±8 kV contact ^{a)} ±15 kV air ^{a)}	Floors should be wood, concrete, or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4 GB/T 17626.4	±2 kV for power supply lines ±1 kV for input/output lines	±2 kV for power supply lines ±1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5 GB/T 17626.5	±1 kV line-line ±2 kV line-earth	±1 kV line-line ±2 kV line-earth	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11 GB/T 17626.11	<5 % U_T for 0.5 cycle (>95 % dip in U_T) 40 % U_T for 5 cycles (60 % dip in U_T) 70 % U_T for 25 cycles (30 % dip in U_T)	Not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the equipment requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the equipment be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
	<5 % U_T for 5s (>95 % dip in U_T) 0% U_T , 5s ^{a)}	<5 % U_T for 5s (>95 % dip in U_T) 0% U_T , 5s ^{a)}	
Power frequency (50/60Hz) magnetic fields IEC 61000-4-8 GB/T 17626.8	3 A/m 30 A/m ^{a)}	3 A/m 30 A/m ^{a)}	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
<p> NOTE U_T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.</p> <p> NOTE ^{a)} For IEC 60601-1-2:2014 Ed4.0 only.</p>			

Table 9-6 Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity




The system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity Test	IEC 60601 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment - Guidance
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6 GB/T 17626.6	3Vrms 150 kHz ~ 80 MHz 6Vrms ^{a)} ISM bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz 80%AM at 1kHz	3Vrms 6Vrms ^{a)} ISM bands between 150 kHz and 80 MHz	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the equipment, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation appropriate to the frequency of the transmitter Recommended Separation Distance $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$ $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz ~ 800 MHz $d = 2.3\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz ~ 2.5/2.7 ^{a)} GHz where <i>P</i> is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and <i>d</i> is the recommended separation distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, ^a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. ^b Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol: 
Radiated RF Fields IEC 61000-4-3 GB/T 17626.3	3V/m 80 MHz ~ 2.5/2.7 ^{a)} GHz 80% AM at 1kHz	3V/m	
Proximity fields from RF Wireless communications equipment ^{a)} IEC 61000-4-3	refer to Table 9-8 Immunity and recommended separation between RF wireless communication equipment for IEC60601-1-2 Edition 4 on page 105	refer to Table 9-8 Immunity and recommended separation between RF wireless communication equipment for IEC60601-1-2 Edition 4 on page 105	
<p> NOTE At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range (6.765 MHz~6.795 MHz , 13.553 MHz~ 13.567 MHz, 26.957 MHz~27.283 MHz, 40.66 MHz~40.70 MHz) applies.</p> <p> NOTE These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.</p> <p> NOTE ^{a)} For IEC 60601-1-2:2014 Ed4.0.</p>			

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Table 9-6 Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity (Table continued)

The system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the system should assure that it is used in such an environment.			
Immunity Test	IEC 60601 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment - Guidance
<p>^a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast, and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the equipment is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the equipment should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the equipment.</p> <p>^b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3V/m.</p>			

Table 9-7 Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the Equipment

The system is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the system can help prevent electromagnetic Interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the system as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment			
Rated Maximum Output Power (P) of Transmitter (W)	Separation Distance according to Frequency of Transmitter		
	150 kHz ~ 80 MHz $d = 1.2\sqrt{p}$	80 MHz ~ 800 MHz $d = 1.2\sqrt{p}$	800 MHz ~ 2.5/2.7^a GHz $d = 2.3\sqrt{p}$
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.74
1	1.2	1.2	2.3
10	3.8	3.8	7.3
100	12	12	23
<p>For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the separation distance can be estimated using the equation in the corresponding column, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.</p> <p>NOTE  At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.</p> <p>NOTE  These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.</p> <p>NOTE  ^{a)} For IEC 60601-1-2:2014 Ed4.0.</p>			

⚠ WARNING



PORTABLE RF COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING PERIPHERALS SUCH AS ANTENNA CABLES AND EXTERNAL ANTENNAS) SHOULD BE USED NO CLOSER THAN 30 CM (12 INCHES) TO ANY PART OF THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CABLES SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. OTHERWISE, DEGRADATION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THIS EQUIPMENT COULD RESULT.

Table 9-8 Immunity and recommended separation between RF wireless communication equipment for IEC60601-1-2 Edition 4

Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) at frequencies noted below should be used no closer than 30cm (12 inches) to any part of the system, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.				
Minimum separation distances for higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS shall be calculated using the following equation:				
$d = \left[\frac{6}{E} \right] \sqrt{P}$				
Where P is the maximum power in W, d is the minimum separation distance in m, and E is the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL in V/m.				
Test frequency (MHz)	Band (MHz)	Service	Maximum power (W)	IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL (V/m)
385	380 - 390	TETRA 400	1.8	27
450	430 - 470	GMRS 460 FRS 460	2	28
710	704 - 787	LTE Band 13, 17	0.2	9
745				
780				
810	800 - 960	GSM 800/900 TETRA 800 iDEN 820 CDMA 850 LTE Band 5	2	28
870				
930				
1720	1700 - 1990	GSM 1800 CDMA 1900 GSM 1900 DECT LTE Band 1, 3, 4, 25 UMTS	2	28
1845				
1970				
2450	2400 - 2570	Bluetooth, WLAN 802.11 b/g/n RFID 2450 LTE Band 7	2	28

Continues on the next page

Table 9-8 Immunity and recommended separation between RF wireless communication equipment for IEC60601-1-2 Edition 4 (Table continued)

Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) at frequencies noted below should be used no closer than 30cm (12 inches) to any part of the system, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.

Minimum separation distances for higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$d = \left[\frac{6}{E} \right] \sqrt{P}$$

Where *P* is the maximum power in W, *d* is the minimum separation distance in m, and *E* is the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL in V/m.

Test frequency (MHz)	Band (MHz)	Service	Maximum power (W)	IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL (V/m)
5240	5100 - 5800	WLAN 802.11 a/n	0.2	9
5500				
5785				

9.5.4 Use Limitation

The scanner is intended for use only by trained professionals who must be trained in CT system operation and has sufficient knowledge of radiation, scan setting, image annotation and review, the operator shall understand the operation and expected performance of the system per training and reading of the operator manual and technical reference manual.

The scanner is expected to be able to position patient, scan, display or output images with annotation and without artifact or noise that emulate or hide pathology, timely and accordingly. Test per chapter Quality Assurance to ensure scanner performance as expectation, Daily preparation procedure and calibration shall be used to maintain scanner performance and prevent failure or degradation before use. Contact GE service if any failure.

The table below described some possible failure or degradation of performance need to check before further use.

Table 9-9 Performance Failure and Detection

Function	Performance Failure and Detection	Instruction to Check or Maintain
Patient positioning	Unintended motion or positioning	Manual check table positioning or positioning patient successfully during scan
Scan	Unintended scan exposure	Check scan control button response as expected Daily prepare or Test per Quality Assurance
Image annotation	Unintended image annotation or scan setting	Complete patient information and scan settings accordingly before scan, ensure keyboard and display response as expected
Display and output	Unexpected display or output, not available for visual check or diagnose	Daily prepare or test per Quality Assurance, ensure scan recon setting, display and printer function as expected

Continues on the next page

Table 9-9 Performance Failure and Detection (Table continued)

Function	Performance Failure and Detection	Instruction to Check or Maintain
IQ/artifact	Unexpected artifact or noise that emulate or hide pathology	Daily prepare or test per Quality Assurance, ensure Image Quality according with spec. Verify CT# for air, water and object scanned for doubts in the image
Image delay	Unexpected scan image time delay	Daily prepare or test per Quality Assurance, verify scan and recon setting

The system should be installed, maintained and used per guidance in EMC section for safety and expected performance. To use per guidance, separate from other device sensitive or with EM disturbance will help to maintain the performance of the scanner and other device.

 **WARNING**



This system is intended for use by healthcare professionals only. This system may cause radio interference or may disrupt the operation of nearby equipment. It may be necessary to take mitigation measures, such as reorienting or relocating the system or shielding the location.

 **WARNING**



CT Scans may cause interference with implanted or externally worn electronic medical devices such as pacemakers, defibrillators, neuro stimulators and drug infusion pumps. The interference could cause operational changes or malfunction of the electronic medical device.

Use of RF (Radio Frequency) sources that intentionally transmit, such as cellular telephones, transceivers, radio-controlled products, or other RF emitting equipment may cause performance outside the systems published specifications or other adverse operation. Keep the power to these RF sources turned off when near this equipment. Recommended separation distances and information regarding compatibility with other equipment are located in the Manufacturer's EMC Declaration Tables.

Operation of the accessories like EKG monitor and respiratory gating device below the manufacturer specified minimum amplitude or value of patient physiological signals may cause inaccurate results.

Only transducers and cables GE specified can be replacement parts for internal components, details of components and cables refer to Pre-Installation Manual.

The use of accessories, transducers, and cables other than those specified in GE Approved Accessories may result in increased emissions or decreased immunity performance of the equipment.

 **WARNING**



Use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of this equipment could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of this equipment and result in improper operation.

9.5.5 Installation Requirements and Environment Control

In order to minimize interference risks, the following requirements apply.

9.5.5.1 Environment of Intended Use

This medical device is evaluated to the IEC60601-1-2 safety standard electromagnetic emissions and immunity levels in the Professional Healthcare Facility environment category, predominantly for use in hospital except for near active HF SURGICAL EQUIPMENT or SHORT-WAVE THERAPY EQUIPMENT with a dedicated supply system, and with an X-ray shielded room. The equipment is not directly connected to the Public Mains Network.

The CT System is exposed to EM sources generally from LAN and WLAN, mobile phones, paging systems, computers, printers, monitors, and other medical devices. See sections in this manual for the electromagnetic disturbance compliance levels this product meets including a list of wireless communications services evaluated.

This medical device is not suitable for use in certain hospital environments. Electrical devices that are brought into the CT System room that generate intense EM disturbances have not been considered per the safety standard. Also, the CT System compliance levels don't guarantee that other equipment in the room that is EM sensitive is not impacted. The IEC60601-1-2 safety standard requires additional testing and/or risk assessment for compliance and patient/operator safety of the CT system.

Table 9-10 Environment of Intended Use

Environment of Intended Use	
This medical device is evaluated to the IEC60601-1-2 safety standard electromagnetic emissions and immunity levels in the environment category shown below.	
ENVIRONMENT CATEGORY	EXAMPLES
Professional Healthcare Facility	EM sources generally are from LAN and WLAN, mobile phones, paging systems, IT equipment, medical devices. Physician Offices / Clinics / Limited Care Facilities / Freestanding Surgical Centers / Multiple Treatment Facilities / Hospitals / Trailer connected to Hospital power (for CT mobile qualified)
Environment Exclusions	
This medical device may not be suitable for use in the IEC60601-1-2 safety standard environment categories listed below. The types of electromagnetic disturbances emitted from electrical devices found in these environments and their effect on the performance of this medical device have not been considered per the safety standard. The safety standard requires additional testing and/or risk assessment for compliance and patient/operator safety of the CT system.	
ENVIRONMENT CATEGORY	EXAMPLES
Home Healthcare Environment	Locations that have diverse electromagnetic disturbances. Category includes transportation. Residences / Homes / Nursing Homes / Vehicles (Cars, Trains, Planes) / Mobile Emergency Medical Services / Airports / Outdoors
Special Environment – Medical	EM sensitive locations or sources of intense emissions. Rooms with HF surgical equipment / Rooms with short-wave therapy equipment / Inside RF shielded room of an MRI system.
Special Environment - Military	Unique locations that have not been EM characterized. Near Radar Installations / Near Weapons Control Systems

Continues on the next page

Table 9-10 Environment of Intended Use (Table continued)

Environment of Intended Use	
Special Environment – Industrial	Unique locations that have not been EM characterized. Power Plants / Manufacturing Facilities / Mining / Refineries / Mills

9.5.5.2 Cable Shielding and Grounding

All interconnect cables to peripheral devices must be shielded and properly grounded. Use of cables not properly shielded and grounded may result in the equipment causing radio frequency interference.

9.5.5.3 Subsystem & Accessories Power Supply Distribution

All components, accessories subsystems, systems which are electrically connected to the system, must have all AC power supplied by the same power distribution panel & line.

9.5.5.4 Stacked Components & Equipment

System should not be used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment; if adjacent or stacked use is necessary, System should be observed in order to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.



Use of this equipment adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this equipment and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.

9.5.5.5 Low Frequency Magnetic Field

In case of a digital System, the Gantry (digital detector) shall be apart 1 meter from the generator cabinet, and 1 meter apart from the analog (CRT) monitors. These distance specifications will minimize the low frequency magnetic field interference risk.

9.5.5.6 Static Magnetic Field Limit

In order to avoid interference on system, static field limits from the surrounding environment are specified.

- Static field is specified less than <1 Gauss in Examination room, and in the Control Area.
- Static field is specified less than <3 Gauss in the Technical Room.

9.5.5.7 Electrostatic Discharge Environment & Recommendations

In order to reduce electrostatic discharge interference, install a charge dissipative floor material to avoid electrostatic charge buildup.

The relative humidity shall be at least 30 percent.

The dissipative material shall be connected to the system ground reference, if applicable.

9.5.6 System Component Noise Levels

Maximum Gantry Audible Noise Level The maximum ambient noise level is produced by the gantry during a CT scan acquisition. It is less than 70dBA when measured at a distance of one meter from the nearest gantry surface, in any direction.

Maximum Console Audible Noise Level The maximum ambient noise levels is less than or equal to 56dBA when measured 1m up and 1m away from the console at an ambient temperature of 26°C.

10 Radiation Protection Requirements

10.1 Shielding Requirements

NOTICE

Engage a QUALIFIED RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH PHYSICIST to review your scan room shielding requirements, taking into consideration:

- **Scatter radiation levels within the scanning room (see [Figure 10-1 Typical Scatter Survey \(Body Filter\)](#) on page 112 and [Figure 10-2 Typical Scatter Survey \(Head Filter\)](#) on page 113).**
- **Equipment placement.**
- **Weekly projected work-loads (number of patients/day technique (kvp*ma))**
- **Materials used for construction of walls, floors, ceiling, doors, and windows.**
- **Activities in surrounding scan room areas.**
- **Equipment in surrounding scan room areas (e.g., film developer, film storage)**
- **Room size and equipment placement within the room relative to room size.**

Scatter survey figures depicts measured radiation levels within the scanning room, while scanning a 32 cm CTDI phantom and using a large filter, with the technique shown. Use the mAs, kV and aperture scaling factors shown in [Table 10-1 Shielding Requirements Scaling](#) on page 111 can be used to adjust exposure levels to the scan technique used at the site.



NOTE

Actual measurements can vary. Expected deviation equals $\pm 15\%$, except for the 5 mA and 1 mm techniques, where variation may be greater (up to a factor of 2), due to the inherent deviation in small values. The maximum deviation anticipated for tube output equals $\pm 40\%$.

Table 10-1 Shielding Requirements Scaling

Changed Parameter	Multiplication Factor
mAs	new mAs/100
80 kV	0.24
100kV	0.45
120 kV	0.71
140 kV	1.00
1.25 mm aperture	0.09
5 mm aperture	0.34
10 mm aperture	0.56
15 mm aperture	0.81
20 mm aperture	1.00

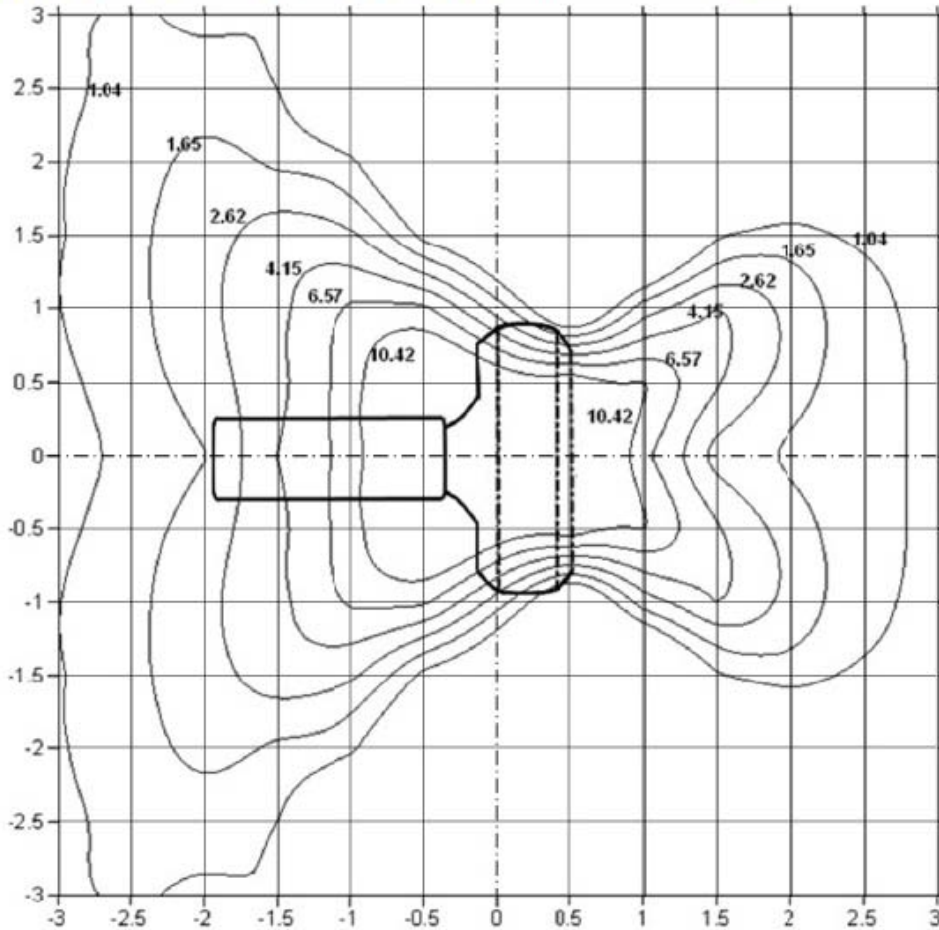
NOTICE

This publication uses μGy (micrograys) to measure radiation levels. The conversion factor from mR to μGy (micrograys) is: $1 \text{ mR} = 8.76 \mu\text{Gy}$.

Figure 10-1 Typical Scatter Survey (Body Filter)

BODY PHANTOM

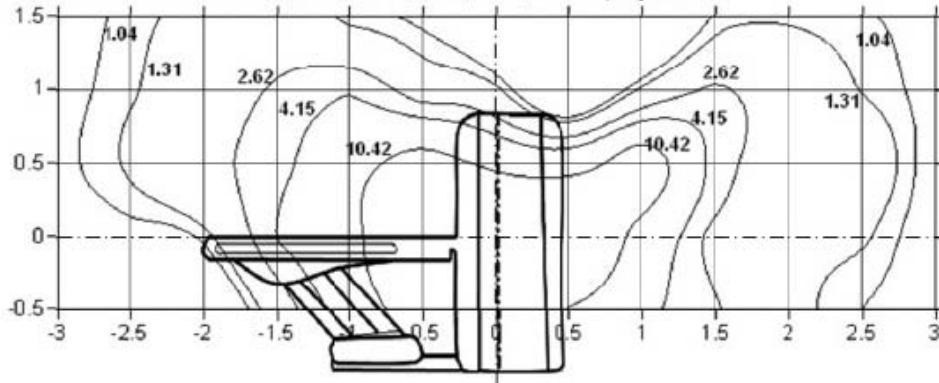
ISO-CONTOUR LEVELS: 1.04, 1.65, 2.62, 4.15, 6.57, 10.42 $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{SCAN}$



Technique:
140kV
100mA
1s
16x1.25mm

BODY PHANTOM

ISO-CONTOUR LEVELS: 1.04, 1.31, 2.62, 4.15, 10.42 $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{SCAN}$

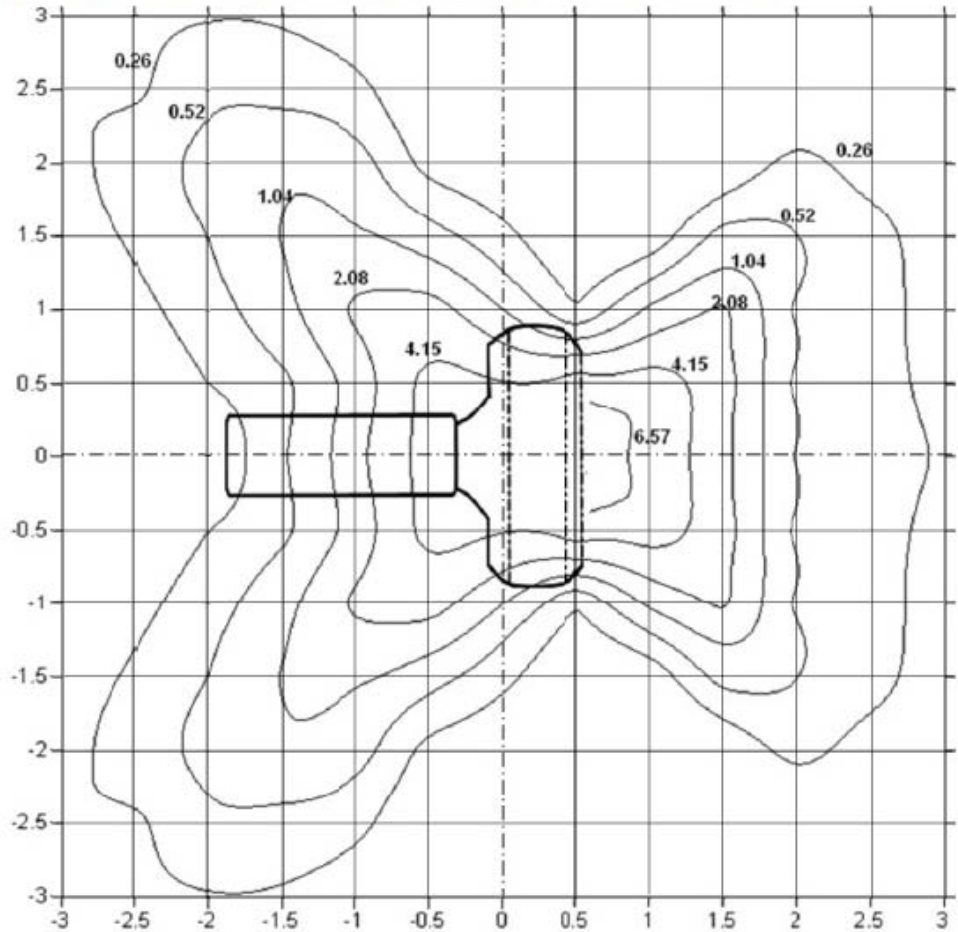


Technique:
140kV
100mA
1s
16x1.25mm

Figure 10-2 Typical Scatter Survey (Head Filter)

HEAD SCATTER PHANTOM

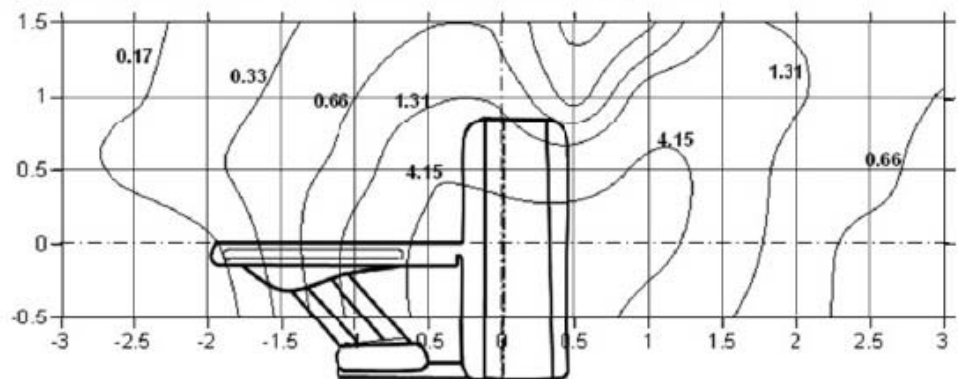
ISO-CONTOUR LEVELS: 0.26, 0.52, 1.04, 2.08, 4.15, 6.57 $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{SCAN}$



Technique:
140kV
100mA
1s
16x1.25mm

HEAD SCATTER PHANTOM

ISO-CONTOUR LEVELS: 0.17, 0.33, 0.66, 1.31, 4.15 $\mu\text{Gy}/\text{SCAN}$



Technique:
140kV
100mA
1s
16x1.25mm

11 Network Requirements

11.1 Network Connections

The network requirements listed in this chapter should allow you to connect the system to:

- Hospital/facility networks
- Filming cameras
- PACS
- Workstations
- Patient Information Systems

11.1.1 Network Type

The systems require a broadband network connection.

11.1.2 Network Speed

The customer and the customer's IT contact should ensure that the site provides access to broadband using one of the following interface types:

- 100BASE-TX (100 Mbit/s)
- 1000BASE-T (1000 Mbit/s [1 Gbit/s]).

11.1.3 Network Cable Routing

The CT system connects to the facility's network through the console. To enable proper network cabling, the customer and the customer's IT contact should:

- Provide an RJ45 wall outlet within 2 m (79 in.) of the console location.
- Provide a patch cable, not to exceed 3.05 m (10 ft), to connect the console to a wall box. (See Notes on [Figure 13-3 Interconnection Runs on page 132](#))
- Complete any cable duct-work or conduit installation that the customer site-unit might require to route connecting network cables to the workstation, camera, and console.
- Ensure that the run from the hospital/facility switch to the CT wall outlet does not exceed 88 m (290 ft). Bandwidth performance degrades significantly when the length exceeds 91 m (300 ft).
- Use of STP (Shielded Twisted Pair) cable is not allowed.

11.2 Customer Broadband Responsibilities

11.2.1 Contact GE to Find Zone Broadband Specialist

Contact your GE PMI to obtain the name of the zone broadband specialist who will:

- Work with the Customer Champion to complete any identified infrastructure changes.

- Provide IP addresses for new CT equipment.
- Provide a VPN compatible appliance that will support the IPSec tunneling protocol and 3DES data encryption.
- Utilize an Internet Service Provider that supports static routing.

11.2.2 Provide GE with IT Contact Information for the Site

Provide your GE PMI with an accurate site address, telephone number, contact name, and e-mail address for the customer IT contact who will:

- Coordinate VPN activities between Radiology/Cardiology and the Information Technology (IT) departments.
- Act as a focal point in assuring site broadband infrastructure meets GE requirements for connection, as determined by a mutual assessment with the GE connectivity team.
- Complete an equipment assessment with the GE connectivity team to determine site readiness for broadband.

11.3 Digital Service and Connectivity Requirements

11.3.1 Background

GE Healthcare provides digital service and asset management through its InSite Connectivity Platform.

InSite RSvP (Remote Service Platform) is the latest connectivity platform that will eventually replace the existing InSite 1 connectivity infrastructure in the systems starting with the software versions 19IW19.xx and later.

GE can proactively monitor the key operational parameters of your medical systems to provide early warning of potential issues to head off costly and unscheduled downtime. The GE online engineers can recalibrate key operational parameters to help ensure optimal system performance or can dispatch a field engineer to assist in mitigating the issue. Additionally, automated software downloads require reliable connectivity platform to ensure software updates and upgrades in a timely manner to keep the system working efficiently. Software downloads also significantly reduce the time it takes to upgrade your GE Healthcare devices, which means the scheduled system downtime and clinical workflow interruptions are greatly reduced.

The two major technical components of InSite RSvP are Agent and Server. The Agent is installed on the GE Healthcare equipment at the customer sites while the Server resides within GE Healthcare. The role of the Agent is to:

- monitor device performance data on an ongoing basis,
- establish secure communications to the Server via the Internet,
- and send fault information and log files to the Server

The Server uses the secure Web Services to communicate with the Agent. It processes the performance and fault information provided by the Agent.

11.3.2 InSite RSVP Connectivity Requirements

This section is applicable on systems with software version 19IW19.XX and later only.

The Agent establishes connectivity from behind the safety of your corporate firewall, adhering to all the security policies set up by your network administrators. To your network, the Agent is just another computer on the LAN. To set up the InSite 2.0 Agent at your site, the only networking requirements are as follows:

1. A physical connection or a route to an existing enterprise LAN
2. Allow outbound Internet access for the device using HTTPS protocol over port 443

If the CT system is already at or upgrades to software version 19IW19.xx or later, a GE Healthcare Field Engineer will configure network connections for InSite RSVP connectivity according to the site IT requirements.

Customer IT personnel would need to ensure the following details to enable connectivity at install:

1. DNS IP Address or Proxy IP address and authentication information as applicable is made available when requested by the GE Field Engineer or Project manager of Installation
2. In case it is required to whitelist, only certain URLs being used by GE Healthcare, here is a list that could be used:
 - 2.1. Enterprise production: <https://insite.gehealthcare.com:443>
 - 2.2. Flexera URL: <https://gehealthcare-ns.flexnetoperations.com>

InSite RSVP utilizes existing the outbound broadband internet connection. It uses the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) and complies with the existing firewall rules and Web proxies. Once the Agent has established a secure tunnel, the connection is visible only to InSite RSVP clients and services (applications or users)

**NOTE**

For GEHC Personnel only:

1. If a customer is not able to provide the internet connection then GEHC needs to provide the internet connection along with the required router device.
2. If a customer has GEHC provided internet connection or has GEHC provided router device running on the customer provided internet connection then consult the customer if the same set is to be used.

12 Power Requirements

Be sure to communicate all necessary information in this chapter to the electrical contractor employed at the installation site.

12.1 Introduction

NOTICE

Be sure to communicate all necessary information in this chapter to the electrical contractor employed at the installation site.

The Power Distribution Unit (PDU) supplied with the system transforms and distributes power to all system components. The PDU constitutes the only power entry point required to operate the system. To minimize voltage regulation effects, keep power wiring between the facility main distribution panel and the PDU as short as possible.

When routing the power wiring, all three-phase wires and ground must run in the same conduit or raceway duct. Route power wires separate from the system control and signal cables, using a separate conduit or trough in a raceway duct. You may use a metallic conduit, floor duct, or surface raceway for running cables, depending upon local codes and practices. However, ensure that cable passageways are large enough to install additional cables with all other cables already installed. Do not use non-metallic conduit.

12.2 System Input Power

12.2.1 Power Source Configuration

The system operates on a three-phase, solidly grounded four-wire wye or Delta power source. The neutral wire does not need to run to the system, (i.e., four-wire connection). If you are running a NEUTRAL wire, terminate it in the A1/MDP box or PDB.

A dedicated feeder from the nearest Main Distribution Panel (MDP) should supply power to the system. In accordance with the National Electric Code (U.S.) and similar applicable national and local codes, the site MUST provide a protective disconnect device with LOCK-OUT and TAG-OUT provisions in the power line supplying the PDU, and MUST locate the protective disconnect device within 10 m (32 ft) of the PDU, visible to PDU service personnel. The disconnect device appears as *A1/MDP* or *PDB* in the interconnection schematic diagrams.

12.2.2 NGPDU Rating

- **Configuration:** Three-phase + Neutral line with full sized ground wire
- **Line Frequency:** 50/60 Hz
- **Voltage:** 3 Phase 200 // 240, 380 // 480 VAC
- **Transients:** 50kVA
- **Continuous:** 17kVA

12.2.3 System Rating

The system operates on three-phase power that meets the following specifications:

For 30kVA Power (Japan offering only)

- Input Voltage: 200 to 240 VAC, **380 to 480
- Capacity: 30 kVA
- Frequency: 50 or 60 Hz \pm 1 Hz
- Maximum power demand = 30 kVA @ 0.85 PF at a selected technique of 120 kV, 160 mA.
- Average (continuous) power demand at maximum duty cycle = 6.3 kVA.
- Idle power demand (without rotation and X-ray) = 2.6 kVA.

For 40kVA Power

- Input Voltage: 200 to 240 VAC, **380 to 480
- Capacity: 40 kVA
- Frequency: 50 or 60 Hz \pm 1 Hz
- Maximum power demand = 40 kVA @ 0.85 PF at a selected technique of 120 kV, 200 mA.
- Average (continuous) power demand at maximum duty cycle = 6.3 kVA.
- Idle power demand (without rotation and X-ray) = 2.6 kVA.

The A1/MDP disconnect device referenced above must provide overcurrent protection for the system and have at least one Emergency Off switch within the scan suite, near the console. The preferred disconnect utilizes undervoltage release control, rather than shunt trip devices. The rating of the A1/MDP disconnect device depends on the nominal line voltage at the site. Refer to [12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System on page 119](#) for minimum rating requirements and suggested disconnect devices.



TO PREVENT POWER LOSS TO OTHER LOADS IN CASE OF AN UNEXPECTED CT OR PET SYSTEM FAULT, THE POWER FEEDER MUST HAVE OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SUCH THAT THE DOWN-STREAM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION DEVICES (E.G. GE A1/MDP PANEL) CLEAR THE FAULT BEFORE ANY UP-STREAM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION DEVICE OPENS.

12.2.4 Regulation

Total load regulation, as measured at the PDU input terminals, must not exceed 6%. The capacity of the facility transformer and size and length of feeder wires directly affect the load regulation presented to the system. Refer to [12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System on page 119](#), for recommended single-unit installation specifics.

12.2.5 Phase Imbalance

The difference between the highest line-to-line voltage and lowest line-to-line voltage must not exceed 2% of the lowest line-to-line voltage.

12.2.6 Sags, Surges and Transients

Sags and surges of the power line must not exceed the absolute range limits shown in [Table 12-4 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges on page 121](#) . Limit maximum transient voltages to 1500 V peak.

12.2.7 Grounding

The customer's electrician needs to perform the following tasks:

- Bond metal conduit, raceway, or the armor of armored cable used to power the system to the PDU cabinet and to the A1/MDP Disconnect
- Run a dedicated 1/0 (50 mm²) or larger insulated copper ground wire from the main distribution panel to the PDU with the phase wires.
- Run the ground wire with the three-phase wires from the power source to the A1/MDP Disconnect and from A1/MDP Disconnect to the PDU. Grounding does not require a neutral wire.

NOTE

The shield or armor of armored cable ALONE does NOT provide sufficient grounding.

Bond the ground wire to the intermediate distribution panels through which it passes in accordance with local codes. The resistance between the PDU ground and the facility earth ground must not exceed 0.5 ohm. In addition, the total resistance between the PDU ground and earth must not exceed 2 ohms. In addition:

- The facility ground for the CT system must originate at the system power source (i.e., transformer or first access point of power into the facility) and be continuous to the CT system A1/MDP Disconnect in the room.
- Main facility ground conductor to A1/MDP Disconnect must be appropriately sized insulated copper wire.
- Run a dedicated 1/0 (50 mm²) or larger insulated copper ground wire from A1/MDP to PDU. The main facility ground to the A1/MDP Disconnect must meet local codes, in all cases the recommended ground wire is a 1/0 (50 mm²) ground wire.

12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System

In all cases, qualified personnel must verify that the transformer and feeder (at the point of take-off) and the run to the CT system meet all the requirements stated in this document.

12.3.1 Using a Dedicated Distribution Transformer (Recommended)

The recommended power distribution system for a CT system is a dedicated feeder from the facility main isolation transformer. The minimum recommended transformer size for a dedicated distribution transformer provided for the system is 37.5 kVA (30kVA standard) or 50 kVA (40kVA option), rated 2.4% regulation at unity power factor. System Power Requirements shows the minimum recommended feeder size and overcurrent protection device based on line voltage for this configuration.

12.3.2 Using an Existing Distribution Transformer

If it proves necessary to power the system from an existing distribution transformer and secondary feeder, such as the equipment distribution panel of an X-ray department, avoid installation with other X-ray equipment that uses rapid film changers. These changers use a large number of high-powered, closely-spaced exposures, which may coincide with the CT scan and produce image artifacts.

12.3.3 System Power Requirements

Be sure that the site can meet all of the minimum power requirements listed below before installing the system:

For 30kVA Power

- Maximum power demand = 30kVA @ 0.85 PF: at a Selected Technique of 120 kV, 160 mA.
- Continuous (average) power demand at maximum duty cycle = 6.3 kVA
- Maximum allowable total source regulation is 6%
- Minimum recommended transformer size: 37.5 kVA, with 2.4% rated regulation at unity power factor. Resultant maximum allowable feeder regulation is 3.6%.

Table 12-1 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges

Nominal line voltage MUST fall within ONE of these ranges listed below.									
Average Power [kVA]	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Peak Power [kVA]	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Nominal Line Voltage [V]	200	220	240	380	400	420	440	460	480
Hi-Line Limit, +10% [V]	220	242	264	418	440	462	484	506	528
Lo-Line Limit, -10%[V]	180	198	216	342	360	378	396	414	432
Continuous Line Current [A]	18.2	16.6	15.2	9.6	9.1	8.7	8.3	7.9	7.6
Momentary Line Current [A]	78.8	71.6	65.6	41.5	39.4	37.5	35.8	34.3	32.8
Maximum Line Current [A]	96.3	87.5	80.2	50.7	48.2	45.9	43.8	41.9	40.1
Minimum Recommended Circuit Breaker[A]	100	100	100	70	70	65	65	60	60

Table 12-2 Minimum Feeder Wire Size

Feeder Length (Power Substation to A1/MDP Disconnect) Meters (Feet)	Minimum Feeder Wire Size, AWG-kcmil or MCM (sq. mm)/VAC (Supplied by Customer)								
	200VAC	220VAC	240VAC	380VAC	400VAC	420VAC	440VAC	460VAC	480VAC
15 m (50 ft)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
30 m (100 ft)	1/0 (50)	1 (45)	1 (45)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
46 m (150 ft)	3/0 (95)	2/0 (70)	2/0 (70)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
61 m (200 ft)	250 (120)	4/0 (120)	3/0 (95)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
76 m (250 ft)	300 (150)	250 (120)	4/0 (120)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
91 m (300 ft)	300 (150)	250 (120)	250 (120)	1 (45)	2 (35)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
107 m (350 ft)	350 (185)	300 (150)	250 (120)	1 (45)	1 (45)	2 (35)	2 (35)	4 (25)	4 (25)
122 m (400 ft)	350 (185)	300 (150)	300 (150)	1/0 (50)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)	4 (25)


 **NOTE** According to length and voltage, select the appropriate wire size. The length should consider the actual total length of feeder and sub-feeder.

Table 12-3 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size

Sub-Feeder Length (A1/MDP to PDU) Meters (Feet)	Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size, AWG-kcmil or MCM (sq. mm)/VAC (Supplied by Customer)								
	200VAC	220VAC	240VAC	380VAC	400VAC	420VAC	440VAC	460VAC	480VAC
9.75 m (32 ft)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)

For 40kVA Power

- Maximum power demand = 40kVA @ 0.85 PF: at a Selected Technique of 120 kV, 200 mA.
- Continuous (average) power demand at maximum duty cycle = 6.3 kVA
- Maximum allowable total source regulation is 6%
- Minimum recommended transformer size: 50 kVA, with 2.4% rated regulation at unity power factor. Resultant maximum allowable feeder regulation is 3.6%.

Table 12-4 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges

Nominal line voltage MUST fall within ONE of these ranges listed below.									
Average Power [kVA]	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Peak Power [kVA]	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Nominal Line Voltage [V]	200	220	240	380	400	420	440	460	480
Hi-Line Limit, +10% [V]	220	242	264	418	440	462	484	506	528

Continues on the next page

Table 12-4 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges (Table continued)

Nominal line voltage MUST fall within ONE of these ranges listed below.									
Lo-Line Limit, -10%[V]	180	198	216	342	360	378	396	414	432
Continuous Line Current [A]	18.2	16.6	15.2	9.6	9.1	8.7	8.3	7.9	7.6
Momentary Line Current [A]	115.5	105	96.3	60.8	57.8	55	52.5	50.2	48.2
Maximum Line Current [A]	128.3	116.7	107	67.6	64.2	61.1	58.4	55.8	53.5
Minimum Recommended Circuit Breaker[A]	115	115	115	75	75	70	70	60	60

Table 12-5 Minimum Feeder Wire Size

Feeder Length (Power Substation to A1/MDP Disconnect) Meters (Feet)	Minimum Feeder Wire Size, AWG-kcmil or MCM (sq. mm)/VAC (Supplied by Customer)								
	200VAC	220VAC	240VAC	380VAC	400VAC	420VAC	440VAC	460VAC	480VAC
15 m (50 ft)	2 (35)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
30 m (100 ft)	2/0 (70)	1/0 (50)	1/0 (50)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
46 m (150 ft)	250 (120)	3/0 (95)	3/0 (95)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
61 m (200 ft)	300 (150)	250 (120)	4/0 (120)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
76 m (250 ft)	300 (150)	300 (150)	250 (120)	1 (45)	2 (35)	2 (35)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)
91 m (300 ft)	350 (185)	300 (150)	300 (150)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)	2 (35)	2 (35)	4 (25)
107 m (350 ft)	400 (185)	350 (185)	300 (150)	1/0 (50)	1/0 (50)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)	2 (35)
122 m (400 ft)	400 (185)	400 (185)	400 (185)	2/0 (70)	1/0 (50)	1/0 (50)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)


 **NOTE** According to length and voltage, select the appropriate wire size. The length should consider the actual total length of feeder and sub-feeder.

Table 12-6 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size

Sub-Feeder Length (A1/MDP to PDU) Meters (Feet)	Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size, AWG-kcmil or MCM (sq. mm)/VAC (Supplied by Customer)								
	200VAC	220VAC	240VAC	380VAC	400VAC	420VAC	440VAC	460VAC	480VAC
9.75 m (32 ft)	2 (35)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)	4 (25)

**NOTE**

In all cases the recommended ground wire is a 1/0 (50 mm²) ground wire.

If the wire size does not match the above lists, please select the nearest wire size as per to local standards.

The information in [Table 12-1 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges on page 120](#), [Table 12-2 Minimum Feeder Wire Size on page 121](#), [Table 12-3 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size on page 121](#), [Table 12-4 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges on page 121](#), [Table 12-5 Minimum Feeder Wire Size on page 122](#) and [Table 12-6 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size on page 122](#) (above) assumes the use of copper wire, rated 75 C and run in steel conduit. All ampacity is determined in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), Table 310-16 (2002). The ampacity of the circuit protection device listed above determines the minimum feeder size, except where total source regulation limits require a larger size.

NOTICE

Power feeders running under the scan room floor, as well as power vault substations under the floor, above the scan suite, or in adjacent rooms, may cause excessive EMI fields. The responsibility for meeting all site EMI requirements rests with the customer.

13 Interconnection Data

13.1 Introduction

The customer and the customer's electrical contractor should refer to the information in this section when establishing network and power interconnections for the system. Please note the following:

- [Figure 13-3 Interconnection Runs on page 132](#) shows interconnection runs for a 50/60 Hz system.
- [Table 13-1 Component Designators on page 124](#) shows component designators for supplied equipment and options and wall power outlets.
- [Table 13-8 Runs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Connections on page 130](#) lists customer-installed wiring and supplied cables. The actual length of each run is less than the length of supplied cables to allow for routing inside the equipment. Cable diameters and sizes of connectors are provided to aid in sizing conduit and access plates.
- [13.3.1 GE Supplied \(Standard, Short Length 5490840\) on page 125](#) and [13.3.2 GE Supplied \(Optional, Long Length 5490840-2\) on page 126](#) list details for connection to the system and GE approved accessories using standard (short) length and non-standard (long) length cables, respectively. Details appear for the following types of runs, when appropriate:
 - Flush-floor duct
 - Computer floor
 - Through-wall bushing
 - Junction box
 - Surface floor duct
 - Through-floor duct
 - Wall duct
 - Conduit
- To minimize the need for additional junction boxes, use either a cable raceway system or a raised computer floor. This system uses prefabricated cables with large plugs. Therefore, try to avoid conduit or pipe for cable runs.

13.2 Component Designators

Table 13-1 Component Designators

DESIGNATOR	APPLIES TO	SOURCE
A1	Primary power disconnect	Contractor supplied
MDP	Main distribution panel	Contractor supplied
CT1	Patient table	System
CT2	Gantry	System
OC1	console/computer	System
PDU	Power Distribution Unit	System
SEO	System emergency off	Contractor supplied
WL	"X-ray on" warning light	Contractor supplied
DS	Door Interlock Switch	Contractor supplied
BBNC	Broad-band network connection	Contractor supplied

13.3 Interconnect Runs, Wiring and Cables

13.3.1 GE Supplied (Standard, Short Length 5490840)

Table 13-2 GE Supplied Cables (Standard Run, Short) - UL Information

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
50A	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343529-3	HVDC, from PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	350VDC	90	19 (0.75)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
51A	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343530-3	Axial Driver Power, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440V/254	90	15 (0.59)	4	14	11 (0.44) Dia.
52A	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	5645040	Power supply cable from PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	14 (0.55)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
53A	49.2 (44.2)	15 (13.5)	5645031-2	Power supply cable from PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12 (0.47)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
55A	28 (20)	8.5 (5.97)	2371450-2	Ground, PDU to raceway	1284	VW-1 FT-1	600	0	105	16 (0.63)	1	1/0	16 (0.63) Dia.
56A	49.2 (41)	15 (12.5)	5441518-3	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 FT-1	600	0	105	12 (0.47)	1	2	12 (0.47) Dia.
100A	32.5 (20)	9.9 (6.1)	5120646-4	Signal, Gantry TGPSV J11 to PDU		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	12.5 (0.49)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30)
101A	49.2 (37.7)	15 (11.5)	5645006-2	From Console RL, TGPSV J9 to OC		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	12.5 (0.49)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30)
102A	49.2 (42.7)	15 (13)	5645022-2 / 5645021-2	LAN cable from Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.

13.3.2 GE Supplied (Optional, Long Length 5490840-2)

Table 13-3 GE Supplied Cables (Long) - UL Information

Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size WG	
63.6 (55)	19.4 (16.8)	2343529-4	HVDC, from PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & - 350VDC	90	19 (0.75)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia
63.6 (55)	19.4 (16.8)	2343530-4	Axial Driver Power, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15 (0.59)	4	14	11 (0.44) Dia
63.6 (55)	19.4 (16.8)	5645040-2	Power supply cable from PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	14 (0.55)	5	8	56 (2.22) Dia
80.4 (75)	24.5 (22.9)	5645031	Power supply cable from PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12 (0.47)	3	10	56 (2.22) Dia
63.6 (55)	19.4 (16.8)	2371450	Ground, PDU to Raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	16 (0.63)	1	1/0	16 (0.63) Dia
83 (75)	25.5 (22.9)	5441518	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 FT-1	600	0	105	12 (0.47)	1	2	12 (0.47) Dia
72.2 (62)	21.4 (18.9)	5120646-3	Signal, Gantry TGPSV J11 to PDU		FT4	300	<30VDC	80	12.5 (0.49)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30)
88.6 (78)	27 (23.7)	5645006	From Console RL, TGPSV J9 to OC		FT4	300	<30VDC	80	12.5 (0.49)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30)
85 (81)	26 (24.9)	5645050/ 5645051	LAN cable from Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia

Figure 13-1 System Interconnect Diagram - For Host PCs - Z420/Z440/Z4G4



NOTE

1. "*" is for Z420 host computer cable connection
 "**" is for Z440 host computer cable connection, 5408703-2 is shipped with LCD monitor
 "*" is for Z4G4 host computer cable connection
2. "1*" is an adapter cable from Mini DP to DP Dongle and shipped with Z4G4 host Computer
 "2*" is a video cable (5408703-2) from DP to DVI and shipped with LCD monitor

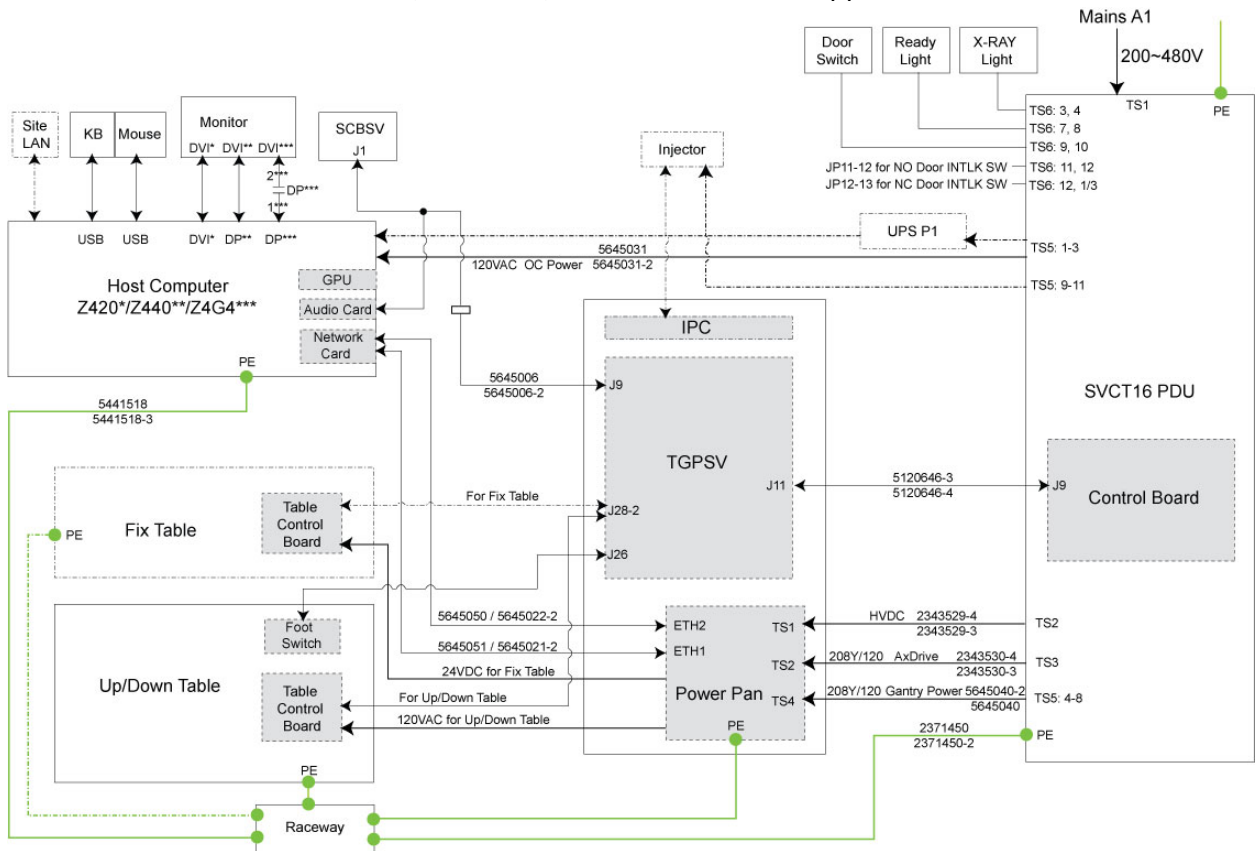
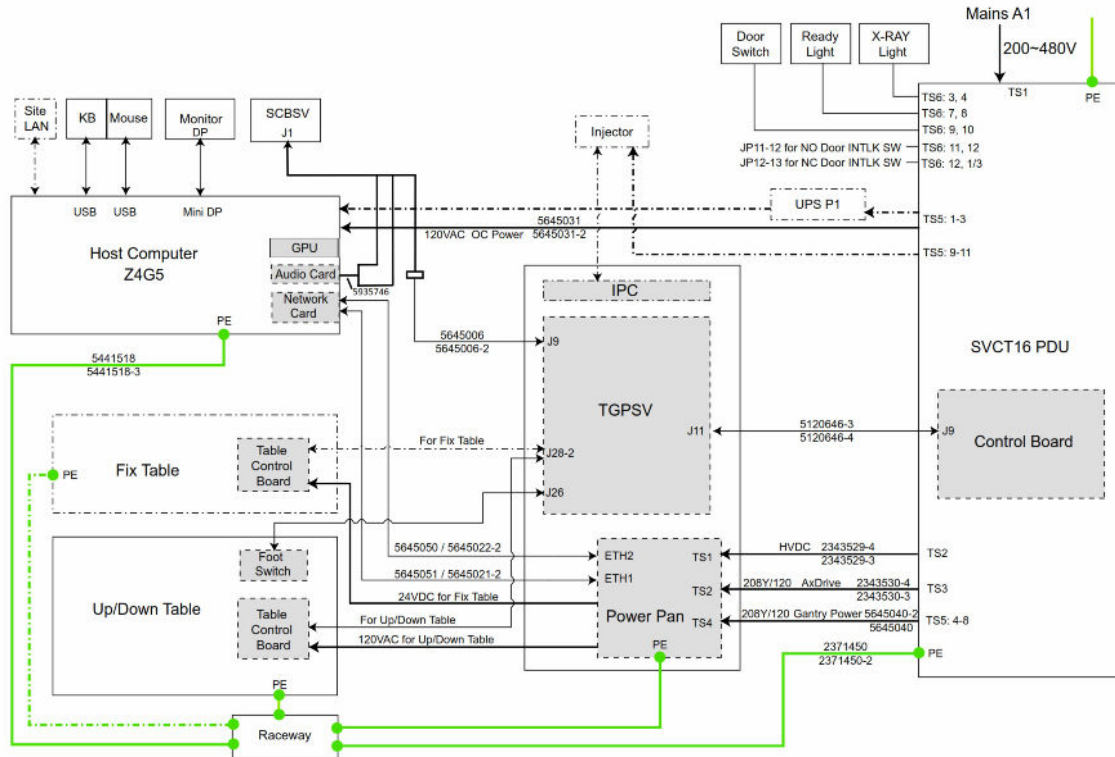


Figure 13-2 System Interconnect Diagram - For Host PC Z4G5



13.3.3 GE Supplied (Console Cables)

Table 13-4 GE Supplied Console Cables

PART #	DESCRIPTION	CONNECT TO	QUANTITY	LENGTH	
				mm	inch
5575994	SVCT SCB Cable	SCBSV	1.0	2000	78.74
5645031-2	Power Cable for Scan Monitor (Short Cable)	Monitor	1.0	16500	649.61

13.3.4 GE Supplied (Cables of Options)

Table 13-5 GE Supplied Cables for Option - UL Information

Option	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
Injector	100	30.5	5169456	Gantry to Injector	1007	VW-1	300	<30VDC	80	1.57 (0.062)	3	22	45 (1.78) Dia.
	32.8	10	5317258-2	Power Cable Injector to PDU	62	VW-1	300	120VAC	60	9.4 (0.37)	3	14	36 (1.41) Dia
RCP Camera	2.3	0.7	5854842/5 854842-2	RCP Cable Harness	-	UL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	82	25	5854840	RCP interface Cable	-	UL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	98.4	30	5863794 5863794-2 5863794-3	LAN Cable for AVI-MOS Camera	-	CAT6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

13.3.5 1 Phase UPS Wiring Cables


Table 13-6 UPS Wiring Cables

Length		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
64	19.5	5421414-2	POWER CABLE, PDU TO UPS	2587	-	-	208V AC	-	-	-	10	-
9.8 + 4.9	3+1.5	5421412-2	POWER CABLE, UPS DISCONNECT PANEL TO OC AND MONITOR	-	-	-	120V AC	-	-	-	16	-

13.3.6 A1/MDP


Table 13-7 A1/MDP Information

PDU Type & Model No.	Maximum Nom. kVA Rating	Optional PDB (or MDP) Catalog No.	
		Global (Non EMEA)	EMEA (EU, EGM & Africa)
2326492-37	50kVA	E4502AB / E4502BB (90A, 380~480V)	E45021BA (80A, 380~415V) (incl. Auto Restart & Integrated UPS Control)

 **NOTE**
Conduit is required between the A1/MDP and PDU.

13.3.7 Contractor/Customer-Supplied

Table 13-8 Runs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Connections

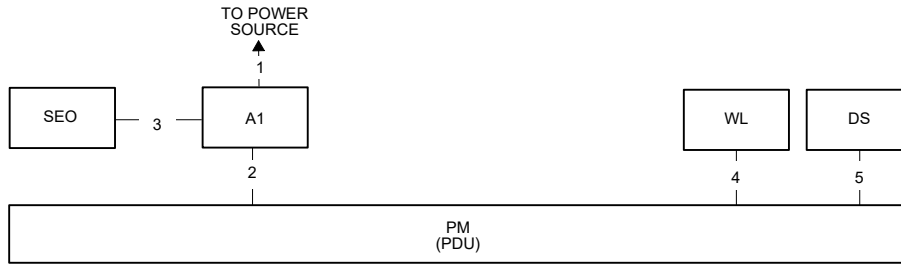
Customer Installed Wiring		Description	Cables Supplied			Plug Pulling Dimensions		Wire and Cable Pig-tails ft. (M.)	
Qty	Size AWG -Kcmil		Part No	LENGTH ft. (M.)	DIA. in (mm)	From	TO	From	To
RUN NO. 1 FROM PRIMARY POWER SOURCE TO FACILITY DISCONNECT (POWER SOURCE - A1/MDP)									
<p> NOTE The primary power ground to the A1/MDP disconnect must meet local codes, in all cases the recommended ground wire is a 1/0 (50 mm²) ground wire.</p> <p>Maximum Run Length *</p>									
3	*	POWER						3 (1)	3(1)
1	1/0 (50)	GROUND						3 (1)	3 (1)
RUN NO. 2 FROM FACILITY DISCONNECT TO POWER DISTRIBUTION UNIT (A1/MDP - PM)									
3	*	POWER						3 (1)	3(1)
1	1/0 (50)	GROUND						3 (1)	3 (1)
-	-	NEUTRAL -- Not Re-quired						3 (1)	3 (1)
RUN NO. 3 FROM FACILITY DISCONNECT TO SYSTEM EMERGENCY OFF (A1/MDP - SEO)									
2	14 (2.5)	POWER						6 (2)	6 (2)
1	14 (2.5)	GROUND						6 (2)	6 (2)
RUN NO. 4 POWER DISTRIBUTION UNIT TO WARNING LIGHT CONTROL (PDU - WL)									

Continues on the next page

Table 13-8 Runs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Connections (Table continued)

Customer Installed Wiring		Description	Cables Supplied			Plug Pulling Dimensions		Wire and Cable Pigtails ft. (M.)	
Qty	Size AWG -Kcmil		Part No	LENGTH ft. (M.)	DIA. in (mm)	From	TO	From	To
2	14 (2.5)	WARNING LIGHT 240V AC CONTROL TS6 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8							
RUN NO. 5 POWER DISTRIBUTION UNIT TO SCAN ROOM DOOR INTERLOCK (PDU - DOOR SWITCH)									
2	14 (2.5)	SCAN ROOM DOOR INTERLOCK TS6 9, 10							
*	REFER TO Table 12-3 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size on page 121 FOR AWG (MM2) WIRE SIZES								
RUN NO. n/a BBNC									
1	customer determined	Hospital Broadband Network Connection (Wall Jack: Placed on the wall behind the console.)							

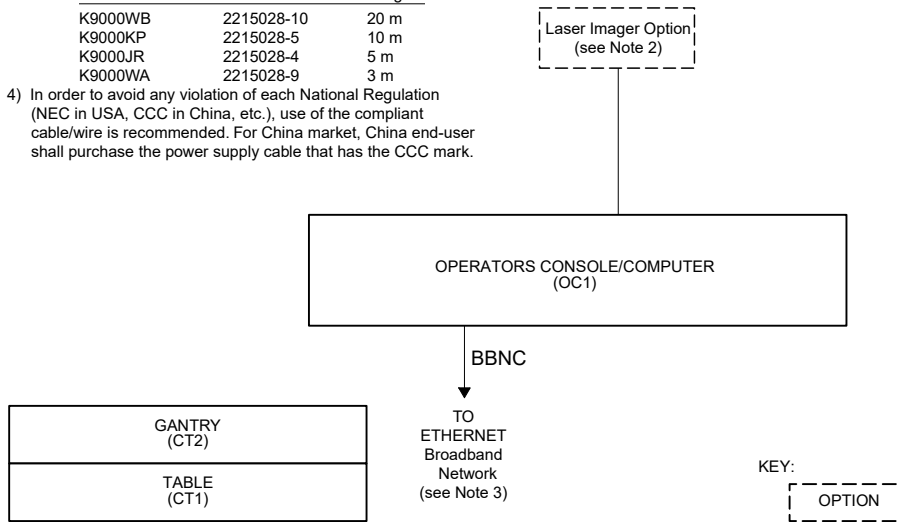
Figure 13-3 Interconnection Runs



NOTES:

- 1) Used for remote diagnostics - Option
- 2) Refer to the appropriate Pre-installation / Installation documents for the Laser Camera
- 3) Category 5 cable. Use one of the following patch cords:

CAT Num	GE Part Num	Length
K9000WB	2215028-10	20 m
K9000KP	2215028-5	10 m
K9000JR	2215028-4	5 m
K9000WA	2215028-9	3 m
- 4) In order to avoid any violation of each National Regulation (NEC in USA, CCC in China, etc.), use of the compliant cable/wire is recommended. For China market, China end-user shall purchase the power supply cable that has the CCC mark.



13.3.8 Fuse

Table 13-9 Fuse Kit (5499644)

ITEM	NUMBER	QTY	FRU CODE	DESCRIPTION/NAME
1	46-231516P1	1.0	Yes	FUSE, FAST, 5X20MM, 1A, 250V, 35A INTERRUPT, UL REC
2	5336242	3.0	Yes	Fuse for brake resistor
3	5665672	1.0	Yes	FUSE, TIME DELAY, 6.3X32MM, 20A, 250V, 400A INTERRUPT AT 250VAC
4	5336240	1.0	Yes	Fuse for drive's control power
5	5184715-2	1.0	Yes	FUSE, TIME DELAY, 5X20MM, 2A IEC, 250V, 1.5KA INTERRUPT, CERAMIC, UL REC

13.4 Contractor Supplied Components

Table 13-10 Contractor-Supplied Components

REFERENCE	ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT	MATERIAL/LABOR SUPPLIED BY CUSTOMER CONTRACTOR	USA VENDOR / CAT NO. GE CATALOG
A1/MDP 380/415/480 V 50/60 Hz	Fusible Disconnect and Magnetic Contactor	3 Pole, 380/415/480 V, Combination breaker with magnetic contactor. Includes control transformer, optional UPS interface, On/Off controls and auto-restart feature.	Recommend ^{*1} : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> E45021BA (80A) E4502AB/E4502BB (90A)
BBNC (re-quired)	Broad-Band Network Connection	Broad-Band network connection wall jack, located within 1m (39inches) of Operator Console location, for internal hospital networking and InSite Broad-Band connectivity. Cabling to conform to facility's IT standards.	
	System Components	Reference the system installation drawings supplied by Installation Support Services within your geographic area.	
*1 *Refer to 13.3.7 Contractor/Customer-Supplied on page 130			

13.5 Scan Room Warning Light and Door Interlock

The scan room shall have a scan warning light and door interlock connected to the scan system as detailed in the following diagrams.

X-Ray warning light

The terminal strip 6 located in PDU is for x-ray warning light connection. See table below for details.

Table 13-11 PDU Terminal Strip 6 X-Ray Warning Light


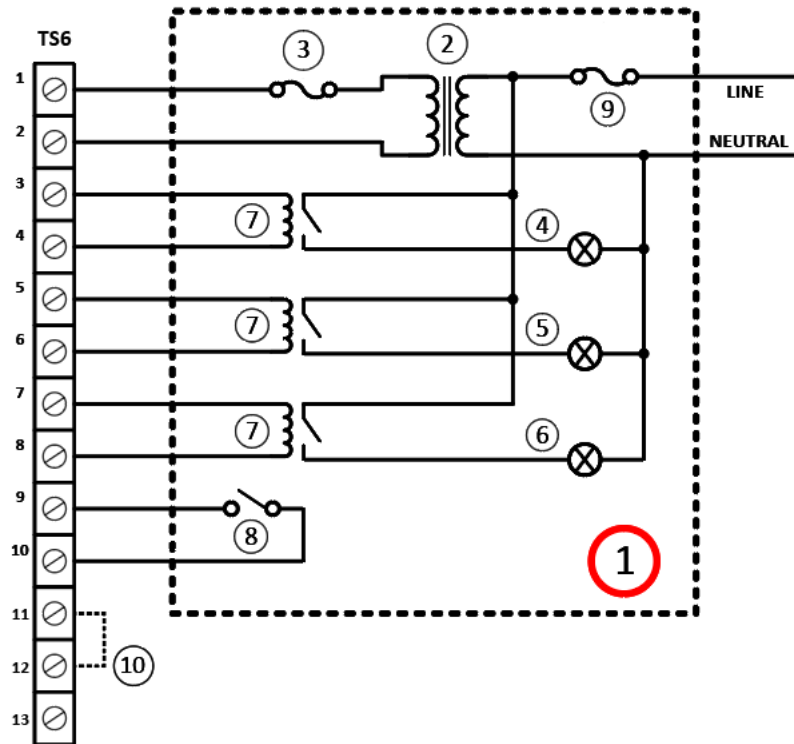
Connection or Wall Box	Connection From	Connection to PDU 1
Warning Light/Audible Device	TLV Source -1	TS6 1
	LV Source -2	TS6 2
	X-Ray ON Light -1	TS6 3
	X-Ray ON Light -2	TS6 4
	Sys-ON Light -1	TS6 5
	Sys-ON Light -2	TS6 6
	Ready Light -1	TS6 7
	Ready Light -2	TS6 8
 NOTE	All of the above TS6 terminal strips are maximum wire gage: 10 mm ² (8 ga). Allowable power source is 24VAC with maximum current 6A.	

Figure 13-4 Example: Externally powered warning light connection circuit



Item	Description	Item	Description
1	Customer provided	6	Ready Light
2	24V power supply	7	Isolation relays, 24V
3	Fuse (Max 6 Amp)	8	Door Interlock, 24VDC@40mA
4	X-Ray ON Light	9	Line Fuse, Customer sized
5	System ON Light	10	Jumper

Scan room door switch connections

The terminal strip 6 located in PDU is also for scanner room door switch connection. See table below for details.



NOTE

The x-ray door interlock switch (supplied by the customer) working parameter is: 24VDC @ 40 mA

Table 13-12 PDU Terminal Strip 6 Scan Room Door Switch

CONNECTION OR WALL BOX	CONNECTION FROM	CONNECTION TO PDU
Scan Room Door Switch	Door SW-1 Door SW-2	TS6 9 TS6 10

Scan room NO/NC contact of door intlk switch

The terminal strip 6 located in PDU is also for NO/NC contact of door intlk switch. See table below for details.

Table 13-13 PDU Terminal Strip 6 Scan Room Door Intlk Switch

CONNECTION OR WALL BOX	CONNECTION FROM	CONNECTION TO PDU
Scan Room Door Intlk Switch	NO Contact of Door Intlk Switch NC Contact of Door Intlk Switch	TS6 11/12 TS6 12/13

14 Delivery and Storage Requirements

This chapter provides information necessary for planning a safe and successful delivery of the system from GE HealthCare to the receiving area of the installation site, and from the receiving area of that facility to the scan suite.

14.1 Delivery Types and System Lifting and Rigging Restriction



DANGER

PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. TIP HAZARD.

THE MAIN SUB-SYSTEMS (GANTRY, TABLE, PDU...) ARE HEAVY AND MAY TIP OVER IF TILTED PAST 10 DEGREES.

WHEN TRANSPORTING THE SUB-SYSTEMS TO THE FINAL DESTINATION, DO NOT EXCEED TILT ANGLE EQUAL TO, OR GREATER THAN 10 DEGREES IN EITHER DIRECTION OF AXIS.



NOTE

The system shall never be lifted by the dollies.

Your Project Manager of Installation will determine the most appropriate means of transporting the system to your facility. However, the type of receiving area at the facility where the installation will occur determines, to a large extent, the method used to transport the system to that facility. When planning for delivery, facilities fall into two general categories: those with a loading dock, and those without a loading dock.

14.1.1 Loading Dock Deliveries

Facilities with a loading dock in their receiving area can generally accommodate delivery of the system by van. This is the preferred method of transporting the system to the installation site, as dock-to-dock shipment by van minimizes the possibility of dropping the gantry. Also, packing the CT system for van shipment involves minimum tear-down of components. This system is shipped Lean packed on pallets and dollies with approximately 10 units.

14.1.2 Ground (Non-Loading Dock) Deliveries

Facilities without a loading dock usually require ground delivery by either liftgate or appropriately sized forklift. Such deliveries require unloading the system components from the truck and then rolling them across smooth sidewalks or other paved surfaces into the facility.

14.1.2.1 Liftgate Truck

Delivery of the system by liftgate truck requires an appropriate capacity truck with a liftgate capable of lifting 3 tons. If using a rollback truck, the Project Manager of Installation should be on-site at the time of delivery to supervise this operation in person.

14.1.2.2 Tiltbed Truck - NOT Approved

Delivery of the system by tilt-bed truck is no longer an approved delivery method due to EHS safety risks of tipping the system over. If a loading dock is not available, then a Fork-lift truck shall instead be used.

14.1.2.3 Forklift Truck



NOTE

The tines on the fork truck need to be a minimum of 8' long in order to pick the gantry on the lifting skid past the center point of gravity.

A forklift can be used to unload the gantry, provided that the lifting option is ordered and delivered. The system will arrive with a lifting skid attached to the gantry and table. This option cannot be added later as an on-site addition.

14.1.2.4 Rigging

The CT gantry assemblies shall not be lifted by their dollies. The CT gantry assemblies shall not be transported across any surface by any means other than the dollies provided by GE HealthCare. The CT gantry assemblies have no lifting points on them and are not designed to be lifted by any special rigging attached to the gantry assemblies themselves.



DANGER

POSSIBLE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

THE DOLLIES ARE NOT DESIGNED TO BE USED AS AN ATTACHMENT POINT FOR ANY METHOD OF LIFTING THE SUBSYSTEMS.

ATTACHING LIFTING STRAPS, CABLES OR MECHANISMS TO THE DOLLY HANDLES OR ANY OTHER PART OF THE DOLLY IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.

NOTICE

If it is determined that the subsystems must be lifted by crane or other lifting method the PM or person responsible for local siting of the system shall NOT proceed with the installation without consulting directly with GE HealthCare Engineering.

Lifting the subsystems by crane or other lifting method should always be avoided. All alternate methods of delivery should be evaluated including the removal of any obstructions, doorways, walls, and windows.

If lifting is still required:

1. The entire gantry assembly and both gantry transport side dollies must be placed on a lifting platform. GE HealthCare does not provide a lifting platform.



NOTE

If the platform has limited space, the gantry transport side dollies may be removed during the lift. Once the lift is completed, the gantry transport side dollies must be installed back on the gantry assembly.

2. The entire patient table must be on its dollies and lifted while sitting on a lifting platform. The patient table on its dolly shall be lowered to its transport position so the table base is in contact with the platform.
3. The platform must be designed so no lifting straps or cables come in contact with any part of the gantry or table subsystems or its side dollies.
4. The lifting platform shall bear the entire load. No part of the subsystem shall bear any load during the lift.

NOTE

If delivery requires vertical or horizontal lifting, the PM needs to add the necessary identifier to the order.

14.2 Delivery to the Scan Suite

Once at the installation site, conveyance of the system into the scan suite may involve special considerations, such as vertical lifting, or transportation through stairwells, which involves additional planning by the Project Manager of Installation.

14.2.1 Packing Dimension

Table 14-1 Packing Dimension

SubSystem	Length mm (in.)	Width mm (in.)	Height mm (in.)
Gantry	1850 mm (72.8 in.)	1250 mm (49.2 in.)	2070 mm (81.5 in.)
Up/Down Table	2400 mm (94.5 in.)	960 mm (37.8 in.)	1290 mm (50.8 in.)
Fixed Table	2670 mm (105 in.)	800 mm (31.5 in.)	1030 mm (40.6 in.)
PDU	850 mm (33.5 in.)	700 mm (27.6 in.)	1500 mm (59 in.)
Open Console	1780 mm (70 in.)	1220 mm (48 in.)	1100 mm (43.3 in.)

14.2.2 Lifting

Both vertical and horizontal lifting require professional riggers.

If delivery requires horizontal lifting, the PMI should contact with CT engineering team with installation concession.

If delivery requires vertical lifting and deviates from the requirement outlined in the PIM then engineering must be contacted for approval.

14.2.2.1 Stairway Deliveries

Stairways with angles at or less than 45 degrees can accommodate delivery of system components. If the site requires delivery through stairwells, the PMI adds the appropriate identifier to the order to ensure proper packaging of the system, and notifies CT engineering before attempting the procedure. The components ship attached to special lifting skids with lifting instruction for riggers.

14.2.3 Floor Protection

GE recommends floor protection along the delivery path from the dock/receiving area to scan room.

14.2.4 Un-loading and un-packing the System

Retain the packaging surrounding the following components:

- Console-Shipped on a shock resistant skid. Do not remove the skid.
- UPS-Shipped on a shock resistant skid. Do not remove the skid.

14.3 Dollies

14.3.1 Installations within the United States

Typically, domestic shipments (shipments within the United States) involve the use of dollies for moving the gantry, table, and console. After completing installation, return the dollies to GE using the shipping document found in Box #1.

14.3.2 Zero Clearance Dollies

Deliveries involving small elevators with a depth of at least 2692 mm (106 in.) require zero clearance dollies. Zero clearance dollies allow movement of the gantry in tight areas; avoid using them for normal dock or van deliveries. To order zero clearance dollies, go to: <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

14.3.3 Tilting Table Dollies

Deliveries involving small elevators with a depth of at least 2438 mm (96 in.) require tilting table dollies. If storing the system prior to installation, do not order tilt dollies. If you are unable to obtain tilt dollies for delivery, substitute riggers in their place. A limited number of tilt dollies exist for U.S. deliveries. To order tilt dollies, go to: <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

14.3.4 Installations Outside of the United States

Customers may purchase dollies (B73602CA) for shipments outside of the United States. After removing the system from the crates, DO NOT return dollies shipped outside of the US to GE Healthcare in Milwaukee, WI, USA. Instead, forward them to the local GE office or warehouse.

Zero Clearance and Tilting Table dollies can be purchased through UMI, To buy tilt dollies, go to: <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

14.4 Gantry Delivery Considerations

14.4.1 Gantry Shipping State

The gantry ships with most covers installed, and the assembly mounted between two dollies (see [Figure 14-2 Gantry with Front and Rear Covers \(default shipping status\) on page 140](#)). Use the dolly elevating casters to lift the gantry off its base and roll it into position.

Figure 14-1 Gantry with Shipping Dollies

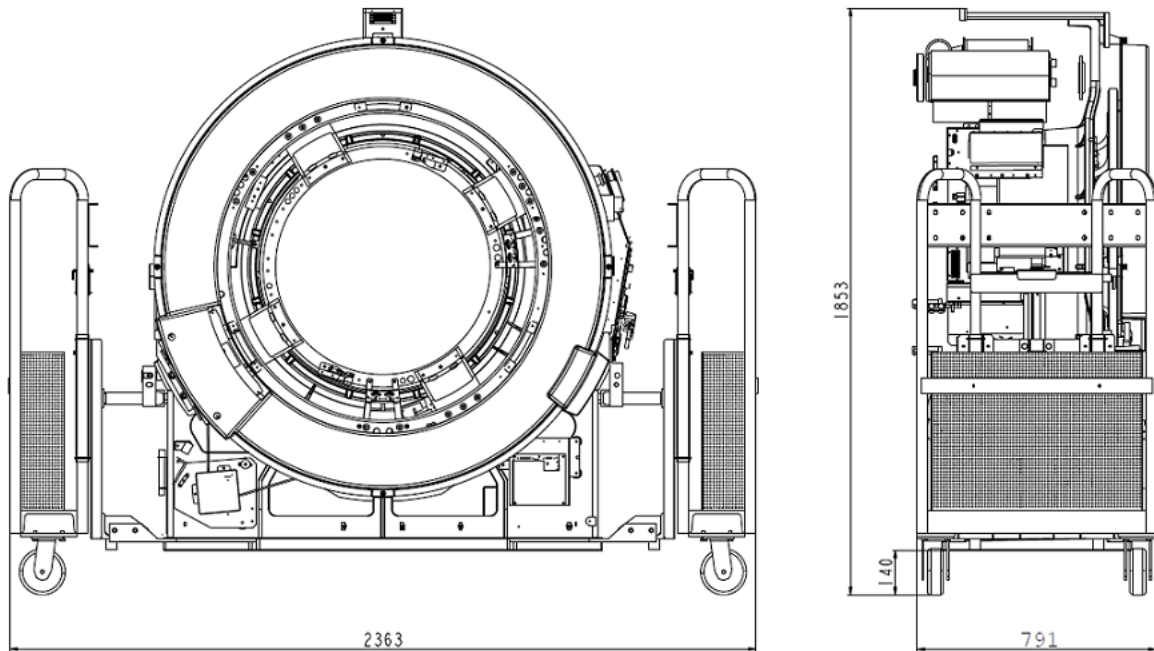
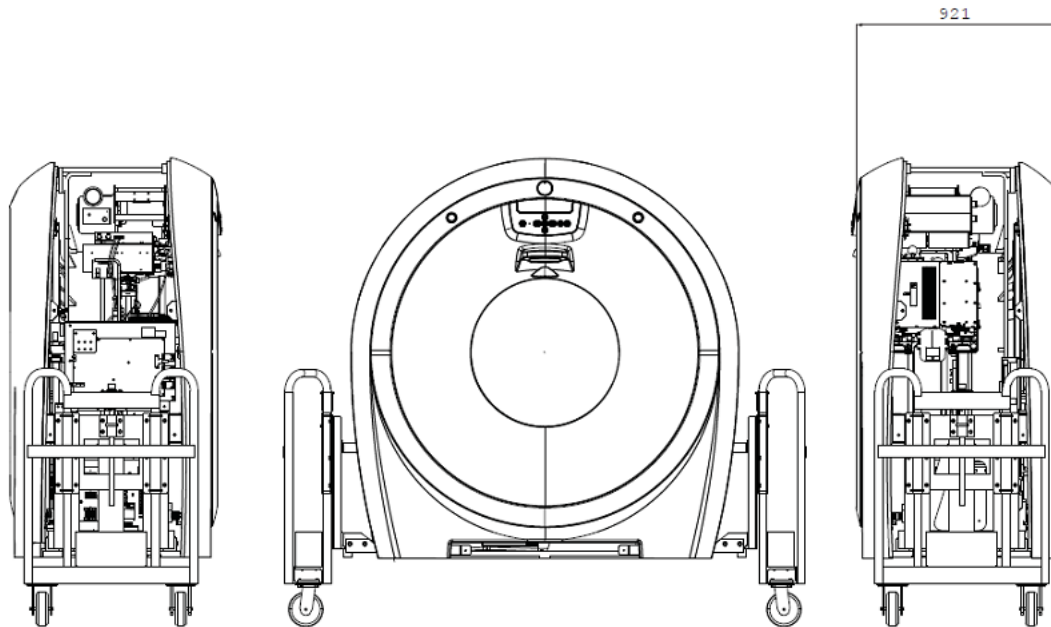


Figure 14-2 Gantry with Front and Rear Covers (default shipping status)



14.4.2 Door Openings

Unobstructed door openings, for moving equipment into the building, must measure 850 mm X 1900 mm (33.5 in. X 74.8 in.) minimum. Corridors with a width of 2300 mm (7.5 ft.) also prove helpful.

14.4.3 Elevator Requirements

When moving the gantry from the receiving location to the scanning room, pay special attention to elevator size and capacity.

Contact the elevator manufacturer if the gantry weight exceeds elevator capacity (see [Table 14-2 Size of Gantry & Dollies on page 141](#)).

Table 14-2 Size of Gantry & Dollies

Configuration	Length mm (in)	Width mm (in)	Height mm (in)	Weight kg (lb)
Dollies On, Covers Off	2363 mm (93.1 in.)	793 mm (31.2 in.)	1853 mm (73 in.)	1030 kg (2271 lb)
Dollies On, Covers On	2363 mm (93.1 in.)	921 mm (36.3 in.)	1881 mm (74 in.)	1125 kg (2480 lb)
Dollies Off, Covers Off	1543 mm (60.8 in.)	793 mm (31.2 in.)	1713 mm (67.5 in.)	800 kg (1764 lb)
Dollies Off, Covers On	1783 mm (70.2 in.)	921 mm (36.3 in.)	1741 mm (68.5 in.)	895 kg (1973 lb)

14.5 Table Delivery Considerations

The whole table is shipped in one box. The table is mounted between two dollies.

For the table dimensions with dollies, refer to [Table 14-3 Table Dimensions with dollies on page 141](#).

Table 14-3 Table Dimensions with dollies

	Length		Width		Height		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
Up/Down Table	2137.5	84.2	820	32.3	1038	40.8	372	821
Fixed Height Table	2525	99.4	651	25.6	960	37.8	189	417

14.6 Console Delivery Considerations

The dimensions of the console alone (as shipped) measure:

- Z420 Host Computer: 445 mm (17.5 in.) deep, 178 mm (7 in.) wide, and 448 mm (17.6 in.) high.
- Z440 Host Computer: 455 mm (17.9 in.) deep, 169 mm (6.7 in.) wide, and 432 mm (17 in.) high.
- Z4G4 Host Computer: 445 mm (17.5 in.) deep, 169 mm (6.7 in.) wide, and 386 mm (15.2 in.) high.
- Z4G5 Host Computer: 563 mm (22.2 in.) deep, 310 mm (12.2 in.) wide and 565 mm (22.2 in.) high

14.7 Storage Requirements

NOTICE

Failure to adhere to storage requirements can result in equipment damage.

14.7.1 Short-term Storage (Less than Six Months)

If storing the CT system before installation for less than six months, store it in a temperature- and humidity-controlled warehouse. Protect it from weather, dirt, and dust. Meeting the following requirements prevents rust and corrosion from forming on bearing surfaces due to condensation:

- Storage temperature should not exceed 0° to 30° C (32° to 86° F).
- Maintain relative humidity (non-condensing) up to 70%.
- Maximum rate of relative humidity change measures 5%/hr.
- Maximum rate of temperature change measures 3° C/hr. (5° F/hr.)
- Storage longer than 6 months is not recommended.

NOTICE

Between delivery qualifies as short-term storage. Van storage must meet the same specifications listed above.

14.7.2 Construction-Site Storage

When storing the CT system at a construction site be sure to adhere to the following storage requirements:

- Do not damage or puncture the shipping crate.
- Do not remove packaging until all construction is completed at the site and all dust created by the construction is removed.
- Maintain a storage temperature within the range of 10° to 32° C (50° to 90° F).
- Maintain a relative humidity (non-condensing) between 20% and 70%.

14.8 Extreme Temperature Delivery and Storage

CAUTION



Failure to adhere to extreme temperature requirements during delivery and storage can result in equipment damage.

Avoid extreme temperatures during system transportation and delivery.

Extreme temperatures consist of temperatures below -18° C (0° F), or above 49° C (120° F), without humidity control.

When transporting the CT system, prevent extended exposure of the system to temperatures or humidity outside of the following specifications:

- Up to two weeks duration
- Temperature: -40° to +70° C (-40° to +158° F)
- Humidity: 10% to 100%, including condensing
- Altitude: -549m to 5,486m (-1,800 ft. to 18,000 ft.)

NOTICE

Component freezing occurs when exposing the CT system to temperatures below -18°C (0°F) for a period longer than two (2) days. Allow a minimum of 12 hours for the CT system to adjust to ambient room temperature prior to installation.

15 Handling Requirements

Communicate the information in this chapter to any personnel who will transport, move, or otherwise handle the system components during transportation and delivery of the system.

15.1 Transportation

To avoid dropping the gantry, it is recommended that the system is transported from GE to the facility of the installation site, shipping dock-to-dock in a van. However, facilities without a loading dock may transport the system using liftgate or flatbed trucks, provided that no dropping or mis-handling of the system occurs. These methods involve unloading system components from the truck and then rolling them across SMOOTH sidewalks or other paved surfaces.

15.2 Handling Requirements

The design of the system does not tolerate dropping, shock, vibration, tipping, or hoisting. Be sure to communicate these handling requirements to all parties involved in transporting, moving, and handling system components.

15.2.1 Avoid Dropping

Never drop the gantry, console, table, or PDU. A drop from a height greater than 13 mm (0.5 in.) may cause structural damage to the frame or other major components. Damage resulting from a drop (e.g., bent frame, misalignment) may not become apparent until after the system is installed.

15.2.2 Avoid Shocks and Vibrations

The design of the system, including the gantry, console, table, and PDU, does not tolerate excessive shock or vibration, which may occur during unloading. For example, rolling the console across a "washboard" style ramp may vibrate components, causing loose or broken connections. Damage resulting from shock or vibration (e.g., monitor, CD-ROM, hard-drive, or console failure) may not become evident until after the system is installed.

15.2.3 Avoid Tipping

All system components must remain upright at all times; avoid tipping them. Move the gantry by rolling it on its dollies ONLY, do NOT hoist it. Avoid tipping or lifting the gantry when moving it through hallways, doorways, elevators, etc.

NOTICE

Lifting the gantry requires engineering approval for each occurrence. Your GE PMI should contact CT Engineering for all special lifting requirements, as unauthorized gantry lifting can cause gantry bearing damage.

15.2.4 Flat-bed Truck Removal (NOT Approved Tilting)

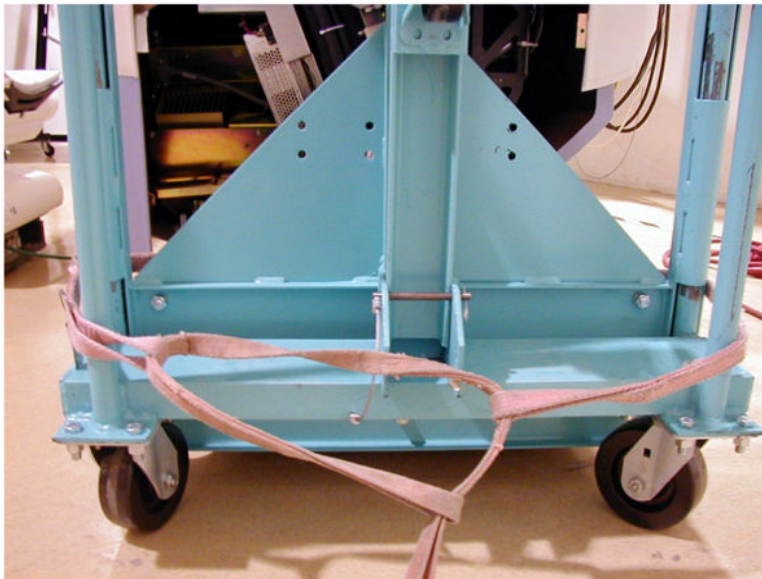
Flat-bed Truck Removalwrecker, attach the straps to the LOWEST possible point on the dolly, and lower the gantry at the SLOWEST reasonable rate, (see [Figure 15-1 Proper Gantry Strap Location](#) on page 145).

 **CAUTION**



Tilt-bed truck is no longer an approved delivery methods. It is allowed to use a tilt-bed truck (tilt disabled) as a flatbed truck and use a forklift or crane to unload a system.

Figure 15-1 Proper Gantry Strap Location



 **WARNING**



SOME ASSEMBLIES MAY BE TOP-HEAVY. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TIP!

A Regulatory Clearances for US

A.1 Regulations

Review all codes in your area prior to your installation date. US customers should consider these codes:

- 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA)
- NFPA 70E (Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace)
- NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code)
- Americans with Disabilities Act

NOTICE

All systems installed within the United States and United States territories, and within United States government facilities, regardless of country, must comply with all United States Federal and local regulations. All systems installed outside the United States must comply with either the national, state, or local regulatory clearance requirements for the country in which the installation occurs, or US Federal regulations, whichever is greater.

A.2 Clearance Requirements

A map of clearance requirements necessary for proper operation and servicing of the system is provided in [Figure A-1 U.S. Regulatory Clearance Requirements for Up/Down Table on page 147](#) and [Figure A-2 U.S. Regulatory Clearance Requirements for Fixed Height Table on page 148](#).



NOTE

A similar map of detailed dimensional clearance measurements necessary for safe servicing of the system is provided in [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 38](#).

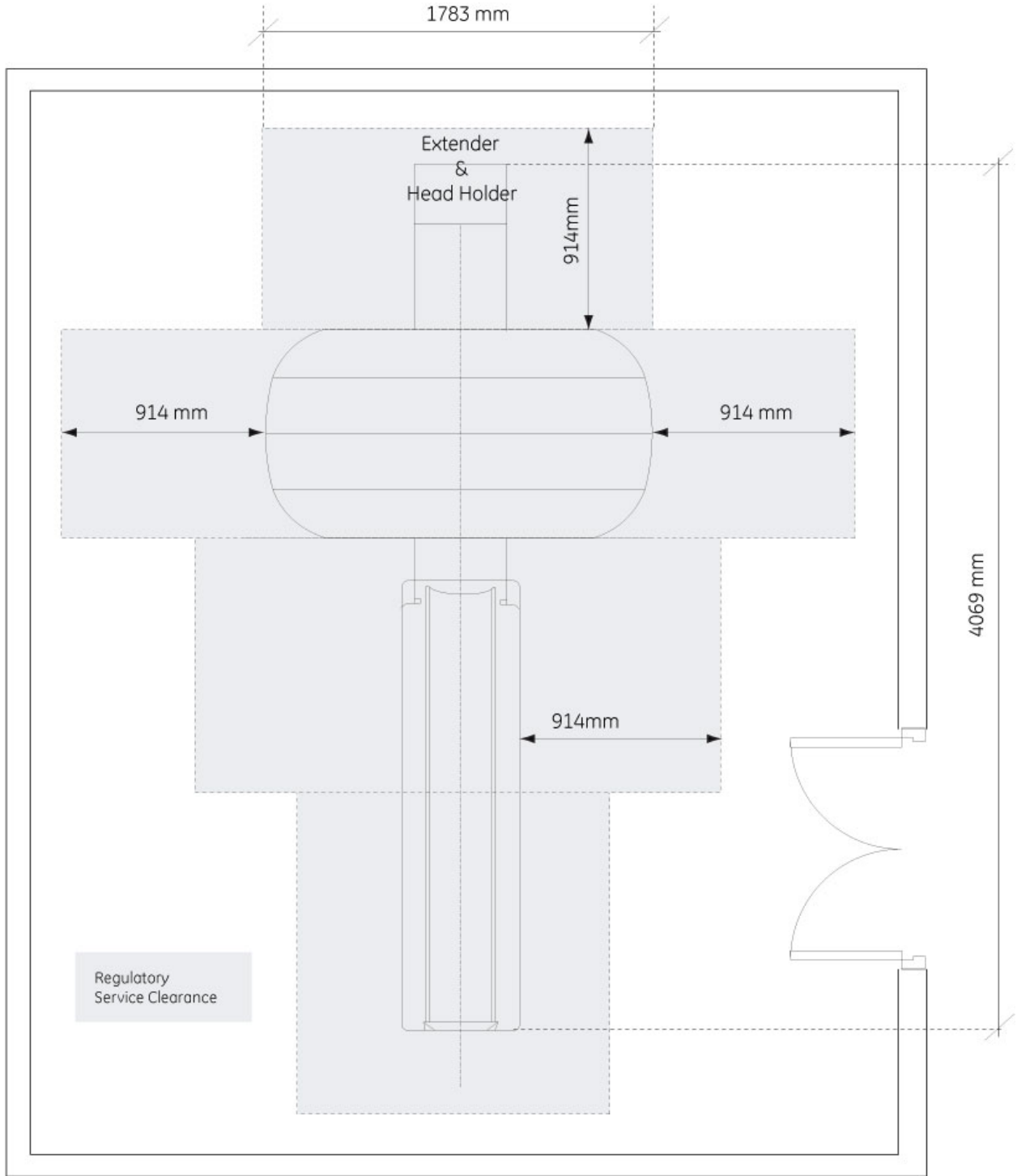
NOTICE

The maps and dimensions shown in this manual depict the required clearances for proper equipment operation and service only. The customer/ purchaser is responsible for federal, state, and local codes regarding facility egress and related facility requirements.

NOTICE

The use of alternate layouts puts severe limitations on space for patient care and work flow. Customer approval of site drawings signifies customer agreement to these limitations.

Figure A-2 U.S. Regulatory Clearance Requirements for Fixed Height Table



A.3 Minimum Regulatory Workspace Clearances by Major Subsystem

Note the following when referring to the tables below:

- These requirements apply to equipment operating at 600 V or less, where examination, adjustment, servicing, or maintenance is likely to be performed with live parts exposed.

- The customer **MUST** maintain the required regulatory clearance distances and may **NOT** use these area for storage. This applies during normal system operation as well as during service inspection and maintenance.
- Direction of Service Access refers to a direction perpendicular to the surface of the equipment serviced.

Table A-1 CONSOLE – Minimum Workspace Clearances

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (front and rear of console)	Not applicable. (no exposed live part hazards.)	
Service Access Width (front and back of work-space)		Refers to the width of the working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) or the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

NOTE

Distances are measured to the finished covers.

Table A-2 PDU – Minimum Workspace Clearances

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Front of PDU)	914 mm (36 in.)	1219 mm (48 in) if exposed live parts of 151-600 Volts are present on both sides of the work-space with the operator between. 1067 mm (42 in) if the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151-600 Volts are present.
Service Access Width (Front of Work-space)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of the working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) or the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

**NOTE**

For the Gantry and Table, distances are measured from the finished covers.

Table A-3 GANTRY – Minimum Workspace Clearances

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (All Sides)	914 mm (36 in.)	1219 mm (48 in), if exposed live parts of 151-600 V are present on both sides of the work-space with the operator between. 1067 mm (42 in), if the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151-600 V are present.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of the working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) of the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

Table A-4 TABLE – Minimum Workspace Clearances

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Table Head)	not applicable	
Direction of Service Access (Table Sides)	914 mm (36 in.)	Can be reduced to 711 mm (28 in) provided the local team obtains written and signed approval from the local AHJ (Authority Having Jurisdiction). GE must have the signed document on file.
Direction of Service Access (Table Foot)	711 mm (28 in.)	457 mm (18 in.) minimum for Front Gantry Cover removal, only if an unobstructed egress space of 711 mm (28 in.) exists around the equipment for room exit, and no trip hazards exist along the path of egress.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) minimum or the equipment height, whichever is greater.

Table A-5 UPS – Minimum Workspace Clearances

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Front of UPS)	914 mm (36 in.)	There are no exposed live part hazards with the cover in place. This component is typically serviced from the front with access to the rear. * If exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1219 mm (48 in.) is required on both sides of the workspace with the operator between. * If the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1067 mm (42 in.) is required.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in.) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.

Continues on the next page

Table A-5 UPS – Minimum Workspace Clearances (Table continued)

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) minimum or the equipment height, whichever is greater.

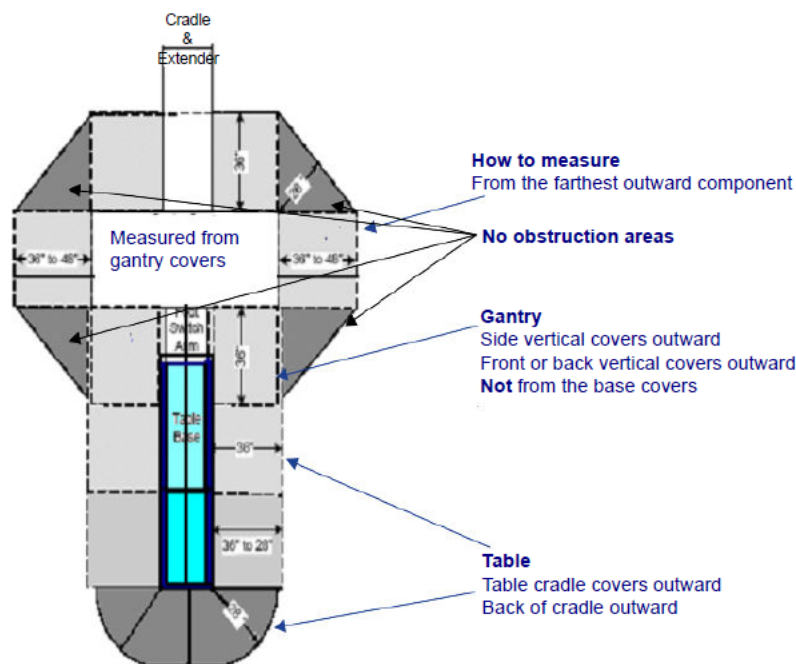
Table A-6 A1/MDP – Minimum Workspace Clearances

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Front of A1/MDP Disconnect)	914 mm (36 in.)	There are no exposed live part hazards with the cover in place. This component is typically serviced from the front with access to the rear. * If exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1219 mm (48 in.) is required on both sides of the workspace with the operator between. * If the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1067 mm (42 in.) is required.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in.) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) minimum or the equipment height, whichever is greater.

A.4 How to Measure

Figure below offers guidance on the proper way to measure to check minimum regulatory clearances.

Figure A-3 Measuring Minimum Regulatory Clearances



 **CAUTION****REGULATORY CAUTION**

All system installations, relocations, and moves, require site prints. The CT room layout shall match the layout shown on your site print and meet all regulatory requirements described in the installation manual. Additional room components, such as cabinets and sinks, reduce room size. Consequently, equipment not shown on the site print may void the caution statement, making the room NON-COMPLIANT. Actual site measurements obtained by the mechanical installer before installation determines room size and compliance.

 **CAUTION****OPERATIONAL CAUTION**

In the minimum room layout (356 mm to 686 mm [14 in. to 27 in.]) the customer should consider workflow, customer access for patient care, and critical-care operations space requirements. Additionally, this layout may offer only limited equipment access on the gantry left side when loading patients or when positioning patient equipment in the room between the gantry and the wall.

A.5 NEC Conduit and Duct Fill Rate

Full operation, service, and safety of the system requires the maintenance of sufficient regulatory and service clearances around equipment.

Cable length is an important consideration in room layout. The system ships with standard (short) length cables, with a set of longer cables available as an option. Refer to the electrical page of your GE site print for the specific requirements of your site. The following rules govern cable usage for the system:

- When possible, use the rear cable cover assembly to let cables enter the gantry from the rear.
- Do not cut or otherwise shorten long cables.
- Do not store excess cable length behind the operator console, gantry, or PDU.
- Store excess cable in wall or floor ducts, if desired, provided that sufficient space exists. Refer to NEC code to determine cable fill rates for conduits and ducts.
- All installed systems shall comply with NFPA 70-E Electrical Regulations governing conduit or duct fill.



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